

配置 AS5350/AS5400 用于向内的异步呼叫与 ISDN 呼叫

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在许多环境中，必需配置一个接入服务器从异步用户和ISDN用户上接收来电。这些用户可以无缝地连接到网络，就好象实际连接到网络一样。因此，此设置通常用于为出差和远程办公的用户以及小型办公室家庭办公室(SOHO)站点提供网络连接。

[先决条件](#)

[要求](#)

本文档没有任何特定的要求。

[使用的组件](#)

本文档中的信息基于以下软件和硬件版本：

- Cisco AS5400，带两个拨号功能卡(DFC)，提供216个NextPort调制解调器和8个T1卡。
- Cisco IOS®软件版本12.3 mainline。
- 一个活动T1 PRI。

- 本地身份验证、授权和记帐(AAA)。如果您有AAA Radius或Tacacs+服务器，则可以使用该服务器为传入呼叫提供AAA。

此配置仅用于基本模拟和ISDN拨号。因此，AS5350和AS5400上支持的任何Cisco IOS软件版本都足够。要运行其他功能，请参阅[软件顾问工具\(仅注册客户\)](#)，以选择适合您需求的Cisco IOS版本和功能集。

本文档中的信息都是基于特定实验室环境中的设备创建的。本文档中使用的所有设备最初均采用原始(默认)配置。如果您是在真实网络上操作，请确保您在使用任何命令前已经了解其潜在影响。

相关产品

此配置也可应用于AS5350或AS5400接入服务器。

注意： 此配置也可修改为与E1 PRI端口一起使用。

注意： 使用Telco提供的线路编码、成帧和其他物理特性配置E1控制器。D信道配置(E1的接口串行x:15)和这里显示的类似。

此配置与拨入访问的AS5200或AS5300配置非常相似。有关如何配置AS5200或AS5300的详细信息，请参阅[为传入异步和ISDN呼叫配置带PRI的接入服务器](#)。两者之间唯一的主要区别是dial-tdm-clock priority number t1_slot/port命令，该命令用于在AS5350或AS5400中分配T1时钟优先级。

规则

有关文档规则的详细信息，请参阅 [Cisco 技术提示规则](#)。

背景信息

本文包括如何配置AS5350或AS5400系列接入服务器，以接受ISDN T1 PRI电路上的流入异步呼叫和ISDN呼叫。该配置只包括网络接入服务器接受呼叫所需的最小值(NAS)。您可以根据需要向此配置添加功能。

配置

本部分提供有关如何配置本文档所述功能的信息。

注：要查找有关本文档中使用的命令的其他信息，请使用命令[查找工具\(仅注册客户\)](#)。

配置

本文档使用以下配置：

- 5400-NAS(5400)

5400-NAS(5400)

```
5400-NAS#show running-config
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 3209 bytes
```

```

!
version 12.3
no parser cache
no service single-slot-reload-enable
no service pad
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
service password-encryption
!
hostname 5400-NAS
!
no boot startup-test
logging rate-limit console 10 except errors
aaa new-model
aaa authentication login default local
aaa authentication ppp default local
aaa authorization network default local
!--- PPP authentication and network authorization are
local. !--- Replace local with radius or tacacs if you
use a AAA server.

enable secret 5 <deleted>
!
username admin password 7 <deleted>
username dude password 7 <deleted>
username cisco password 7 <deleted>
!--- Usernames for local authentication of the call.
The client presents !--- the username or password, and
the NAS authenticates the peer. ! resource-pool disable
dial-tdm-clock priority 1 7/1 !--- T1 port 7/1 is the
primary clock source. !--- This is indicated by priority
1 in the dial-tdm-clock command. !--- Note: On the
AS5200/AS5300 you can set the primary clock source with
!--- the clock source line primary command.

calltracker enable
calltracker history max-size 30
calltracker call-record verbose
!--- Calltracker is used for enhanced active call
monitoring. !--- For more information, see Call Tracker
plus ISDN and AAA Enhancements. spe call-record modem !-
-- Enable modem call records for NextPort Universal
Ports. !--- This is equivalent to modem call-record
terse used on MICA modem platforms.

!
voice-fastpath enable
ds0 busyout-threshold 12
ip subnet-zero
no ip source-route
no ip finger
ip domain-name cisco.com
!--- his instructs the NAS how to qualify DNS lookups.
!--- In this example, cisco.com is appended to the end
of each name looked up. ip name-server 172.22.70.10 !---
Specifies the primary name server. ip name-server
172.22.10.70 !--- Specifies the secondary name server. !
isdn switch-type primary-ni !--- Switch-type for this
NAS. Obtain this information from the Telco. ! mta
receive maximum-recipients 0 ! controller T1 7/0 !---
This T1 is unused. shutdown ! controller T1 7/1 !--- T1
PRI physical controller configuration. framing esf !---
Framing for this T1 is Extended Super Frame (ESF). !---
Obtain this information from the telco. linecode b8zs !-

```

```

-- Line coding for this T1. Obtain this information from
the telco. pri-group timeslots 1-24 !--- For T1 PRI
scenarios, all 24 T1 timeslots are assigned as ISDN PRI
channels. !--- The router now automatically creates the
corresponding D-channel: !--- interface Serial 1:23

!
!--- The configuration for unused T1 controllers is
omitted to save space. !--- Unused T1s can be shutdown
as with controller t1 7/0.

!
interface Loopback0
!--- The IP pool for dialin async and ISDN users is in
this subnet. !--- This way, the routes for all clients
are summarized and !--- propagated to the backbone
instead of 254 routes. ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
no ip mroute-cache ! interface FastEthernet0/0 ip
address 172.22.186.55 255.255.255.240 no ip mroute-cache
duplex auto speed 10 ! interface FastEthernet0/1 ip
address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 no ip mroute-cache
duplex auto speed auto ! !--- Unused interface
configuration is omitted. ! interface Serial7/1:23 !---
D-channel configuration for T1 7/1. no ip address
encapsulation ppp !--- PPP encapsulation on this
interface. dialer rotary-group 1 !--- T1 0 is a member
of rotary group 1. !--- The rotary group configuration
is in interface Dialer 1. isdn switch-type primary-ni
isdn incoming-voice modem !--- All incoming voice calls
on this T1 are sent to the modems. !--- This command is
required if this T1 is to accept async calls. no fair-
queue no cdp enable ! interface Group-Async0 !--- This
group-async interface is the configuration template for
all modems. !--- Individual async interfaces do not have
to be configured since they can !--- be cloned from one
managed copy. ip unnumbered Loopback0 !--- A Loopback
interface is always up/up. For stability, you can
unnumber to it. encapsulation ppp no ip mroute-cache
async mode interactive !--- Users can dial in and get to
a shell(Exec) or PPP session on that line. !--- This
command can be used in conjunction with autoselect ppp
!--- under the line configuration to auto detect the
connection type. !--- Use this command only if the async
interface is to answer different !--- connection
types(exec,PPP,slip etc). !--- If all users connect with
PPP use the async mode dedicated command instead. peer
default ip address pool pool_dialup !--- Clients are
assigned addresses from the IP address pool named
pool_dialup.

ppp authentication chap pap callin
group-range 1/00 2/107
!--- Modems 1/00 through 2/107 are members of this group
async interface. ! interface Dialer1 !--- Configuration
for rotary group 1. !--- The Dialer interface number (1)
must exactly match the rotary group number !---
configured on the physical interfaces (interface Serial
7/1:23). ip unnumbered Loopback0 !--- A Loopback
interface is always up/up. For stability, unnumber to
it. encapsulation ppp no ip mroute-cache dialer in-band
!--- Enable this dialer interface to be a DDR interface.
!--- This is required if you want to enforce the idle-
timeout. dialer idle-timeout 300 !--- Idle timeout for
incoming calls is 300 seconds (5 minutes). !--- Users

```

```
who are idle for more than 300 seconds are dropped. !---
If dialer in-band is used and a dialer idle-timeout is
not defined, !--- the default idle-timeout of 120
seconds (2 minutes) is applied.

dialer-group 1
!--- Apply interesting traffic definition from dialer-
list 1. !--- Note: The specified dialer-group number
must be the same as the !--- dialer-list number; in this
example, defined as "1". !--- See the Define Interesting
Traffic and Idle Timeout for details. peer default ip
address pool pool_dialup !--- Clients are assigned
addresses from the IP address pool named pool_dialup.

no fair-queue
no cdp enable
ppp authentication chap pap callin
ppp multilink
!
ip local pool pool_dialup 10.1.1.2 10.1.1.254
!--- IP address pools for dialin clients. ip classless
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 172.22.186.49 no ip http server
! dialer-list 1 protocol ip permit !--- Interesting
traffic is defined by dialer-list 1. !--- This is
applied to interface Dialer 1 through dialer-group 1. !-
-- Note: The specified dialer-list number must be the
same as !--- the dialer-group number. In this example,
it is defined as "1". !--- Interesting traffic is used
to define what packets will reset the idle timer.

!
voice-port 7/1:D
!
line con 0
  exec-timeout 0 0
  transport input none
line aux 0
line vty 0 4
  password 7 <deleted>
line 1/00 2/107
  !--- Line configuration for modems 1/00 through 2/107.
  !--- This is the same modem range configured with the
  group-range command !--- in interface Group-Async0.

no flush-at-activation
!--- Prevents the router from flushing the first few
packets on a connection. !--- This command is used to
prevent PPP timeout issues, and can be used to !---
avoid PPP startup issues. !--- This is not required
unless you encounter modem PPP call failures. autoselect
during-login !--- Displays the username:password prompt
after modems connect (during exec login). !--- This
command is not necessary if you use async mode
dedicated under the !--- group-async interface.
autoselect ppp !--- Automatically launches PPP if the
router detects incoming PPP packets. !--- Without this
command, the dialin client will need to manually !---
launch PPP (from Exec mode). This command is not
necessary if you use !--- async mode dedicated under
the group-async interface. modem InOut !--- Support
incoming and outgoing modem calls. transport input all !
scheduler allocate 10000 400 end
```

定义相关流量和空闲超时

NAS只处理来电，不进行出站呼叫，但我们仍定义相关流量。对于异步用户和ISDN用户，相关流量定义有不同的用途。

对于ISDN用户（与接口拨号器1对应）：

拨号程序接口上需要dialer-group和dialer-list命令，不管您是否想要强制执行空闲超时。拨号器接口上需要dialer-group和dialer-list命令，以避免封装失败。此要求仅适用于ISDN用户，而不适用于异步用户和组异步接口。

要实施空闲超时，请添加dialer in-band和dialer idle-timeout命令。如果配置了拨号器带内，但未配置拨号器空闲超时，则ISDN用户的空闲超时默认为两分钟。

如果希望您的ISDN用户在选择断开连接之前能够保持连接，请使用dialer idle-timeout 0。Cisco IOS软件版本12.1(3)T中引入了dialer idle-timeout的“零”选项。它设置无穷大超时。

对于异步用户（与接口组 — 异步0对应）：

要为异步用户强制执行空闲超时，请在异步组接口中配置下列命令：**dialer in-band**、**dialer idle-timeout**和**dialer-group**。还需要对应的拨号程序列表。**dialer-group**和**dialer-list**命令指定group-async-interface上的相关流量。

对于异步用户，相关流量仅用于重置空闲超时。如果未定义相关流量，则在拨号器空闲超时（默认为120秒）到期后，用户将断开连接，而不管他们是否在链路上传递流量。使用相关流量定义，NAS可识别这些数据包并重置空闲超时。这样，NAS仅在存在真正空闲的链路时断开用户连接。

您可以修改触发数据流，例如，只有HTTP (Web)数据流是触发数据流。在这种情况下，如果用户浏览Web的时间不超过300秒(或对于指定的拨号器空闲超时)，则用户将断开连接。根据用户的流量模式配置相关流量。

如果希望您的异步用户在选择断开连接之前能够保持连接，请从group-async-interface删除以下命令：**dialer in-band**、**dialer idle-timeout**和**dialer-group**，如配置所示。您还可以借助**dialer idle-timeout 0**将空闲超时设置为无穷大。Cisco IOS软件版本12.1(3)T中引入了**dialer idle-timeout**的“零”选项，该选项将超时设置为无穷大。

验证

本部分所提供的信息可用于确认您的配置是否正常工作。

命令输出解释程序工具（仅限注册用户）支持某些 show 命令，使用此工具可以查看对 show 命令输出的分析。

- **show isdn status** — 确保路由器与ISDN交换机正确通信。在输出中，验证第1层状态是否为活跃状态，是否第2层状态=MULTIPLE_FRAME_ESTABLISHED出现。此指令也显示活动的呼叫的数量。
- **show ppp multilink** — 显示关于处于活动状态的多链路捆绑的信息。使用此指令验证多链路连接。
- **show dialer [interface type number]** — 显示为DDR配置的接口的常规诊断信息。如果拨号器正常启动，则必“启动”消息。如果层为up，则表示线路协议已启用，但网络控制协议(NCP)未启用

。启动拨号的数据包的源地址和目标地址显示在 Dial reason line 此show命令还显示计时器的配置以及连接超时之前的持续时间。

- **show caller user username detail** — 显示特定用户的参数，如分配的IP地址、PPP和PPP捆绑参数等。如果您的Cisco IOS版本软件不支持此指令，请使用show users命令。
- **show dialer map** - 显示已配置的动态和静态 dialer map。此指令可以被用于发现动态拨号映射是否被创建了。没有dialer map，您不能路由数据包。

以下是成功调用的一些show命令输出。请注意粗体部分和输出示例中提供的注释。将您获得的输出与此处显示的结果进行比较。

```
5400-NAS#show caller
```

```
Line          User          Service      Active      Idle
con 0         -             TTY          00:55:45   00:00:00
tty 232       cisco        Async        00:00:33   00:00:03
As1/16       cisco        PPP          00:00:29   00:00:03
!--- User cisco (the dialin client) uses interface Async 1/16. 5400-NAS#show caller ip
Line          User          IP Address   Local Number Remote Number <->
As1/16       cisco        10.1.1.3    4085556170  -             in
```

```
5400-NAS#show caller user cisco
```

```
User: cisco, line tty 232, service Async
!--- Shows hardware level settings for user cisco. Active time 00:01:14, Idle time 00:00:43
Timeouts: Absolute Idle Idle Session Exec Limits: - - 00:10:00 Disconnect in: - - - TTY: Line
1/16, running PPP on As1/16
!--- The call is terminated on interface Async 1/16. !--- This interface is included in the
group-async configuration. Location: PPP: 10.1.1.3
!--- IP address for the peer. !--- This address was obtained from the IP pool pool_dialup.

DS0: (slot/unit/channel)=7/1/0
!--- T1 channel on which the call arrived. The call arrived on channel 0 in T1 1. Line: Baud
rate (TX/RX) is 115200/115200, no parity, 1 stopbits, 8 databits Status: Ready, Active, No Exit
Banner, Async Interface Active Capabilities: No Flush-at-Activation, Hardware Flowcontrol In
Hardware Flowcontrol Out, Modem Callout, Modem RI is CD Line usable as async interface,
Integrated Modem Modem State: Ready User: cisco, line As1/16, service PPP
!--- PPP setting for user cisco. Note that the call was terminated on int As1/16. Active time
00:01:10, Idle time 00:00:44 Timeouts: Absolute Idle Limits: - - Disconnect in: - - PPP: LCP
Open, CHAP (<- AAA), IPCP
!--- LCP and IPCP states are OPEN. If LCP and IPCP states are not OPEN, !--- use the debug ppp
negotiation command to isolate LCP issues.

IP: Local 10.1.1.1, remote 10.1.1.3
!--- NAS IP address as well as the IP address assigned to the peer. Counts: 12 packets input,
654 bytes, 0 no buffer
    0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun
    14 packets output, 694 bytes, 0 underruns
    0 output errors, 0 collisions, 0 interface resets
!--- Packets are passing through the connection. 5400-NAS#show ip route connected
172.22.0.0/28 is subnetted, 1 subnets
C    172.22.186.48 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks
C    10.1.1.3/32 is directly connected, Async1/16
!--- Directly connected route to the client. !--- Note that the next hop is int Async 1/16,
which is the async interface !--- assigned to the client C 10.1.1.0/24 is directly connected,
Loopback0
```

故障排除

本部分提供的信息可用于对配置进行故障排除。

故障排除命令

[命令输出解释程序工具 \(仅限注册用户 \) 支持某些 show 命令](#)，使用此工具可以查看对 show 命令输出的分析。

注意：在发出debug命令之前，请[参阅有关Debug命令的重要信息](#)。

- **debug dialer** — 显示有关拨号器接口上接收的数据包的DDR调试信息。此信息有助于保证具有可以使用拨号程序接口的触发数据流。
- **debug isdn q931** — 显示ISDN网络连接 (第3层) 的呼叫建立和断开。
- **debug modem** - 显示接入服务器上的调制解调器线路活动情况。输出指示调制解调器线路何时更改状态。
- **debug csm modem** — 用于排除带有内部数字调制解调器的路由器上的呼叫交换模块(CSM)问题。使用该指令，您能跟踪呼入和呼出的呼叫交换排序的完成情况。**注意：**这相当于AS5200/AS5300上的debug modem csm。此调试在Cisco IOS软件版本12.0(4)XL中引入。
- **debug ppp negotiation** — 显示链路控制协议(LCP)、身份验证和网络控制协议(NCP)协商期间PPP流量和交换的信息。成功的PPP协商将首先开放LCP状态，然后进行验证，最后进行NCP协商。在 LCP 协商期间建立多链路参数，如最大接收重建单元 (MRRU)。
- **debug ppp authentication** - 显示 PPP 身份验证协议消息，包括质询握手身份验证协议 (CHAP) 数据包交换和口令身份验证协议 (PAP) 交换。
- **debug ppp error** - 显示与 PPP 连接协商和操作关联的协议错误和错误统计数据。

调试输出示例

下面是成功呼叫的一些调试输出。请注意粗体部分和输出示例中提供的注释。将您获得的输出与此处显示的结果进行比较。

对于模拟呼叫：

```
5400-NAS#debug isdn q931
ISDN Q931 packets debugging is on
5400-NAS#debug modem
Modem control/process activation debugging is on
5400-NAS#debug csm modem
Modem Management Call Switching Module debugging is on
5400-NAS#debug ppp negotiation
PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on
5400-NAS#debug ppp authentication
PPP authentication debugging is on
5400-NAS#debug ip peer
IP peer address activity debugging is on
5400-NAS#debug aaa authentication
AAA Authentication debugging is on
5400-NAS#debug aaa authorization
AAA Authorization debugging is on
5400-NAS#
5400-NAS#show debug
General OS:
  Modem control/process activation debugging is on
  AAA Authentication debugging is on
  AAA Authorization debugging is on
CSM Modem:
  Modem Management Call Switching Module debugging is on
Generic IP:
```


IP peer address activity debugging is on
PPP:

PPP authentication debugging is on
PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on

ISDN:

ISDN Q931 packets debugging is on
ISDN Q931 packets debug DSLs. (On/Off/No DSL:1/0/-)
DSL 0 --> 31
- 1 - - - - -

5400-NAS#

5400-NAS#

*Jan 1 00:58:26.179: ISDN Se7/1:23: **RX** <- **SETUP** pd = 8 callref = 0x0006
!--- Incoming Q.931 SETUP message. Indicates an incoming call. !--- For more information on Q.931 refer to the document !--- [Troubleshooting ISDN Layer 3 using debug isdn q931](#). *Jan 1 00:58:26.179: Bearer Capability i = 0x8090A2 *Jan 1 00:58:26.179: Channel ID i = 0xA98381 *Jan 1 00:58:26.179: Calling Party Number i = 0x80, Plan:Unknown, Type:Unknown *Jan 1 00:58:26.179: Called Party Number i = 0xA1, '4085556170', Plan:ISDN, Type:National *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, ds1=1, t3=0, slot=7, ds0=117444608 *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, ds1=1, t3=0, slot=7, ds0=117444608 *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: **VDEV_ALLOCATE: 1/16 is allocated**
!--- The Call Switch Module (CSM) is informed of the call. !--- The CSM allocates modem 1/16 to the incoming call. *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, ds1=1, t3=0, slot=7, ds0=117444608 *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: EVENT_FROM_ISDN::dchan_idb=0x63B915AC, call_id=0x6, ces=0x1 bchan=0x0, event=0x1, cause=0x0 *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: dev in call to isdn : set dnis_collected & fap_notify *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: EVENT_FROM_ISDN:(0006): DEV_INCALL at slot 1 and port 16 *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: EVENT_FROM_ISDN: decode:calling Oct3 0x80, called oct3 0xA1, oct3a 0x0,mask 0x25 *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: EVENT_FROM_ISDN: csm_call_info:calling Oct3 0x80, called oct3 0xA1, oct3a 0x0,mask 0x25 *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: CSM_PROC_IDLE: CSM_EVENT_ISDN_CALL at slot 1, port 16 *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: CSM DSPLIB(1/16): np_dsplib_prepare_modem *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: csm_connect_pri_vdev: TS allocated at bp_stream 0, bp_Ch 3, vdev_common 0x627DDCC8 *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: ISDN Se7/1:23: **TX** -> **CALL PROC** pd = 8 callref = 0x8006
*Jan 1 00:58:26.183: Channel ID i = 0xA98381
!--- Transmits CALL PROCEEDING. This means that the NAS is processing the call. *Jan 1 00:58:26.183: ISDN Se7/1:23: **TX** -> **ALERTING** pd = 8 callref = 0x8006
!--- Transmits ALERTING. The modem now goes offhook and accepts the call. *Jan 1 00:58:26.191: CSM DSPLIB(1/16):DSPLIB_MODEM_INIT: Modem session transition to IDLE *Jan 1 00:58:26.191: CSM DSPLIB(1/16): **Modem went offhook**
!--- Modem informs the CSM that it went offhook. *Jan 1 00:58:26.191: CSM_PROC_IC2_RING: CSM_EVENT_MODEM_OFFHOOK at slot 1, port 16 *Jan 1 00:58:26.191: ISDN Se7/1:23: **TX** -> **CONNECT** pd = 8 callref = 0x8006
!--- D-channel transmits a CONNECT. *Jan 1 00:58:26.203: ISDN Se7/1:23: **RX** <- **CONNECT_ACK** pd = 8 callref = 0x0006
!--- Received the Q.931 CONNECT_ACK. *Jan 1 00:58:26.203: ISDN Se7/1:23: CALL_PROGRESS: CALL_CONNECTED call id 0x6, bchan 0, ds1 1 *Jan 1 00:58:26.203: EVENT_FROM_ISDN::dchan_idb=0x63B915AC, call_id=0x6, ces=0x1 bchan=0x0, event=0x4, cause=0x0 *Jan 1 00:58:26.203: EVENT_FROM_ISDN:(0006): DEV_CONNECTED at slot 1 and port 16 *Jan 1 00:58:26.203: CSM_PROC_IC6_WAIT_FOR_CONNECT: CSM_EVENT_ISDN_CONNECTED at slot 1, port 16 *Jan 1 00:58:26.203: CSM DSPLIB(1/16): np_dsplib_call_accept *Jan 1 00:58:26.203: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: **Interface Serial7/1:0 is now connected to N/A N/A**
!--- Call is connected at the ISDN layer. *Jan 1 00:58:26.207: CSM DSPLIB(1/16):DSPLIB_MODEM_WAIT_ACTIVE: Modem session transition to ACTIVE *Jan 1 00:58:26.207: CSM DSPLIB(1/16): Modem state changed to (CONNECT_STATE) *Jan 1 00:58:32.379: CSM DSPLIB(1/16): Modem state changed to (LINK_STATE) *Jan 1 00:58:35.655: CSM DSPLIB(1/16): Modem state changed to (TRAINUP_STATE) *Jan 1 00:58:43.775: CSM DSPLIB(1/16): Modem state changed to (EC_NEGOTIATING_STATE) *Jan 1 00:58:44.107: CSM DSPLIB(1/16): **Modem state changed to (STEADY_STATE)**
!--- Modem transitions to Steady State. *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: **TTY1/16: DSR came up**
!--- Indicates that the modem trainup is complete. *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: tty1/16: Modem: IDLE->(unknown) *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: TTY1/16: EXEC creation *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: AAA: parse name=tty1/16 idb type=10 tty=232 *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: AAA: name=tty1/16 flags=0x11 type=4 shelf=0 slot=0 adapter=0 port=232 channel=0 *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: AAA: parse name=Serial7/1:0 idb type=12 tty=-1 *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: AAA: name=Serial7/1:0 flags=0x55 type=1 shelf=0 slot=7 adapter=0 port=1 channel=0 *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, ds1=1, t3=0, slot=7,

```
ds0=117444608 *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: AAA/MEMORY: create_user (0x63CBD608) user='NULL' ruser='NULL'
port='tty1/16' rem_addr='async/4085556170' authen_type=ASCII service=LOGIN priv=1 *Jan 1
00:58:44.975: AAA/AUTHEN/START (1231800673): port='tty1/16' list='' action=LOGIN service=LOGIN
*Jan 1 00:58:44.975: AAA/AUTHEN/START (1231800673): using "default" list *Jan 1 00:58:44.975:
AAA/AUTHEN/START (1231800673): Method=LOCAL *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: AAA/AUTHEN (1231800673): status
= GETUSER *Jan 1 00:58:44.975: TTY1/16: set timer type 10, 30 seconds *Jan 1 00:58:46.215:
TTY1/16: Autoselect(2) sample 7E
!--- Beginning of a PPP Frame. *Jan 1 00:58:46.215: TTY1/16: Autoselect(2) sample 7EFF *Jan 1
00:58:46.215: TTY1/16: Autoselect(2) sample 7EFF7D *Jan 1 00:58:46.215: TTY1/16: Autoselect(2)
sample 7EFF7D23 *Jan 1 00:58:46.215: TTY1/16 Autoselect cmd: ppp negotiate !--- The NAS detects
PPP frames (indicated by 7EFF7D23) and !--- automatically launches PPP. The command autoselect
ppp under the !--- line configuration and async mode interactive under the group-async !---
allowed the NAS to detect PPP frames and switch to PPP mode. !--- If the NAS does not detect PPP
frames then the call will remain in exec mode.

*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: AAA/AUTHEN/ABORT: (1231800673) because Autoselected.
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: AAA/AUTHEN/ABORT: (1231800673) because Autoselected.
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: AAA/MEMORY: free_user (0x63CBD608) user='NULL' ruser='NULL'
port='tty1/16' rem_addr='async/4085556170' authen_type=ASCII service=LOGIN priv=1
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: TTY1/16: EXEC creation
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: TTY1/16: create timer type 1, 600 seconds
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16: ip_get_pool using pool pool_dialup
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16: Pools to search : pool_dialup
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16: Pool pool_dialup returned address = 10.1.1.3
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: TTY1/16: destroy timer type 1
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: TTY1/16: no timer type 0 to destroy
*Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16 LCP: I CONFREQ [Closed] id 3 len 20
!--- Incoming LCP CONFREQ. !--- For more information on interpreting PPP debugs refer to the
document !--- Dialup Technology: Troubleshooting Techniques. *Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16 LCP:
ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) *Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16 LCP: MagicNumber 0x552722A5
(0x0506552722A5) *Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16 LCP: PFC (0x0702) *Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16 LCP:
ACFC (0x0802) *Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16 LCP: Lower layer not up, Fast Starting *Jan 1
00:58:46.215: As1/16 PPP: Treating connection as a dedicated line *Jan 1 00:58:46.215: As1/16
PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Active Open [0 sess, 0 load] *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: As1/16
AAA/AUTHOR/FSM: (0): LCP succeeds trivially *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP: O CONFREQ [Closed]
id 1 len 25 *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) *Jan 1
00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP:
MagicNumber 0x30CCCD68 (0x050630CCCD68) *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP: PFC (0x0702) *Jan 1
00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, ds1=1,
t3=0, slot=7, ds0=117444608 *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 3 len 20
*Jan 1 00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: As1/16
LCP: MagicNumber 0x552722A5 (0x0506552722A5) *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP: PFC (0x0702) *Jan
1 00:58:46.219: As1/16 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) *Jan 1 00:58:46.219: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface
Asyncl/16, changed state to up *Jan 1 00:58:48.215: As1/16 LCP: I CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 4 len 20
*Jan 1 00:58:48.215: As1/16 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) *Jan 1 00:58:48.215: As1/16
LCP: MagicNumber 0x552722A5 (0x0506552722A5) *Jan 1 00:58:48.215: As1/16 LCP: PFC (0x0702) *Jan
1 00:58:48.215: As1/16 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) *Jan 1 00:58:48.215: As1/16 LCP: O CONFACK [ACKsent]
id 4 len 20 *Jan 1 00:58:48.215: As1/16 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) *Jan 1
00:58:48.215: As1/16 LCP: MagicNumber 0x552722A5 (0x0506552722A5) *Jan 1 00:58:48.215: As1/16
LCP: PFC (0x0702) *Jan 1 00:58:48.215: As1/16 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) *Jan 1 00:58:48.219: As1/16
LCP: TIMEOUT: State ACKsent *Jan 1 00:58:48.219: As1/16 LCP: O CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 2 len 25
*Jan 1 00:58:48.219: As1/16 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) *Jan 1 00:58:48.219: As1/16
LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) *Jan 1 00:58:48.219: As1/16 LCP: MagicNumber 0x30CCCD68
(0x050630CCCD68) *Jan 1 00:58:48.219: As1/16 LCP: PFC (0x0702) *Jan 1 00:58:48.219: As1/16 LCP:
ACFC (0x0802) *Jan 1 00:58:48.367: As1/16 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 2 len 25 *Jan 1
00:58:48.367: As1/16 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) *Jan 1 00:58:48.367: As1/16 LCP:
AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) *Jan 1 00:58:48.367: As1/16 LCP: MagicNumber 0x30CCCD68
(0x050630CCCD68) *Jan 1 00:58:48.367: As1/16 LCP: PFC (0x0702) *Jan 1 00:58:48.367: As1/16 LCP:
ACFC (0x0802) *Jan 1 00:58:48.367: As1/16 LCP: State is Open
!--- LCP negotiation is complete. *Jan 1 00:58:48.367: As1/16 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by
this end [0 sess, 0 load] *Jan 1 00:58:48.367: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, ds1=1, t3=0, slot=7,
ds0=117444608 *Jan 1 00:58:48.367: As1/16 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 1 len 29 from "5400-NAS" *Jan 1
00:58:48.495: As1/16 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 1 len 26 from "cisco"
!--- Incoming CHAP response. *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: AAA: parse name=Asyncl/16 idb type=10 tty=232
```

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*Jan 1 00:58:48.495: AAA: name=Async1/16 flags=0x11 type=4 shelf=0 slot=0 adapter=0 port=232
channel=0 *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: AAA: parse name=Serial7/1:0 idb type=12 tty=-1 *Jan 1
00:58:48.495: AAA: name=Serial7/1:0 flags=0x55 type=1 shelf=0 slot=7 adapter=0 port=1 channel=0
*Jan 1 00:58:48.495: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, dsl=1, t3=0, slot=7, ds0=117444608 *Jan 1
00:58:48.495: AAA/MEMORY: create_user (0x63CBD608) user='cisco' ruser='NULL' port='Async1/16'
rem_addr='async/4085556170' authen_type=CHAP service=PPP priv=1 *Jan 1 00:58:48.495:
AAA/AUTHEN/START (2776021080): port='Async1/16' list='' action=LOGIN service=PPP *Jan 1
00:58:48.495: AAA/AUTHEN/START (2776021080): using "default" list *Jan 1 00:58:48.495:
AAA/AUTHEN/START (2776021080): Method=LOCAL *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: AAA/AUTHEN (2776021080): status
= PASS *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/LCP: Authorize LCP *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16
AAA/AUTHOR/LCP (3070946770): Port='Async1/16' list='' service=NET *Jan 1 00:58:48.495:
AAA/AUTHOR/LCP: As1/16 (3070946770) user='cisco' *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/LCP
(3070946770): send AV service=ppp *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/LCP (3070946770): send
AV protocol=lcp *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/LCP (3070946770): found list "default"
*Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/LCP (3070946770): Method=LOCAL *Jan 1 00:58:48.495:
As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR (3070946770): Post authorization status = PASS_REPL *Jan 1 00:58:48.495:
As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/LCP: Processing AV service=ppp *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/LCP:
Processing AV protocol=lcp *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 CHAP: O SUCCESS id 1 len 4
!--- Authentication is successful. *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 0 load]
*Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/FSM: (0): Can we start IPCP? *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16
AAA/AUTHOR/FSM (3087015830): Port='Async1/16' list='' service=NET *Jan 1 00:58:48.495:
AAA/AUTHOR/FSM: As1/16 (3087015830) user='cisco' *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/FSM
(3087015830): send AV service=ppp *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/FSM (3087015830): send
AV protocol=ip *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/FSM (3087015830): found list "default"
*Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/FSM (3087015830): Method=LOCAL *Jan 1 00:58:48.495:
As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR (3087015830): Post authorization status = PASS_REPL *Jan 1 00:58:48.495:
As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/FSM: We can start IPCP *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id
1 len 10
!--- IPCP negotiation begins. *Jan 1 00:58:48.495: As1/16 IPCP: Address 10.1.1.1
(0x03060A010101) *Jan 1 00:58:48.619: As1/16 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 3 len 10 *Jan 1
00:58:48.619: As1/16 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x030600000000) *Jan 1 00:58:48.619: As1/16
AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 0.0.0.0,
we want 10.1.1.3
!--- Address obtained from the Address Pool named pool_dialup.

*Jan 1 00:58:48.619: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Processing AV service=ppp
*Jan 1 00:58:48.619: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Processing AV protocol=ip
*Jan 1 00:58:48.619: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Authorization succeeded
*Jan 1 00:58:48.619: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done. Her address 0.0.0.0,
we want 10.1.1.3
*Jan 1 00:58:48.619: As1/16 IPCP: O CONFNAK [REQsent] id 3 len 10
*Jan 1 00:58:48.619: As1/16 IPCP: Address 10.1.1.3 (0x03060A010103)
*Jan 1 00:58:48.623: As1/16 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10
*Jan 1 00:58:48.623: As1/16 IPCP: Address 10.1.1.1 (0x03060A010101)
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 10
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 IPCP: Address 10.1.1.3 (0x03060A010103)
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Start. Her address 10.1.1.3,
we want 10.1.1.3
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP (3141581943): Port='Async1/16'
list='' service=NET
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: As1/16 (3141581943) user='cisco'
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP (3141581943): send AV service=ppp
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP (3141581943): send AV protocol=ip
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP (3141581943): send AV addr*10.1.1.3
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP (3141581943): found list "default"
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP (3141581943): Method=LOCAL
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR (3141581943):
Post authorization status = PASS_REPL
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Reject 10.1.1.3, using 10.1.1.3
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Processing AV service=ppp
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Processing AV protocol=ip
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Processing AV addr*10.1.1.3
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Authorization succeeded
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 AAA/AUTHOR/IPCP: Done.
```

Her address 10.1.1.3, we want 10.1.1.3

```
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 IPCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 10
```

```
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 IPCP: Address 10.1.1.3 (0x03060A010103)
```

```
*Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 IPCP: State is Open
```

```
!--- IPCP negotiation is complete. The user is now connected. *Jan 1 00:58:48.731: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, ds1=1, t3=0, slot=7, ds0=117444608 *Jan 1 00:58:48.731: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, ds1=1, t3=0, slot=7, ds0=117444608 *Jan 1 00:58:48.731: AAA/ACCT/DS0: channel=0, ds1=1, t3=0, slot=7, ds0=117444608 *Jan 1 00:58:48.731: As1/16 IPCP: Install route to 10.1.1.3 !--- A route to the client is installed in the routing table. !--- You can verify this with the show ip route command.
```

```
*Jan 1 00:58:49.495: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN:
```

```
Line protocol on Interface Async1/16, changed state to up
```

```
!--- Interface Async 1/16 is up.
```

[故障排除资源](#)

根据需要，可使用以下故障排除资源：

- [传入调制解调器呼叫故障排除](#) — 用于模拟呼叫故障排除
- [PRI异步调制解调器呼叫](#) — 有关模拟呼叫故障故障排除的其他信息
- [传入ISDN呼叫故障排除](#) — 用于ISDN呼叫故障排除
- [PRI ISDN呼叫](#) — 有关排除ISDN呼叫故障的其他信息
- [T1故障排除流程图](#) — 如果怀疑T1电路有故障，请使用此流程图。
- [T1/56K线路的环回测试](#) — 检验路由器上的T1端口是否正常运行。

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