

# **Overview of Cisco Optical Network Controller**

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## **Overview of Cisco Optical Network Controller**

Cisco Optical Network Controller (Cisco ONC) is an SDN Domain Controller for Cisco optical networks. Cisco Optical Network Controller behaves as a Provisioning Network Controller (PNC) and performs the following functions.

- Collects information about the inventory and topology of the managed network.
- Monitors the physical or virtual topology of the network.
- Notifies of changes in topology and service changes.
- Supports optical path creation and deletion.

Cisco Optical Network Controller collects relevant data needed for optical applications. This data is also used to provide abstract network information to higher layer controllers, thus enabling a centralized control of optical network.

Some of the functions supported by Cisco Optical Network Controller are given below.

Optical Domain Controller

Cisco Optical Network Controller behaves as a domain controller for Cisco optical products. The domain controller feeds data into hierarchical controllers. Optical Network Controller has a North Bound Interface (NBI) based on the TAPI standard which enables it to connect to any hierarchical controller which has a TAPI compliant South Bound Interface (SBI) and provide its functions to the controller.

• Path Compute Engine (PCE)

PCE service provides optical path computation to ensure optically valid paths are provisioned within the supplied constraints. PCE uses the latest network status.

· Model Based Network Abstraction

Cisco Optical Network Controller supports a standardized TAPI model which enables it to abstract the device level details from the hierarchical controller.



Note

- For more details on Cisco Optical Site Manager (COSM), see COSM Configuration Guide.
  - For more details on Cisco Optical Network Planner (CONP), see CONP Configuration Guide.
  - For further details about Cisco Optical Network Controller, see the data sheet .
  - TAPI is disabled by default and it must be enabled before onboarding of devices.
  - You must not enable TAPI after device on-boarding in Cisco Optical Network Controller. It must be enabled only before onboarding any of the devices.
  - · You must enable TAPI after de-boarding all the devices.

# Log into Cisco Optical Network Controller

### Before you begin

Use the following steps to log into Cisco Optical Network Controller:

- Step 1In the browser URL field, enter https://<virtual-ip>:8443/Login page is displayed.
- **Step 2** Enter the username and password.
- Step 3 Click Login.

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Figure 1: Log into Cisco Optical Network Controlle
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cisco	
Username	
Password	
Login	

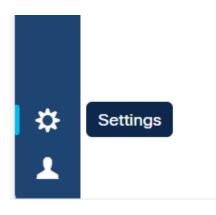
## **User Access in Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1**

You can manage the user access and permissions through Cisco ONC. It adds an additional layer of security and works as a Single Authentication Agent, thus sharing local, LDAP and SAML users.

### **Users, Roles, and Permissions**

User can have have different permission levels. See *Set up Permission Mapping*. To allow access to Cisco ONC to a larger group of regular users, set the user authentication through LDAP or SAML SSO protocols. You can use both at the same time as well, depending on your environment.

Figure 2: Settings



Once you click Settings you will see the panel as given below.

Figure 3: Settings Options

	SYSTEM INFO	Versions	
	Versions		
<b>8</b>	Audit Logs Monitoring	CONC 24.3.1	
U	Monitoring	Image Name	Version
	Local Users LDAP SAML SSO	docker.io/library/alpine	3.20.0
		docker.io/rancher/local-path-provisioner	v0.0.27
		dockerhub.cisco.com/cisco-onc-docker/ram/metric-server	alpha-1
		quay.io/coreos/etcd	v3.5.12
	Permission Mapping	registry.k8s.io/coredns/coredns	v1.11.1

The **System Info** section has the information about the latest versions of Cisco ONC and the related microservices.

The **Security** section is for access management and consists of the following options.

- Local Users: Here you can display, create and edit local users through the UI.
- LDAP: Here you can set LDAP settings for user authentication.
- SAML SSO: Here you can set SAML Single-Sign-On settings for user authentication
- **Permission Mapping**: Here you can handle permission management through the Cisco Policy Management Tool.

## Add Local Users to Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1

#### Before you begin

You will need access to Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 with admin user privileges.

Use the following steps to add local user accounts to Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1.

- **Step 1** From the Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 home page click **Settings**.
- Step 2 From the panel list, select Local Users tab and click Add .
- Step 3 In the Add User screen, enter Username\*.
- **Step 4** After entering the user name, enter **Password\***.
- Step 5 Next confirm the password using Confirm Password\*.
- **Step 6** Next enter the access permissions in the form of a comma separated list using **Access Permissions** and enter permission/admin as shown in the example below.

## For example *permission/<admin>*

## The Description and Display Name are optional fields.

### Figure 4: Local Users

٢	SYSTEM INFO	Local Users
89 (E)	SAML SSO	internal (internal) ACCESS internal
		STATUS Active
© () ()	Permission Mapping	NxF Admin (admin)ACCESSpermission/adminSTATUSActive (Locked)DESCNextFusion Default Administrator
		supervisor (supervisor) ACCESS supervisor STATUS Active
<b>*</b>		readonly (readonly) ACCESS readonly STATUS Active
**		Reload Add

Figure 5: Add User

	SYSTEM INFO Versions	<ul><li>⊘ Add User</li></ul>
89 (C)	SECURITY	Username*
E	Local Users	
	LDAP SAML SSO	Password*
•	Permission Mapping	Confirm Password*
$\bigcirc$		Access Permissions*
		permission/admin supervisor permission/supervisor
		internal
•		<ul> <li>readonly</li> <li>permission/readonly</li> <li>admin</li> <li>permission/admin</li> </ul>
		Display Name
		Active
		Description
		Save

Step 7

Use radio buttons to set the user status. You can make both radio buttons disabled or enabled at the same time

- Active enabled: Allows the user to log in to Cisco ONC.
- Active disabled: Forbids the user to log in Cisco ONC.
- Locked enabled: Prevents deleting the user.
- · Locked disabled: Allows removal of the user

Step 8 Click Save.

# Set up Authentication through LDAP

Authentication can be done using Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) protocol.

- **Step 1** From the Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 home page click **Settings**.
- Step 2 Click LDAP.

- **Step 3** Click the **Enabled** radio button.
- **Step 4** Fill in the mandatory fields that are marked with an asterisk (\*): LDAP Server Address, Bind DN and Bind Credentials. The Search Filter, Search Base and Root CAs are optional.
- Step 5 Click Save.

Figure 6: LDAP

() () ()	SYSTEM INFO Versions	LDAP			
	SECURITY	Enabled			
E	Local Users	LDAP Server Address*			
	LDAP				
	SAML SSO	Bind DN*			
Œ	Permission Mapping				
© (>) (-)		Bind Credentials*			
		Search Base			
		Search Filter			
		Attribute cn	Value	{{username}}	
					Add
		Root CAs			
					11
\$				Reload	Save

# Set up Authentication through SAMLv2 SSO

The Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) SSO feature allows you to gain single sign-on access based on the SAMLv2 protocol. Also, SSO user credential authentication works only for local users.

- **Step 1** In the CWM, go to the outermost navigation menu on the left
- **Step 2** From the Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 home page click **Settings** and navigate to **SAML SSO** tab.

- **Step 3** Click the **Enabled** radio button.
- Step 4 Fill in the fields: Login URL, Entity ID, Base URL, Signing Certificate and Groups Attribute Name.
- Step 5 Click Save.

Figure 7: SAML SSO

() () ()	Topology FO Versions	SAML SSO
	SECURITY	Enabled
C	Local Users	Login URL
	LDAP	
	SAML SSO	Entity ID
Ð	Permission Mapping	
		Base URL Use Current
		Signing Certificate
		Groups Attribute Name
		memberOf
		Reload

# **Set up Permission Mapping**

You can give specific permissions to a group of users using this option.

**Step 1** From the Cisco Optical Network Controller 24.3.1 home page click **Settings**.

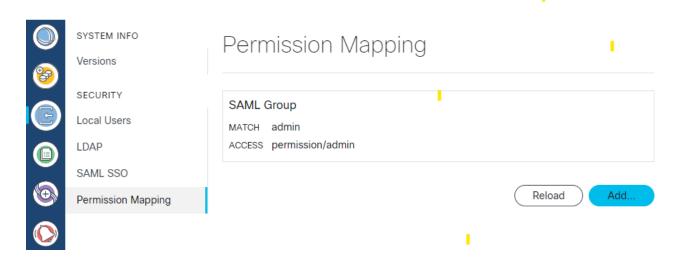
Step 2 Navigate to Permission Mapping.

Step 3 Click Add.

Step 4 In the Add Permission Mapping panel, choose one Mapping Type from the dropdown menu: SAML User, SAML Group, LDAP User, or LDAP Group.

- **Step 5** Fill in the **Match** field.
- **Step 6** Select the appropriate **Access Permission**.
- Step 7 Click Save.

Figure 8: Permission Mapping



#### Figure 9: Add Permission Mapping

	Topology FO Versions	
8	SECURITY	Mapping Type*
E	Local Users	SAML Group 🗸
	LDAP	Match*
	SAML SSO	
Ð	Permission Mapping	Access Permissions*
$\bigcirc$		permission/admin     supervisor     permission/supervisor     internal
		permission/internal readonly
		permission/readonly     admin     permission/admin
		Save

Note User can have different levels of permission mapping.

- Admin: No restrictions.
- Supervisor: Similar to admin but with restrictions on user management and log checks.
- Readonly: Can only check but provisioning is not allowed.
- **Internal**: To be used in case of any triage or troubleshooting to collect commands. It is recommended to use it only under supervision of Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC).