

Cisco IOS DECnet Commands

Digital Equipment Corporation developed the DECnet protocol to provide a way for its computers to communicate with one another. Currently in its fifth major product release, DECnet Phase V is a superset of the Open System Interconnection (OSI) protocol suite, it supports all OSI protocols, and it is compatible with the previous release (Phase IV). DECnet Phase IV Prime supports inherent MAC addresses, which allow DECnet nodes to coexist with systems that run other protocols that have MAC address restrictions. DECnet support on Cisco routers includes local-area and wide-area DECnet Phase IV routing over Ethernet, Token Ring, FDDI, and serial lines such as X.25, Frame Relay, and Switched Multimegabit Data Service (SMDS).

Use the commands in this book to configure and monitor DECnet networks. For DECnet configuration information and examples, see the *Cisco IOS Apollo Domain, Banyan VINES, DECnet, ISO CLNS, and XNS Configuration Guide*, Release 12.2.



Not all Cisco access servers support DECnet. For more information, refer to the release notes for the current Cisco IOS release.

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access-list (connect initiate)

Note

The **access-list (connect initiate)** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To create an access list that filters connect initiate packets, use this version of the **access-list** command in global configuration mode. To disable the access list, use the **no** form of this command.

access-list *access-list-number* {**permit** | **deny**} *source source-mask* [*destination destination-mask*] {**eq** | **neq**} [[*source-object*] [*destination-object*] [*identification*] **any**]

no access-list

The optional argument *source-object* consists of the following string:

src [{eq | neq | gt | lt} object-number] [exp regular-expression] [uic [group, user]]

The optional argument *destination-object* consists of the following string:

dst [{eq | neq | gt | lt} object-number] [exp regular-expression] [uic [group, user]]

The optional argument *identification* consists of the following string:

[id regular-expression] [password regular-expression] [account regular-expression]

Syntax Description	access-list-number	Integer you choose between 300 and 399 that uniquely identifies the access list.
	permit	Permits access when there is an address match.
	deny	Denies access when there is an address match.
	source	Source address. DECnet addresses are written in the form <i>area.node</i> . For example, 50.4 is node 4 in area 50. All addresses are in decimal.
	source-mask	Mask to be applied to the address of the source node. All masks are in decimal.
	destination	(Optional) Destination node's DECnet address in decimal format. DECnet addresses are written in the form <i>area.node</i> . For example, 50.4 is node 4 in area 50. All addresses are in decimal.
	destination-mask	(Optional) Destination mask. DECnet addresses are written in the form <i>area.node</i> . For example, 50.4 is node 4 in area 50. All masks are in decimal.
	eq neq	Use either of these keywords:
		• eq —Item matches the packet if <i>all</i> the specified parts of <i>source-object</i> , <i>destination-object</i> , and <i>identification</i> match data in the packet.
		• neq —Item matches the packet if <i>any</i> of the specified parts do <i>not</i> match the corresponding entry in the packet.

source-object	(Optional) Contains the mandatory keyword src and one of the following optional keywords:	
	• eq neq lt gt —Equal to, not equal to, less than, or greater than. These keywords must be followed by the argument <i>object-number</i> , a numeric DECnet object number.	
	• exp —Stands for expression; followed by a <i>regular-expression</i> that matches a string. See the "Regular Expressions" appendix in the <i>Cisco IOS Dial Technologies Command Reference</i> for a description of regular expressions.	
	• uic —Stands for user identification code; followed by a numeric user ID (UID) expression. The argument [<i>group</i> , <i>user</i>] is a numeric UID expression. In this case, the bracket symbols are literal; they must be entered. The <i>group</i> and <i>user</i> parts can either be specified in decimal, in octal by prefixing the number with a 0, or in hex by prefixing the number with 0x. The uic expression displays as an octal number.	
destination-object	(Optional) Contains the mandatory keyword dst and one of the following optional keywords:	
	• eq neq lt gt —Equal to, not equal to, less than, or greater than. These keywords must be followed by the argument <i>object-number</i> , a numeric DECnet object number.	
	• exp —Stands for expression; followed by a <i>regular-expression</i> that matches a string. See the "Regular Expressions" appendix in the <i>Cisco IOS Dial Technologies Command Reference</i> for a description of regular expressions.	
	• uic —Stands for user identification code; followed by a numeric user ID (UID) expression. In this case, the bracket symbols are literal; they must be entered. The <i>group</i> and <i>user</i> parts can either be specified in decimal, in octal by prefixing the number with a 0, or in hex by prefixing the number with 0x. The uic expression displays as an octal number.	
identification	(Optional) Uses any of the following three keywords:	
	• id—Regular expression; refers to user ID.	
	• password —Regular expression; the password to the account.	
	• account —Regular expression; the account string.	
any	(Optional) Item matches if <i>any</i> of the specified parts <i>do</i> match the corresponding entries for <i>source-object</i> , <i>destination-object</i> , or <i>identification</i> .	

Defaults

No access list is defined.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage Guidelines

Depending upon the arguments you use, you can define access lists in three ways:

• Restrict access based on source addresses

Use the source and source-mask arguments only.

• Restrict access based on destination addresses

Use the source, source-mask, destination, and destination-mask arguments.

• Add filters to further narrow access

Use the *source*, *source-mask*, *destination*, and *destination-mask* arguments, the **eq**, **neq**, or **any** keywords, and any or all of the following arguments: *source-object*, *destination-object*, and *identification*.

Table 1 lists the DECnet object numbers.

Name	Number	Description
FAL	17	File Access Listener
HLD	18	Host Loader
NML	19	Network Monitor Link/NICE
MIRROR	25	Loopback mirror
EVL	26	Event logger
MAIL	27	Mail
PHONE	29	Phone
NOTES	33	VAX Notes
CTERM	42	Terminal sessions
DTR	63	DECnet Test Sender/Receiver

Table 1 Common DECnet Object Numbers

Examples

The following example illustrates an access list for matching all connect packets for object number 27: access-list 300 permit 0.0 63.1023 eq dst eq 27

The following example illustrates an access list for matching all connect packets *except* for the object number 17:

access-list 300 permit 0.0 63.1023 neg dst eg 17

The following example illustrates an access list for matching all connect packets where the access identification was *SYSTEM*:

access-list 300 permit 0.0 63.1023 eq id ^SYSTEM\$

The following example illustrates an access list for matching all connect packets from area 1 to object number 27(27 = VAX/VMS Personal Utility or MAIL) where *SYSTEM* is the originating user:

access-list 300 permit 1.0 0.1023 eq src exp ^SYSTEM\$ dst eq 27

The following example illustrates an access list for matching any connect packet and can be used at the end of a list to permit any packets not already matched:

access-list 300 permit 0.0 63.1023 eq any

Related Commands	Command	Description
	access-list (DECnet extended)	Creates an extended access list.
	access-list (DECnet standard)	Creates a standard access list.
	decnet access-group	Creates a DECnet access group.
	decnet in-routing-filter	Provides access control to hello messages or routing information received on an interface.
	decnet out-routing-filter	Provides access control to routing information being sent out on an interface.
	show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

Cisco IOS DECnet Command Reference

access-list (DECnet extended)

<u>Note</u>

The **access-list (DECnet extended)** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To create an extended access list, use the **access-list** command in global configuration mode. To delete the entire access list, use the **no** form of this command.

access-list *access-list-number* {**permit** | **deny**} *source source-mask* [*destination destination-mask*]

no access-list

Syntax Description	access-list-number	Integer you choose between 300 and 399 that uniquely identifies the access list.
	permit	Permits access when there is an address match.
	deny	Denies access when there is an address match.
	source	Source address. DECnet addresses are written in the form <i>area.node</i> . For example, 50.4 is node 4 in area 50. All addresses are in decimal.
	source-mask	Mask to be applied to the address of the source node. All masks are in decimal.
	destination	(Optional) Destination node's DECnet address in decimal format. DECnet addresses are written in the form <i>area.node</i> . For example, 50.4 is node 4 in area 50.
	destination-mask	(Optional) Destination mask. DECnet addresses are written in the form <i>area.node</i> . For example, 50.4 is node 4 in area 50. All masks are in decimal.

Defaults No access list is defined.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Examples	e 1 e	es access list 301 to allow traffic from any host in networks 1 and 3. It ed. (The end of a list contains an implicit "deny all else" statement.)		
	access-list 301 permit 1.0 0.1023 0.0 63.1023 access-list 301 permit 3.0 0.1023 0.0 63.1023			
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	access-list (connect initiate)	Creates an access list that filters connect initiate packets.		
	access-list (DECnet standard)	Creates a standard access list.		
	decnet access-group	Creates a DECnet access group.		
	decnet in-routing-filter	Provides access control to hello messages or routing information received on an interface.		
	decnet out-routing-filter	Provides access control to routing information being sent out on an interface.		
	show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.		

access-list (DECnet standard)

<u>Note</u>

The **access-list (DECnet standard)** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To create a standard access list, use the standard version of the **access-list** command in global configuration mode. To delete the entire access list, use the **no** form of this command.

access-list access-list-number {**permit** | **deny**} source source-mask

no access-list

Syntax Description	access-list-number	Integer you choose between 300 and 399 that uniquely identifies the access list.
	permit	Permits access when there is an address match.
	deny	Denies access when there is an address match.
	source	Source address. DECnet addresses are written in the form <i>area.node</i> . For example, 50.4 is node 4 in area 50. All addresses are in decimal.
	source-mask	Mask to be applied to the address of the source node. Bits are set wherever the corresponding bits in the address should be ignored. All masks are in decimal.
Defaults	No access list is define	ed.
	No access list is define Global configuration (
Command Modes		
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)
Command Modes	Global configuration (Release	config) Modification
Defaults Command Modes Command History	Global configuration (Release 10.3	config) Modification This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines

In contrast with IP masks, a DECnet mask specification of "all ones" is entered as the decimal value 1023. In IP, the equivalent is 255.

Examples

The following example sets up access list 300 to deny packets coming from node 4.51 and to permit packets coming from node 2.31:

access-list 300 deny 4.51 0.0 access-list 300 permit 2.31 0.0

Related Commands C

Command	Description
access-list (connect initiate)	Creates an access list that filters connect initiate packets.
access-list (DECnet extended)	Creates an extended access list.
decnet access-group	Creates a DECnet access group.
decnet in-routing-filter	Provides access control to hello messages or routing information received on an interface.
decnet out-routing-filter	Provides access control to routing information being sent out on an interface.
show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

clear decnet accounting

<u>Note</u>

The **clear decnet accounting** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To delete all entries in the accounting database when DECnet accounting is enabled, use the **clear decnet accounting** command in EXEC mode.

clear decnet accounting [checkpoint]

Syntax Description	checkpoint	(Optional) Clears the checkpoint database.
Command Modes	EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
-	The active data set i If there are entries i were entered statica	ckpoint database and clears the active database. Is copied to the checkpoint database; the active database entry values are reset to zero. In the database that were found dynamically, they are deleted. If there are entries that ally, such as decnet accounting list 5.3.17.26, they are not removed. Their values are
	in the active databa	rerses the router after the clear decnet accounting command has been issued is saved use. Accounting information in the checkpoint database at that time reflects traffic cent clear decnet accounting command.
		all entries in both the active and the checkpoint databases by issuing the clear decnet and twice in succession.
Examples	database before a c second show displa	ample, the first display from the show decnet accounting command shows the active lear command is issued. The clear decnet accounting command is issued, and a y shows no accounting information in the active database. The display from the show checkpoint command shows the data collected in the active database prior to the inting command.

Router# show decnet accounting

Source DestinationBytesPackets 2.32937.41536 5.77.83264 27.10027.1071455 7.85.715212 27.10727.1005005 37.42.329784

Accounting data age is 12.41

Router# clear decnet accounting Router# show decnet accounting

Source DestinationBytesPackets

Accounting data age is 0

Router# show decnet accounting checkpoint

Source DestinationBytesPackets 2.32937.41536 5.77.83264 27.10027.1071455 7.85.715212 27.10727.1005005 37.42.329784

Accounting data age is 12.41

Related Commands

Command	Description
decnet accounting	Enables DECnet accounting.
decnet accounting list	Specifies the source and destination address pairs for which DECnet accounting information is kept.
decnet accounting threshold	Sets the maximum number of accounting database entries.
decnet accounting transits	Sets the maximum number of transit entries that will be stored in the DECnet accounting database.
show decnet accounting	Displays the active accounting or checkpointed database.

clear decnet counters

Note	The clear decnet counters command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases. To clear DECnet counters that are shown in the output of the show decnet traffic EXEC command, use the clear decnet counters command in EXEC mode.		
	clear decnet cou	nters	
Syntax Description	This command has no	o arguments or keywords.	
Command Modes	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	10.0	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.	
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.	
Examples	The following examp clear decnet counte	le zeros all DECnet counters:	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	show decnet traffic	Shows the DECnet traffic statistics (including datagrams sent, received, and forwarded).	

decnet access-group

Note	The decnet access-group command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases. To create a DECnet access group, use the decnet access-group command in interface configuration mode. To delete a DECnet access-group, use the no form of this command.			
	no decnet access-	group		
Syntax Description	access-list-number	access	a standard or an extended DECnet access list. A standard DECnet list applies to source addresses. The value (or values in the case of ed lists) can be in the range 300 to 399.	
Defaults	No access group is det	fined.		
Command Modes	Interface configuration	n (config-i	f)	
Command History	Release	Modific	cation	
	10.0	This co	mmand was introduced.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This co	mmand was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
	12.2SX	in a spe	mmand is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support ecific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, n, and platform hardware.	
	12.2(33)SXH	This co	mmand was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS e 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.	
Examples	The following exampl interface ethernet : decnet access-group	L	ccess list 389 to Ethernet interface 1:	
Related Commands	Command		Description	
	access-list (DECnet s	standard)		
	show decnet interfac		Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.	

decnet accounting list

Note	

The **decnet accounting list** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To specify the source and destination address pairs for which DECnet accounting information is kept, use the **decnet accounting list** command in global configuration mode. DECnet accounting tracks all traffic that traverses the router between the source and destination address pairs specified with this command. To remove the accounting filter, use the **no** form of this command.

decnet accounting list src-dec-address dest-dec-address

no decnet accounting list {*src-dec-address dest-dec-address* | **all**}

e destination. The address is in the form <i>area.node</i> , for
destination. The address is in the form area.notae, for
unting for all source and destination address pairs it the decnet accounting list command.

Defaults No filters are predefined.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2 F	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage Guidelines

The source and destination addresses of each DECnet packet are paired to create an entry in the database. When DECnet traffic traverses the router and a match is found, accounting information about the DECnet packet is entered into the accounting database. If DECnet accounting is enabled on an interface, but no accounting list is specified, the transit parameter does not come into play. DECnet accounting will track all traffic through the interface, up to the accounting threshold limit. All traffic up to the threshold limit is collected and added to the aggregate value for all DECnet traffic passing through the router.

Use the no decnet accounting list all to delete the entire entry list.

Examples

The following example adds DECnet host pair 5.37 and 6.126 to the list of networks for which accounting information is kept:

decnet accounting list 5.37 6.126

Related Commands Con

Command	Deletes all entries in the accounting database when DECnet accounting is enabled.	
clear decnet accounting		
decnet accounting	Enables DECnet accounting.	
decnet accounting threshold	Sets the maximum number of accounting database entries.	
decnet accounting transits	Sets the maximum number of transit entries that will be stored in the DECnet accounting database.	
show decnet accounting	Displays the active accounting or checkpointed database.	

decnet accounting threshold

Note	The decnet accounting threshold command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
		To set the maximum number of accounting database entries, use the decnet accounting threshold command in global configuration mode. To restore the default, use the no form of this command.		
	decnet accoun	ting threshold threshold		
	no decnet acc	ounting threshold threshold		
Syntax Description	threshold	Maximum number of entries (source and destination address pairs) that Cisco IOS software can accumulate.		
Defaults	512 entries			
Command Modes	Global configuration	on (config)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
•	11.2 F	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		
Usage Guidelines	that the software ac all available free m	eshold defines the maximum number of entries (source and destination address pairs) ecumulates. The threshold is designed to prevent DECnet accounting from consuming nemory. This level of memory consumption could occur in a router that is switching sts. To determine whether overflows have occurred, use the show decnet accounting		
Examples	The following exar	nple sets the DECnet accounting database threshold to 256 entries:		
	decnet accounting threshold 256			

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear decnet accounting	Deletes all entries in the accounting database when DECnet accounting is enabled.
	decnet accounting	Enables DECnet accounting.
	decnet accounting list	Specifies the source and destination address pairs for which DECnet accounting information is kept.
	decnet accounting transits	Sets the maximum number of transit entries that will be stored in the DECnet accounting database.
	show decnet accounting	Displays the active accounting or checkpointed database.

decnet accounting transits

Note

The **decnet accounting transits** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To set the maximum number of transit entries that will be stored in the DECnet accounting database, use the **decnet accounting transits** command in global configuration mode. To disable this function, use the **no** form of this command.

decnet accounting transits count

no decnet accounting transits

Syntax Description	count	Number of transit entries that will be stored in the DECnet accounting database.
Defaults	0 entries	
Command Modes	Global configuratio	n (config)
Command History	Release	Modification
-	11.2 F	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines	by decnet accounti	hose that do not match any of the source and destination address pair filters specified ing list global configuration commands. If an accounting list is not defined, DECnet is all traffic through the interface (all transit entries) up to the accounting threshold
		te accounting totals, Cisco IOS software maintains two accounting databases: an a checkpoint database.
Examples	The following exan accounting database	pple specifies a maximum of 100 transit records to be stored in the DECnet

Related	Commands	(
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Command	Description	
clear decnet accounting	Deletes all entries in the accounting database when DECnet accounting is enabled.	
decnet accounting list	Specifies the source and destination address pairs for which DECnet accounting information is kept.	
decnet accounting threshold	Sets the maximum number of accounting database entries.	
show decnet accounting	Displays the active accounting or checkpointed database.	

decnet accounting

Note	The decnet accounting command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases. To enable DECnet accounting, use the decnet accounting command in interface configuration mode. To disable DECnet accounting, use the no form of this command.		
	decnet account	ing	
	no decnet acco	unting	
Syntax Description	This command has 1	no arguments or keywords.	
Defaults	Disabled		
Command Modes	Interface configurat	ion (config-if)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
·····,	11.2 F	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.	
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.	
Usage Guidelines	The Cisco IOS softw	vare maintains two accounting databases: an active database and a checkpoint	
-	database. The active database contains accounting data tracked until the database is cleared. When the active database is cleared, its contents are copied to the checkpoint database. Using these two databases together allows you to monitor both current traffic and traffic that has previously traversed the router.		
	DECnet accounting statistics will be accurate, even if DECnet fast switching is enabled, or if DECnet access lists are being used.		
	Enabling DECnet accounting significantly decreases the performance of a fast-switched interface.		
	DECnet accounting	is disabled if autonomous or SSE switching is enabled.	
Examples	This example shows	DECnet accounting enabled on serial interface 0:	
	interface serial (decnet accounting		

Related Commands	C C C
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Command	Description
clear decnet accounting	Deletes all entries in the accounting database when DECnet ac- counting is enabled.
decnet accounting list	Specifies the source and destination address pairs for which DECnet accounting information is kept.
decnet accounting threshold	Sets the maximum number of accounting database entries.
decnet accounting transits	Sets the maximum number of transit entries that will be stored in the DECnet accounting database.
show decnet accounting	Displays the active accounting or checkpointed database.

decnet advertise

×4		
Note	The decnet adverti Cisco IOS 12.2SX 1	ise command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later releases.
	U	r routers to propagate Phase IV areas through an OSI backbone, use the decnet d in global configuration mode. To disable this function, use the no form of this
	decnet adverti	se [decnet-area] hops cost
	no decnet advo	ertise [decnet-area]
Syntax Description	decnet-area	(Optional) Phase IV area that you want propagated.
	hops	Hop count to be associated with the route being advertised. Default is 0.
	cost	Cost to be associated with the route being advertised. Default is 0.
Defaults	Disabled	
Command Modes	Global configuratio	n (config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

static route. After the packet gets to the border router, it is converted back to Phase IV.

The CLNS discard routes are created dynamically when the advertised adjacencies are propagated through the CLNS cloud. When a DECnet interface is disabled, the adjacencies are lost and the CLNS discard route is deleted. The DECnet area routing states are displayed in the output from the **show decnet route** EXEC command.

Examples The following example shows a partial use of the **decnet advertise** command: decnet conversion 49 decnet advertise 4 clns route 49.0001 discard

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clns route discard	Explicitly tells a router to discard packets with NSAP addresses that match the specified nsap-prefix.
	show decnet route	Displays the DECnet routing table.

decnet area-max-cost

Note

The **decnet area-max-cost** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To set the maximum cost specification value for *interarea* routing, use the **decnet area-max-cost** command in global configuration mode.

decnet [network-number] area-max-cost value

Syntax Description	network-number	(Optional) Network number from 0 to 3. Specified when using Address Translation Gateway (ATG). If not specified, the default is network 0.
	value	Maximum cost for a route to a distant area that Cisco IOS software may consider usable; the software treats as unreachable any route with a cost greater than the value you specify. A valid range for cost is 1 to 1022. This parameter is only valid for area routers. The default is 1022.
Defaults	network-number: 0	
	value: 1022	
Command Modes	Global configuration	(config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines	Be sure that you have command.	e used the decnet node-type area global configuration command before using this
Examples		ble specifies the node type as area and sets the maximum cost to 500. Any route with is considered unreachable by this router.
	decnet node-type a decnet area-max-co	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	decnet cluster-alias update	Sets the maximum hop count value for interarea routing.
	decnet node-type	Specifies the node type.
	show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

decnet area-max-hops

Note

The **decnet area-max-hops** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To set the maximum hop count value for *interarea* routing, use the **decnet area-max-hops** command in global configuration mode.

decnet [network-number] area-max-hops value

Syntax Description	network-number	(Optional) Network number in the range 0 to 3. Specified when using ATG.
		If not specified, the default is network 0.
	value	Maximum number of hops for a usable route to a distant area. The Cisco IOS
		software treats as unreachable any route with a count greater than the value
		you specify. A valid range for the hop count is 1 to 30.
Defaults	network-number: 0	
	hops: 30	
Command Modes	Global configuration	(config)
Command History	Release	Modification
•	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support
		in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set,
		platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS
	()	Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines	This command is only	y valid for area routers. Be sure that you have issued the decnet node-type area
		command before using this command.
	0	
		le sets the router to be a Level 2 router and then sets a maximum hop count of 21:
Fxamples	I ne jojjow/ing examn	
Examples	• •	
Examples	decnet node-type ar decnet area-max-hop	rea

Related Commands	Command	Description
	decnet area-max-cost	Sets the maximum cost specification value for interarea routing.
	decnet node-type	Specifies the node type.
	show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

decnet cluster-alias update

 Note	The decnet cluster Cisco IOS 12.2SX	-alias update command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later releases.
		aliases to be propagated, use the decnet cluster-alias update command in interface . To prevent cluster aliases from being propagated, use the no form of this command.
	decnet cluster	-alias update
	no decnet clus	ter-alias update
Syntax Description	This command has	no arguments or keywords.
Defaults	Disabled	
Command Modes	Interface configuration	tion (config-if)
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.1(4)T	This command was introduced.
	12.1(5)T	This command was modified to have cluster alias updates disabled by default.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines	DECnet Phase IV is	aliases updates are disabled because they can cause loops in topologies in which s running and where there is a VAX cluster with multiple LAN links between them. agate the cluster aliases updates, you can use the decnet cluster-alias update tion command.
Examples	The following exan	nple enables the cluster alias updates:
	decnet cluster-al	ias update

Related Commands

Command	Description
decnet cluster holdtime	Sets a holdtime for a cluster alias adjacency.
decnet cost	Assigns a cost to an interface.

decnet cluster-holdtime

Note

The **decnet cluster-holdtime** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To set a holdtime for a cluster alias adjacency, use the **decnet cluster-holdtime** command in interface configuration mode. To restore the default, use the **no** form of this command.

decnet cluster-holdtime seconds

no decnet cluster-holdtime

Syntax Description seconds Amount of time, in seconds, before the cluster alias adjacency times out. Defaults 300 seconds **Command Modes** Interface configuration (config-if) **Command History** Release Modification 12.0(7)T This command was introduced. 12.2(33)SRA This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. 12.2SX This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware. This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS 12.2(33)SXH Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage Guidelines When you have Phase IV VAX clusters and have enabled cluster aliases, you must ensure that the Phase IV VAX clusters are reachable by remote end systems. The Phase IV router will look for the L1 routing updates from the VAX machine that is acting as the gratuitous router for the VAX cluster, extracting the cluster alias from the update and injecting it into the Phase V cloud, thus allowing reachability to remote end systems. In order for updates to be accepted, the DECnet cluster holdtime must be set to a greater time than the VAX broadcast routing timer. Using the **decnet cluster-holdtime** command will allow you to ensure that the holdtime has been set to a time period greater than the VAX broadcast timer. The VAX broadcast timer will determine the rate at which entries are refreshed. To see the current setting of the **decnet cluster-holdtime** command, enter the **show decnet interface** command.

Examples

The following example sets a cost of 1 for the Ethernet interface 1/0 and a cluster time of 200 seconds:

decnet routing 21.456 interface ethernet 1/0 decnet cost 1 decnet cluster-holdtime 200

Command

Related Commands

Description

show decnet interface Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

decnet congestion-threshold

Note

The **decnet congestion-threshold** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To set the congestion-experienced bit if the output queue has more than the specified number of packets in it, use the **decnet congestion-threshold** command in interface configuration mode. To remove the parameter setting and set it to 0, use the **no** form of this command.

decnet congestion-threshold number

no decnet congestion-threshold

Syntax Description	number	Number of packets that are allowed in the output queue before the system sets the congestion experience bit. This value is an integer between 0 and 0x7fff. The value zero prevents this bit from being set. Only relatively small integers are reasonable. The default is 1 packet.
Defaults	1 packet	
Command Modes	Interface configurat	tion (config-if)
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set,
		platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines	If a router configure	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS
Jsage Guidelines Examples	If a router configure number value of zer	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

decnet conversion

Note	The decnet conversion command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
	To allow Phase IV routers (running Cisco Release 9.1 or higher) to run in a Phase V network and vice versa, enable conversion with the decnet conversion command in global configuration mode. To disable conversion, use the no form of this command. decnet conversion <i>nsap-prefix</i> no decnet conversion <i>nsap-prefix</i>			
Syntax Description	nsap-prefix	Value used for the IDP field when constructing NSAPs from a Phase IV address.		
Defaults	Disabled			
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	10.0	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		
Usage Guidelines	To enable DECnet	conversion, you must configure both DECnet and ISO CLNS on your router.		
	DECnet Phase V is OSI-compatible and conforms to the ISO 8473 (CLNP/CLNS) and ISO 9542 (ES-IS) standards. Digital has defined algorithms for mapping a subset of the Phase V address space onto the Phase IV address space and for converting Phase IV and Phase V packets back and forth. This allows a network administrator to support both Phase IV hosts in Phase V networks and Phase V hosts in Phase IV networks.			
	Cisco's implementation differs from Digital's in how reachability information is advertised. Cisco's implementation allows you to add Phase V support without modifying your existing Phase IV support. It also delays converting packets from Phase IV to Phase V, while Digital's implementation converts as soon as possible.			
	It is essential that the area you specify in the decnet routing global configuration command is the same as the local area you specified with the net router configuration command for the CLNS network.			

Be sure that the area you specify in the **decnet conversion** command is the same as the area you specified for the CLNS network. Also note that the DECnet area is specified in decimal, and the CLNS area is specified in hexadecimal.

The **decnet routing** command is specified with a decimal address, while the **net** command address is specified in hexadecimal. In addition, the *nsap-prefix* specified on the **decnet conversion** command must match one of the NETs for this router.

The following guidelines apply:

- Host connectivity across multiple areas is only possible if a Level 2 path exists for which every Level 2 router in the path supports a common protocol: Phase IV or Phase V. If not all routers support both protocols, those routers that do *must* have conversion enabled.
- Host connectivity across a single area is only possible if a Level 1 path exists for which every Level 1 router in the path supports a common protocol: Phase IV or Phase V. If not all routers support both protocols, those routers that do *must* have conversion enabled.
- The Level 2 backbone *must* have conversion enabled in all Level 2 routers that support an area that needs conversion.

Examples The following example enables DECnet conversion on a router with the area tag *xy* and Phase IV address 20.401 using an ISO IGRP router:

```
clns routing
decnet routing 20.401
decnet max-address 600
!
router iso-igrp xy
net 47.0004.004d.0014.aa00.0400.9151.00
!
decnet conversion 47.0004.004d
!
interface ethernet 0
decnet cost 4
clns router iso-igrp xy
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
net	Configures an IS-IS NET for the routing process.
show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.
show decnet route	Displays the DECnet routing table.

disable DECnet rou	for an interface, use the decnet cost command in interface configuration mode. To ting for an interface, use the no form of this command.			
decnet cost cos	xt-value			
	decnet cost cost-value			
no decnet cost				
cost-value	Integer from 1 to 63. There is no default cost for an interface, although a suggested cost for FDDI is 1, for Ethernet is 4, and for serial links is greater than 10.			
Disabled				
Interface configurat	ion (config-if)			
Release	Modification			
10.0	This command was introduced.			
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.			
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set,			
	platform, and platform hardware.			
	Disabled Interface configurat Release 10.0 12.2(33)SRA			

DECnet to run. Assigning a cost in effect enables DECnet routing for an interface. Most DECnet installations have an individualized routing strategy for using costs. Therefore, check the routing strategy used at your installation to ensure that costs you specify are consistent with those set for other hosts on the network.

Examples

The following example establishes a DECnet routing process for a router and sets the router's DECnet address to 21.456, and then sets a cost of 4 for the Ethernet interface 0:

decnet routing 21.456 interface ethernet 0 decnet cost 4

Related Commands Command

Command	Description
decnet encapsulation	Provides DECnet encapsulation over Token Ring.
decnet node-type	Specifies the node type.
decnet routing	Enables DECnet routing.
show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.
show decnet route	Displays the DECnet routing table.

decnet encapsulation

The **decnet encapsulation** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To provide DECnet encapsulation over Token Ring, use the **decnet encapsulation** command in interface configuration mode.

decnet encapsulation {pre-dec | dec}

Syntax Description	pre-dec	Configures routers for operation on the same Token Ring with routers running software versions prior to Cisco IOS Release 9.1. In this mode, Cisco routers cannot communicate with non-Cisco equipment. Referred to as Cisco-style encapsulation.
	dec	Provides encapsulation that is compatible with other Digital equipment. All Cisco routers must be running Cisco IOS Release 9.1 or later.

Defaults Encapsulation is compatible with other Digital equipment.

Command Modes Interface configuration (config-if)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage Guidelines

If you have both Release 9.0 and 9.1 routers in the same network, you must use the **pre-dec** encapsulation type on the 9.1 routers.

Note

You must first enable DECnet routing on the selected Token Ring interface before you can configure the DECnet encapsulation mode.

L

<u>Note</u>

Examples

The following example sets Cisco-style encapsulation for DECnet routing, which means that Cisco and Digital equipment will not interoperate over Token Ring:

interface tokenring 0
decnet encapsulation pre-dec
decnet cost 4

Related Commands	Command	Description
	decnet cost	Sets a cost value for an interface.
	show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

decnet hello-timer

 Note	The decnet hello-time Cisco IOS 12.2SX rele	er command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later eases.
		for sending broadcast hello messages, use the decnet hello-timer command in mode. To restore the default value, use the no form of this command.
	decnet hello-time	er seconds
	no decnet hello-ti	imer
Syntax Description	seconds	Interval at which Cisco IOS software sends hello messages. It can be a decimal number in the range 1 to 8191 seconds. The default is 15 seconds.
Defaults	15 seconds	
Command Modes	Interface configuration	n (config-if)
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines	network use the hello	badcasts hello messages on all interfaces with DECnet enabled. Other hosts on the messages to identify the hosts with which they can communicate directly. On lines, you may want to increase the default value to reduce overhead on the line.
Examples	The following example interface serial 1 decnet hello-timer	e increases the hello interval to 2 minutes (120 seconds) on serial interface 1:
Related Commands	Command	Description
	show decnet interfac	e Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

decnet ho				
<u>™</u> Note	The decnet host command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
		To associate a name-to-DECnet address mapping, use the decnet host command in global configuration mode. To disable name mapping, use the no form of this command.		
	decnet host nam	ne decnet-address		
	no decnet host	name		
Syntax Description	name	A name you choose that uniquely identifies this DECnet address.		
	decnet-address	Source address. DECnet addresses are written in the form <i>area.node</i> . For example, 50.4 is node 4 in area 50. All addresses are in decimal.		
Defaults				
	No name is defined.			
	No name is defined. Global configuratior	n (config)		
Command Modes		n (config) Modification		
Command Modes	Global configuratior			
Command Modes	Global configuratior	Modification		
Command Modes	Global configuration Release 10.3	Modification This command was introduced.		
Command Modes	Global configuration Release 10.3 12.2(33)SRA	Modification This command was introduced. This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set,		
Command Modes	Global configuration Release 10.3 12.2(33)SRA 12.2SX 12.2(33)SXH	Modification This command was introduced. This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware. This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS		
Command Modes Command History	Global configuration Release 10.3 12.2(33)SRA 12.2SX 12.2(33)SXH 12.2(33)SXH The assigned name i command output. The name can also b	Modification This command was introduced. This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware. This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases. s displayed, where applicable, in show decnet route and show hosts EXEC		

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show decnet	Displays the global DECnet parameters.
	show decnet route	Displays the DECnet routing table.
	show hosts	Displays the default domain name, the style of name lookup service, a list of name server hosts, and the cached list of host names and addresses.

decnet in-routing-filter

Nata	

The decnet in-routing-filter command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To provide access control to hello messages or routing information received on an interface, use the decnet in-routing-filter command in interface configuration mode. To remove access control, use the no form of this command.

decnet in-routing-filter access-list-number

no decnet in-routing-filter

Syntax Description access-list-number Standard DECnet access list. This list applies to source addresses. The value can be in the range 300 to 399.

Defaults No access control is defined.

Command Modes Interface configuration (config-if)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Examples

The following example sets up Ethernet interface 0 with a DECnet in-routing filter of 321, which means that any hello messages sent from addresses that are denied in list 321 are ignored. Additionally, all node addresses listed in received routing messages on this interface are checked against the access list, and only routes passing the filter are considered usable.

interface ethernet 0 decnet in-routing-filter 321

```
Related Commands
```

Description Creates a standard access list. access-list (DECnet standard)

Command

Command	Description
decnet out-routing-filter	Provides access control to routing information being sent out on an interface.
show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

decnet map



The **decnet map** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To establish an address translation for selected nodes, use the **decnet map** command in global configuration mode.

decnet *first-network* **map** *virtual-address second-network real-address*

Syntax Description	first-network	DECnet network numbers in the range 0 to 3.
	virtual-address	Numeric DECnet address (10.5, for example).
	second-network	DECnet network number you map to; DECnet numbers range 0 to 3.
	real-address	Numeric DECnet address (10.5, for example).

Defaults No address translation is defined.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage Guidelines

Keep the following limitations in mind when configuring the address translation gateway (ATG):

- Both nodes that want to communicate across the ATG must exist in the translation map. Other nodes outside of the map will see route advertisements for the mapped address, but will be unable to communicate with them. An unmapped node trying to communicate with a mapped node will always get the message, "Node unreachable." This can be confusing if another nearby node can communicate with mapped nodes because it is also a mapped node.
- Third-party DECnet applications could fail if they pass node number information in a data stream (most likely a sign of a poorly designed application).
- Routing information for mapped addresses is static and does not reflect the reachability of the actual node in the destination network.

As an additional feature and security caution, DECnet "Poor Man's Routing" can be used between nodes outside of the translation map as long as those nodes have access to nodes that are in the map, so that a user on node B could issue the following VMS command:

\$ dir A::D::E::

When a Poor Man's Routing connection is made between two networks, only the two adjacent nodes between the networks will have any direct knowledge about the other network. Application-level network access may then be specified to route through the connection.

Note

Cisco does not support "Poor Man's Routing" directly; the intermediate nodes must be VMS systems with "Poor Man's Routing" enabled in file-access language.

Examples

In the following example, packets in network 0 sent to address 19.5 will be routed to network 1, and the destination address will be translated to 50.1. Packets sent to address 47.1 in network 1 will be routed to network 0 as 19.1.

decnet 0 map 19.5 1 50.1 decnet 1 map 47.1 0 19.1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show decnet map	Displays the address mapping information used by the DECnet Address
		Translation Gateway.

L

decnet max-address

The **decnet max-addressers** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To configure Cisco IOS software with a maximum number of node addresses, use the **decnet max-address** command in global configuration mode.

decnet [network-number] max-address value

Syntax Description	network-number	(Optional) Network number in the range 0 to 3. Specified when using ATG.
	value	A number less than or equal to 1023 that represents the maximum address possible on the network. In general, all routers on the network should use the same value for this argument. The default is 1023.

Defaults network-number: 0 1023 node addresses

Command ModesGlobal configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage Guidelines DECnet routers do not have the concept of aging out a route. Therefore, all possible areas or nodes must be advertised as unreachable if they cannot be reached. Since it is best to keep routing updates small, you must indicate the default maximum possible node and area numbers that can exist in the network.

Examples

The following example configures a small network to a maximum address value of 300:

decnet max-address 300

Related Commands	Command	Description
	decnet max-area	Sets the largest number of areas that Cisco IOS software can handle in its routing table.

decnet max-area

	decnet max-address show decnet interface	Configures Cisco IOS software with a maximum number of node addresses. Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.	
Related Commands	Command	Description	
Examples	In the following example decnet max-area 45	e, the largest area to be stored in the routing table is 45:	
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.	
	12.2(33)SRA 12.2SX	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.	
	10.0	This command was introduced.	
Command History	Release	Modification	
Command Modes	Global configuration (co	onfig)	
Defaults	network-number: 0		
	area-number	Area number from 1 to 63. Like the decnet max-address global configuration command value, this argument controls the sizes of internal routing tables and of messages sent to other nodes. All routers on the network should use the same maximum address value. The default is 63.	
Syntax Description	network-number	(Optional) Network number in the range 0 to 3. Specified when using ATG.	
	decnet max-area comm	and in global configuration mode. mber] max-area area-number	
	To set the largest numbe	r of areas that Cisco IOS software can handle in its routing table, use the	
Note	The decnet max-area command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		

decnet max-cost

Note

The **decnet max-cost** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To set the maximum cost specification for *intra-area* routing, use the **decnet max-cost** command in global configuration mode.

decnet [network-number] max-cost cost

Syntax Description	network-number	(Optional) Network number in the range 0 to 3. Specified when using ATG.
	cost	Cost from 1 to 1022. The default is 1022.

Defaults

cost: 1022

network-number: 0

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage Guidelines Cisco IOS software ignores routes within its local area that have a cost greater than the value you specify.

Examples

The following example specifies the node type as a Level 1 router and sets the maximum cost to 335. Any route whose cost exceeds 335 is considered unreachable by this router.

decnet node-type routing-iv decnet max-cost 335

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Related	Commands
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ed Commands	Command	Description
	decnet max-hops	Sets the maximum hop count specification value for intra-area routing.
	decnet max-paths	Defines the maximum number of equal-cost paths to a destination that Cisco IOS software keeps in its routing table.
	decnet node-type	Specifies the node type.
	decnet path-split-mode	Specifies how Cisco IOS software splits the routable packets between equal-cost paths.
	show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

decnet max-hops

Note

The **decnet max-hops** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To set the maximum hop count specification value for *intra-area* routing, use the **decnet max-hops** command in global configuration mode.

decnet [network-number] max-hops hop-count

Syntax Description	network-number	(Optional) Network number in the range 0 to 3. Specified when using ATG.
	hop-count	Hop count from 1 to 30. Cisco IOS software ignores routes that have a hop count greater than the corresponding value of this parameter. The default is 30 hops.

Defaults network-number: 0 30 hops

Command ModesGlobal configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Examples

The following example sets the router to be a Level 1 router and then sets a maximum hop count of 2:

decnet node-type routing-iv decnet max-hops 2

Related Commands	Command	Description
	decnet max-cost	Sets the maximum cost specification for intra-area routing.
	decnet max-paths	Defines the maximum number of equal-cost paths to a destination that Cisco IOS software keeps in its routing table.
	decnet node-type	Specifies the node type.

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decnet max-paths

Note	

The **decnet max-paths** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To define the maximum number of equal-cost paths to a destination that Cisco IOS software keeps in its routing table, use the **decnet max-paths** command in global configuration mode.

decnet [network-number] max-paths value

Syntax Description	network-number	(Optional) Network number in the range 0 to 3. Specified when using ATG.
	value	Decimal number equal to the maximum number of equal-cost paths the software will save. The valid range is 1 to 31. The default is 1.
Defaults	network-number: 0	
	1 equal-cost path	
Command Modes	Global configuration	(config)
Command History	Release	Modification
-	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines	configurations. Addit	of equal-cost paths can save memory on routers with limited memory or very large ionally, in networks with a large number of multiple paths and end-systems with ne out-of-sequence packets, performance may suffer when traffic is split between
	failures transparently than the specified nur	he routing table does not affect the ability of your routers to recover from network , provided that you do not make the maximum number of paths too small. If more nber of equal-cost paths exist, and one of those paths suddenly becomes unusable, over an additional path from the paths it has been ignoring.
Examples	In the following example, the software will save no more than three equal-cost paths: decnet max-paths 3	

Related Commands

Commands	Command	Description
	decnet max-cost	Sets the maximum cost specification for intra-area routing.
	decnet max-hops	Sets the maximum hop count specification value for intra-area routing.
	decnet path-split-mode	Specifies how Cisco IOS software splits the routable packets between equal-cost paths.
	show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.
	show decnet route	Displays the DECnet routing table.

decnet max-visits

Note

The **decnet max-visits** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To set the limit on the number of times a packet can pass through a router, use the **decnet max-visits** command in global configuration mode.

decnet [network-number] max-visits value

Syntax Description	network-number	(Optional) Network number in the range 0 to 3. Specified when using ATG.
	value	Number of times a packet can pass through a router. It can be a decimal number in the range 1 to 63. If a packet exceeds <i>value</i> , Cisco IOS software discards the packet. Digital recommends that the value of the max-visits parameter be at least twice that of the max-hops parameter, to allow packets to still reach their destinations when routes are changing. The default is 63 times.
Defaults	network-number: 0	
	63 times	
	05 times	
Command Modes	Global configuration	(config)
		(config) Modification
	Global configuration	
Command Modes Command History	Global configuration	Modification
	Global configuration Release 10.0	Modification This command was introduced.

Examples

The following example of intra-area routing configuration specifies Level 1 routing, a maximum hop count of 28, and a maximum number of visits of 62 (which is more than twice 28):

decnet node-type routing-iv decnet max-hops 28 decnet max-visits 62

Related Commands	Command	Description
	decnet max-hops	Sets the maximum hop count specification value for intra-area routing.
	show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.
	show decnet traffic	Shows the DECnet traffic statistics (including datagrams sent, received, and

forwarded).

decnet multicast-map

Note	

The **decnet multicast-map** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To specify a mapping between DECnet multicast addresses and Token Ring functional addresses, other than the default mapping, use the **decnet multicast-map** command in interface configuration mode. To delete the specified information, use the **no** form of this command.

decnet multicast-map multicast-address-type functional-address

no decnet multicast-map multicast-address-type functional-address

	tional-address	 iv-all-routers (all Phase-IV routers) iv-all-endnodes (all Phase-IV end nodes) iv-prime-all-routers (all Phase IV Prime routers) Functional MAC address to which this multicast ID maps; in the form of "c000.xxxx.yyyy."
	tional-address	• iv-prime-all-routers (all Phase IV Prime routers) Functional MAC address to which this multicast ID maps; in the form of
	tional-address	Functional MAC address to which this multicast ID maps; in the form of
	tional-address	1
Defaults Enab		
Enuo	led, with the def	ault mapping listed in Table 2.
	face configuratio	
Command History Relea		Modification
10.0		This command was introduced.
	(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
$\frac{12.20}{12.23}$		This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

Routing multicasts and end node multicasts must be on different functional addresses. Table 2 shows the default mapping of DECnet multicast address types to Token Ring functional addresses.

DECnet Multicast Address Type	Token Ring Functional Address
L1 router L2 router	C000.1000.0000
End node	C000.0800.0000
DECnet Phase IV-Prime router	C000.1000.0000

Table 2Default Mapping of DECnet Multicast Address Types and Token Ring Functional Addresses

Examples

The following example configures Token Ring interface 1 for multicasts of all Phase IV end nodes and the multicast ID is configured to map to MAC address c000.2222.3333:

interface tokenring 1
 decnet multicast-map iv-all-endnodes c000.2222.3333

decnet node-type

To specify the node				
specify the hour	To specify the node type, use the decnet node-type command in global configuration mode.			
decnet [network	<i>a-number</i>] node-type { area routing-iv }			
network-number	(Optional) Network number in the range 0 to 3. Specified when using ATG. If not specified, the default is network 0.			
area	Router participates in the DECnet routing protocol with other area routers, as described in the Digital documentation, and routes packets from and to routers in other areas. This is sometimes referred to as Level 2 (or interarea) routing. An area router does not just handle interarea routing, it also acts as an intra-area or Level 1 router in its own area.			
routing-iv	Router acts as an intra-area (standard DECnet Phase IV, Level 1 router) and ignores Level 2 routing packets. In this mode, it routes packets destined for other areas to a designated interarea router, exchanging packets with other end nodes and routers in the same area.			
No node type is spec	zified.			
Global configuration	n (config)			
Release	Modification			
10.0	This command was introduced.			
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.			
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.			
	network-number area routing-iv No node type is spect Global configuration Release 10.0 12.2(33)SRA			

decnet node-type area

Related Commands	Command	Description
	decnet cost	Sets a cost value for an interface.
	decnet routing	Enables DECnet routing.
	show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

decnet out-routing-filter

Note	

The **decnet out-routing-filter** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To provide access control to routing information being sent out on an interface, use the **decnet out-routing-filter** command in interface configuration mode. To remove access control, use the **no** form of this command.

decnet out-routing-filter access-list-number

no decnet out-routing-filter

Syntax Descriptionaccess-list-numberStandard DECnet access list applying to source addresses. The value can be
in the range 300 to 399.

Defaults No access control to routing information is defined.

Command Modes Interface configuration (config-if)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2 S X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage Guidelines Addresses that fail this test are shown in the update message as unreachable.

Examples

The following example sets up Ethernet interface 1 with a DECnet out-routing filter of 351. This filter is applied to addresses in the transmitted routing updates. Transmitted hello messages are not filtered.

interface ethernet 1
 decnet out-routing-filter 351

Command	Description
access-list (DECnet standard)	Creates a standard access list.
decnet in-routing-filter	Provides access control to hello messages or routing information received on an interface.
show decnet interface	Displays the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces.

decnet path-split-mode

<u>Note</u>

The **decnet path-split-mode** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To specify how Cisco IOS software splits the routable packets between equal-cost paths, use the **decnet path-split-mode** command in global configuration mode.

decnet path-split-mode {normal | interim }

Syntax Description	normal	Normal mode, where equal-cost paths are selected on a round-robin basis. This is the default.
	interim	Traffic for any particular (higher-layer) session is always routed over the same path. This mode supports older implementations of DECnet (VMS Versions 4.5 and earlier) that do not support out-of-order packet caching. Other sessions may take another path, thus using equal-cost paths that a router may have for a particular destination.
Defaults	Normal mode	
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Examples	In the following example, a router will split routable packets between equal-cost paths using the round-robin (or first-come, first-served) basis:	
	decnet path-split-mode normal	
Related Commands	Command	Description
	decnet max-cost	Sets the maximum cost specification for intra-area routing.
		-

decnet pro	pagate stat	tic
 Note	The decnet propaga Cisco IOS 12.2SX re	te static command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later eleases.
	To enable static route propagation, use the decnet propagate static command in global c mode. To disable propagation, use the no form of this command.	
	decnet propaga	ite static
	no decnet propa	agate static
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.	
Defaults	No default routes are propagated.	
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	11.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on		This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines Examples	By default, DECnet static routes are not propagated to other routers. Use the decnet propagate static command to enable static route propagation. A default route is used only after DECnet conversion is checked. The following example enables static route propagation for the specified static and default routes: decnet propagate static ! decnet route 3.0 ethernet 0 aa00.0400.0404 decnet route 5.0 serial 0 decnet route 5.100 serial 2 decnet route default 2.100 decnet route 6.0 2.3 4 5	

Related Commands	Command	Description
	decnet route (interface static route)	Creates an interface static route.
	decnet route (specific static route)	Enters a specific static route.
	show decnet	Displays the global DECnet parameters.
	show decnet static	Displays all statically configured DECnet routes.

decnet route (interface static route)

Note	The decnet route (in and later Cisco IOS	nterface static route) command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH 12.2SX releases.
		e static route, use this version of the decnet route command in global configuration is route, use the no form of this command.
	decnet route de	ecnet-address next-hop-type number [snpa-address] [hops [cost]]
	no decnet rout	e decnet-address next-hop-type number
Syntax Description	decnet-address	DECnet address. This value is entered into a static routing table and used to match a destination DECnet address. Use a node address value of 0 to specify an area static route.
	next-hop-type	Interface type.
	number	Interface number.
	snpa-address	(Optional) Optional for serial links; required for multiaccess networks.
	hops	(Optional) Hop count to be associated with the route being advertised.
	cost	(Optional) Cost to be associated with the route being advertised.
Command Modes	cost: 0 No interface static r Global configuration	
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.3	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines	network, you receiv	y a Subnetwork Point of Attachment (SNPA) address when you have a multiaccess e an error message indicating a bad SNPA. By default, DECnet static routes are not routers. Use the decnet propagate static command to enable propagation.

Examples	The following example creates a static route for a serial interface. No SNPA need be specified for point-to-point interfaces. decnet route 3.1 serial 1 The following example creates a static route for an Ethernet interface. The SNPA must be specified for an interface that is not point-to-point.			
	decnet route 3.2 ethernet 1 aa00.0400.0104			
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	decnet propagate static	Enables static route propagation.		
	decnet route (specific static route)	Enters a specific static route.		
	decnet route default (interface default route)	Creates an interface default route.		
	decnet route default (specific default route)	Enters a specific default route.		
	show decnet static	Displays all statically configured DECnet routes.		

decnet route (specific static route)

<u>Note</u>	The decnet route (sp and later Cisco IOS 1	ecific static route) command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH 2.2SX releases.	
	To enter a specific static route, use this version of the decnet route command in global configuration mode. DECnet addresses that match are forwarded to the <i>next-hop-address</i> . To remove this route, use the no form of this command.		
	decnet route dec	net-address next-hop-address [hops [cost]]	
	no decnet route	decnet-address next-hop-address	
Syntax Description	decnet-address	DECnet address. This value is entered into a static routing table and used to match a destination DECnet address. Use a node address value of 0 to specify an area static route.	
	next-hop-address	This value is used to establish the next hop of the route for forwarding packets.	
	hops	(Optional) Hop count to be associated with the route being advertised. Default is 0.	
	cost	(Optional) Cost to be associated with the route being advertised. Default is 0.	
Defaults	No interface static routes are created.		
Command Modes	Global configuration (config)		
Command History	Release	Modification	
	10.3	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.	
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.	
Usage Guidelines	Area static routes can	be configured by specifying a DECnet node address of 0. By default, DECnet static	

routes are not propagated to other routers. Use the **decnet propagate static** command to enable propagation.

Examples

The following example creates a static route for 1.1 that points to 1.9 and uses default values of 0 for the *hops* and *cost* arguments:

decnet route 1.1 1.9

The following example creates a static route for 3.100 that points to 3.4 and specifies values for the *hops* and *cost*:

decnet route 3.100 3.4 9 8

The following example creates a static route for area 1 that points to 2.999:

decnet route 1.0 2.999

Related Commands

Command	Description
decnet propagate static	Enables static route propagation.
decnet route (interface static route)	Creates an interface static route.
decnet route default (interface default route)	Creates an interface default route.
decnet route default (specific default route)	Enters a specific default route.
show decnet static	Displays all statically configured DECnet routes.

decnet route default (interface default route)

Note

The **decnet route default (interface default route)** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To create an interface default route, use this version of the **decnet route default** command in global configuration mode. To remove this route, use the **no** form of this command.

decnet route default next-hop-type number [snpa-address] [hops [cost]]

no decnet route default next-hop-type number

Syntax Description	next-hop-type	Interface type.
	number	Interface number.
	snpa-address	(Optional) Optional for serial links; required for multiaccess networks.
	hops	(Optional) Hop count to be associated with the route being advertised. Default is 0.
	cost	(Optional) Cost to be associated with the route being advertised. Default is 0.

Defaults No interface default routes are created.

Command Modes Global configuration (config)

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Usage Guidelines

If you do not specify an SNPA address when you have a multiaccess network, you receive an error message indicating a bad SNPA.

A default route is used only after DECnet conversion is checked. DECnet default routes are not propagated to other routers.

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Examples	The following example creates a default route for a serial interface. No SNPA need be specified for point-to-point interfaces.			
	decnet route default serial 1			
	The following example creates a default route for an Ethernet interface. The SNPA must be specified for an interface that is not point-to-point.			
	decnet route default ethernet 1 aa00.0400.0104			
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	decnet propagate static	Enables static route propagation.		
	decnet route (interface static route)	Creates an interface static route.		
	decnet route default (interface default route)	Creates an interface default route.		
	decnet route default (specific default route)	Enters a specific default route.		
	show decnet static	Displays all statically configured DECnet routes.		

decnet route default (specific default route)

Note		fault (specific default route) command is not available in Cisco IOS I and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
		o enter a specific default route, use this version of the decnet route default command in global onfiguration mode. To remove this route, use the no form of this command.			
	decnet route default next-hop-address [hops [cost]]				
	no decnet route	default next-hop-address			
Syntax Description	next-hop-address	This value is used to establish the next hop of the route for forwarding packets.			
	hops	(Optional) Hop count to be associated with the route being advertised. Default is 0.			
	cost	(Optional) Cost to be associated with the route being advertised. Default is 0.			
Defaults	hops: 0				
	cost: 0				
	No interface default r	outes are created.			
Command Modes	Global configuration	(config)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	10.3	This command was introduced.			
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.			
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.			
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
Usage Guidelines		ed only after DECnet conversion is checked. By default, DECnet static routes are			
	not propagated to other routers. Use the decnet propagate static command to enable propagation. DECnet packets not for the current area are forwarded to the <i>next-hop-address</i> .				
Examples	The following example creates a default route for 1.3, which uses default values of 0 for hops and cost:				
decnet route default 1.3		-			

Related Commands

ls	Command	Description
	decnet propagate static	Enables static route propagation.
	decnet route (interface static route)	Creates an interface static route.
	decnet route (specific static route)	Enters a specific static route.
	decnet route default (interface default route)	Creates an interface default route.
	show decnet static	Displays all statically configured DECnet routes.

decnet route-cache

Note	The decnet route-cache command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
		To enable fast switching, use the decnet route-cache command in interface configuration mode. To disable fast switching, use the no form of this command.		
	decnet route-c	ache		
	no decnet rout	te-cache		
Syntax Description	This command has	no arguments or keywords.		
Defaults	Enabled			
Command Modes	Interface configura	tion (config-if)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	10.0	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	12.2(33)SX	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		
Usage Guidelines	By default, Cisco's DECnet routing software implements fast switching of DECnet datagrams. There are times when it makes sense to disable fast switching. This is especially important when using rates slower than T1.			
	Fast switching uses memory space on interface cards. In situations where a high-bandwidth interface is writing large amounts of information to a low-bandwidth interface, additional memory could help avoid congestion on the slow interface.			
	route-cache comm configured on the t	hat has DECnet traffic passing through a GRE tunnel interface and the decnet and enabled, loss of connectivity over the tunnel may occur after a tunnel key is unnel interface. If this occurs, enter the no decnet route-cache command on the llowed by the decnet route-cache command to clear the problem.		

Examples

The following example disables fast switching on Ethernet interface 0:

interface ethernet 0
 no decnet route-cache

decnet router-priority

The **decnet router-priority** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To elect a designated router to which packets are sent when no destination is specified, use the **decnet router-priority** command in interface configuration mode.

decnet router-priority value

Syntax Description	value	Priority of the router. This can be a number in the range 0 to 127. The larger the number the higher the priority.
Defaults	64	
Command Modes	Interface configurat	tion (config-if)
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Usage Guidelines	know where else to the router with the h area share the same	ter is the router to which all end nodes on an Ethernet communicate if they do not send a packet. The designated router is chosen through an election process in which ighest priority gets the job. When two or more routers on a single Ethernet in a single highest priority, the unit with the highest node number is elected. You can reset a help ensure that it is elected designated router in its area.
	On a LAN with both becomes the design	h DECnet IV and DECnet IV Prime hosts, make sure that a bilingual router always ated router.
	reach a particular sy	as use the designated router only when they have no other information about how to ystem. The end systems maintain a cache of how to reach other systems on the contains the following information:
	<remote de<="" system="" td=""><td>Cnet address> <next address="" decnet="" hop=""></next></td></remote>	Cnet address> <next address="" decnet="" hop=""></next>
	source address, and	n receives a packet, it examines three pieces of information: the intra-LAN bit, the the previous hop. If the intra-LAN bit is set, indicating that the packet has never left the remote system is reachable without a router), a cache entry is created as follows:

<u>)</u> Note

<remote system DECnet address> = <source address> <next hop DECnet address> = <source address>

If the intra-LAN bit is not set, indicating that the packet has come from another network, the cache entry is created as follows:

<remote system DECnet address> = <source address> <next hop DECnet address> = <previous hop>

If there is no cache entry, then the designated router is used. This means that when starting a session, the designated router is used, but the reverse traffic will populate a cache entry so that the router can later communicate directly.

A DECnet IV Prime end node sends a packet to the Unknown Destination multicast if it has no cache entry for the destination and has no designated router.

Examples

The following example sets DECnet priority for this router to 110 on Ethernet interface 1:

interface ethernet 1
 decnet router-priority 110

decnet routing

Note	The decnet routing command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
		To enable DECnet routing, use the decnet routing command in global configuration mode. To disable DECnet routing, use the no form of this command.		
	decnet [network	-number] routing [iv-prime] decnet-address		
	no decnet routing			
Syntax Description	network-number	(Optional) Network number in the range 0 to 3. Specified when using ATG. If not specified, the default is network 0.		
	iv-prime	(Optional) Enables DECnet Phase IV Prime routing.		
	decnet-address	Address in DECnet format X.Y, where X is the area number and Y is the node number.		
Command Modes	Global configuration	(config)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	10.0	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		
Usage Guidelines	equipped with nonvo	anges the MAC addresses of the router's interfaces. This is not a problem on routers latile memory. On systems that attempt to get their IP network addresses from er than from nonvolatile memory, there may be a problem as with the hardware		

addresses changing and confusing other IP-speaking hosts. This potential problem can be avoided by

configuring and enabling DECnet before enabling other protocols.

Note	networks, use the decr	to four DECnet networks (numbered 0 to 3). To set up multiple DECnet net global configuration commands with the appropriate network number and ork number is omitted from the commands, network 0 is configured for DECnet	
	DECnet Phase IV Prime eliminates the DEC addressing restrictions so that DECnet nodes can coexist with systems running other protocols that have other MAC address restrictions. If iv-prime is not specified, only Phase IV is enabled; configuring the MAC address will then make DECnet inoperable. The standard "AA-00-04-00" form will be set as the address of the interface on which DECnet is enabled. If Phase IV Prime was already running and this command is reissued without the iv-prime keyword (that is, going from Phase IV Prime to Phase IV), the command returns an error if any of the interfaces that have DECnet enabled have MAC addresses that are not compliant with DECnet Phase IV, requiring the user to evaluate conflicting interface commands. The no form of this command disables Phase IV and Phase IV Prime routing.		
Examples	The following example enables DECnet routing for the router in area 21 with node number 456: decnet routing 21.456		
Related Commands	Command	Description	
	decnet cost	Sets a cost value for an interface.	
	decnet node-type	Specifies the node type.	

decnet routing-timer

Note	The decnet routing-timer command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases. To specify how often Cisco IOS software sends routing updates that list the hosts that the router can reach, use the decnet routing-timer command in interface configuration mode. To disable the routing update timer, use the no form of this command.		
	decnet routin	g-timer seconds	
	no decnet rou	ting-timer	
Syntax Description	seconds	Time, in seconds, from 1 to 65,535. The default is 40 seconds.	
Defaults	40 seconds		
Command Modes	Interface configura	ation (config-if)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	10.0	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.	
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.	
Usage Guidelines	Other routers use this information to construct local routing tables. In a network where changes occur infrequently or do not need to be responded to immediately (it is small and uncomplicated, applications are not particularly sensitive to delays or occasional packet loss, slow serial links, and so on), increasing the time between routing updates reduces the amount of unnecessary network traffic. Digital calls this argument the <i>broadcast routing timer</i> because they use a different timer for serial lines; Cisco's DECnet implementation does not make this distinction.		
Examples	The following example (120 seconds):	mple sets a serial interface to broadcast routing updates every 2 minutes	
	interface serial 0 decnet routing-timer 120		

decnet split-horizon

Note	The decnet split-horizon command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
		To use split horizon when sending routing updates, use the decnet split-horizon command in interface configuration mode. To disable split horizon, use the no form of this command.		
	decnet split-ho	prizon		
	no decnet split	-horizon		
Syntax Description	This command has	no arguments or keywords.		
Defaults	Enabled			
Command Modes	Interface configurat	tion (config-if)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	10.2	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		
Usage Guidelines	The decnet split-ho resent on the same	prizon command also affects whether broadcast packets received on an interface are interface.		
	sent out an interface interface. When you any information tha on the receiving inter networks, or are ful is a waste of networ information. Disabl	prizon command determines how much information is included in routing updates e. It also determines whether received broadcasts are retransmitted on the same a enable split horizon, routing updates sent out on a given interface will not include t was originally learned from that interface, and broadcasts will not be retransmitted erface. This is because split horizon is designed for networks that are either broadcast ly connected mesh networks. In these types of networks, resending this information rk bandwidth because all other stations on that network have already heard the ing split horizon causes Cisco IOS software to include all information in routing end broadcast packets on the network from which they were received.		
		mmand on any interface, but generally it makes sense to use it only for X.25 and ices. You should disable split horizon on X.25 and Frame Relay networks that are not sh topologies.		

Examples

The following example disables split horizon on an X.25 network:

interface serial 0
 no decnet split-horizon

lat host-de	elay	
 Note	The lat host-delay Cisco IOS 12.2SX	command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later releases.
		acknowledgment for incoming local-area transport (LAT) slave connections, use the mand in global configuration mode. To restore the default, use the no form of this
	lat host-delay	number
	no host-delay	
Syntax Description	number	Delay, in milliseconds.
Defaults	Disabled	
Command Modes	Global configuration	on (config)
Command History	Release	Modification
-	10.3	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Examples	The following exan 100 milliseconds: lat host-delay 10	nple sets the acknowledgment for incoming LAT slave connections to

lat service autocommand

Note	The lat service autocommand command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
		To associate a command with a service, use the lat service autocommand command in global configuration mode. To remove the specified autocommand, use the no form of this command.		
	lat service serv	vice-name autocommand command		
	no lat service .	service-name autocommand command		
Syntax Description	service-name	Name of the service.		
	command	Command to be associated with the service.		
Defaults	No commands are a	automatically associated with a service.		
Command Modes	Global configuration	on (config)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	10.0	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		
Usage Guidelines	When an inbound connection is received for the specified service, the command associated with the service is automatically executed instead of the user receiving a virtual terminal session.			
	Authentication is b	ypassed for these services; only the LAT password is checked.		
Note	Do not use this opt	ion with the rotary keyword.		
Examples	-	nple associates the command telnet ramana to the service RAMANA: A autocommand telnet ramana		

mop enabled

To enable an interface to support the Maintenance Operation Protocol (MOP), use the **mop enabled** command in interface configuration mode. To disable MOP on an interface, use the **no** form of this command.

mop enabled

no mop enabled

Syntax Description	This command has no	arguments or keywords.
--------------------	---------------------	------------------------

Defaults Enabled on Ethernet interfaces and disabled on all other interfaces.

Command Modes Interface configuration (config-if)

Command History	Release	Modification		
	10.0	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
Examples	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	The following example enables MOP for serial interface 0: Router(config)# interface serial 0 Router(config-if)# mop enabled			
Usage Guidelines	To disable MOP packets mop enabled command	s on member links, disable MOP on the port-channel interface by using the no l.		
Related Commands	Command	Description		
	mop retransmit-timer	Configures the length of time that the Cisco IOS software waits before sending boot requests again to a MOP server		

	sending boot requests again to a MOP server.
mop retries	Configures the number of times the Cisco IOS software will send boot requests again to a MOP server.
mop sysid	Enables an interface to send out periodic MOP system identification
	messages.

show decnet accounting

<u>Note</u>

The **show decnet accounting** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To display the active accounting or checkpointed database, use the **show decnet accounting** command in EXEC mode.

show decnet accounting [checkpoint]

Syntax Description	checkpoint (Optional) Displays entries in the checkpoint database.	

Command Modes EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2 F	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Examples

This sample output from the **show decnet accounting** command shows accounting data collected for traffic passing between the DECnet address pair 27.100 and 27.107:

Router# show decnet accounting

 Source
 Destination
 Bytes
 Packets

 27.100
 27.107
 145
 5

 27.107
 27.100
 500
 5

Accounting data age is 5

Table 3 describes the fields shown in the display.

Table 3show decnet accounting Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Source	Source address of the packet.
Destination	Destination address of the packet.
Bytes	Number of bytes transmitted from the source address to the destination address.

L

Field	Description
Packets	Number of packets transmitted from the source address to the destination address.
Accounting data age is	Time reported since the accounting database has been cleared. It can be in one of the following formats: <i>mm</i> , <i>hh:mm</i> , <i>dd:hh</i> , and <i>ww:dd</i> , where <i>m</i> is minutes, <i>h</i> is hours, <i>d</i> is days, and <i>w</i> is weeks.

Table 3show decnet accounting Field Descriptions

Related Commands

Command	Description
clear decnet accounting	Deletes all entries in the accounting database when DECnet accounting is enabled.
decnet accounting	Enables DECnet accounting.
decnet accounting list	Specifies the source and destination address pairs for which DECnet accounting information is kept.
decnet accounting threshold	Sets the maximum number of accounting database entries.
decnet accounting transits	Sets the maximum number of transit entries that will be stored in the DECnet accounting database.

show decnet interface

The **show decnet interface** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To display the global DECnet status and configuration for all interfaces, or the status and configuration for a specified interface, use the **show decnet interface** command in EXEC mode.

show decnet interface [type number]

Syntax Description	type	(Optional) Interface type.
	number	(Optional) Interface number.
Command Modes	EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.
Examples	The following is sample output from the show decnet interface command: Router# show decnet interface	
	Local address i	ameters for network 0: s 19.15, node type is area 350, maximum area is 63, maximum visits is 63

<u>Note</u>

Table 4 describes significant fields shown in the display.

Field	Description
Global DECnet parameters for network 0:	Indicates the DECnet network number of the network being described.
Local address is 19.15	DECnet address of the router.
node type is area	Indicates the DECnet node type with which the interface has been configured. Possible values include area (area router) or routing-iv (intra-area router).
Maximum node is 350	Highest node number that the router will recognize.
maximum area is 63	Indicates the maximum DECnet area number, which is used to control the size of internal routing tables and messages sent to other routers. Range: 1 to 63. Default: 63.
maximum visits is 63	Indicates the maximum number of times (visits) a packet can pass through a router. Range: 1 to 63. Default: 63.
Maximum paths is 1	Indicates the maximum number of equal-cost paths the router will save. Range: 1 to 31. Default: 1.
path split mode is normal	Indicates how the router splits the routable packets among equal-cost paths. Possible values: normal (default) or interim.
Local maximum cost is 1022	For intra-area routes. Router ignores routes in its area that have a cost greater than this value.
maximum hops is 30	Indicates the maximum number of hops for a usable route within the local area. The router ignores routes within the local area that use more than this number of hops.
Area maximum cost is 1022	Indicates the maximum cost specification for interarea routing. The router ignores routes to other areas that have a cost greater than this value. Range: 1 to 1022: Default: 1022.
maximum hops is 30	Indicates the maximum number of hops for a usable route to other areas. The router ignores routes to other areas that use more than this number of hops.
Ethernet 0 is up	Indicates whether the interface hardware is currently active and if it has been taken down by an administrator.
line protocol is up	Indicates whether the software processes that handle the line protocol believe the interface is usable (that is, whether keepalives are successful).
encapsulation is ARPA	Indicates the encapsulation type.
Interface cost is 4	Indicates the cost that has been assigned to this interface using the decnet cost interface configuration command.
priority is 64	Indicates the priority that has been assigned to this router on this interface. End systems select the router with the highest priority as their designated router.
DECnet network: 0	Indicates that this interface is on DECnet network 0. This fact is significant only if ATG is turned on.

 Table 4
 show decnet interface Field Descriptions – Unspecified Interface

Field	Description
The designated router is 1.3	Indicates the designated router on this particular LAN.
Sending HELLOs every 15 seconds	Indicates the frequency of hello packets.
routing updates 40 seconds	Indicates the frequency of routing updates.
Smallest router blocksize seen is 1498 bytes	Indicates the largest size of packets being sent on all routers on the LAN.
Routing input list is not set, output list is not set	Indicates that no access restrictions on incoming (or outgoing) router update or hello messages have been set for this interface.
Access list is not set	Indicates that no access lists have been configured for the interface.
DECnet fast switching is enabled	Indicates that fast switching is enabled.
Number of L1 router adjacencies is : 3	Indicates how many Level 1 adjacencies the router has on this interface.
Number of non-PhaseIV+ router adjacencies is: 3	Number of L1 and L2 routers on this interface that are not running Phase IV+.
Number of PhaseIV+ router adjacencies is: 0	Number of L2 routers on this interface that are running Phase IV+.
Router is bilingual	The router's MAC address on this interface is Phase IV-compatible (that is, it takes the form AA-00-04-00-xx-yy or 55-00-20-00-aa-bb on interfaces where the address is bit swapped). This means that the router behaves as both a Phase IV and a Phase IV Prime router.

Table 4 show decnet interface Field Descriptions – Unspecified Interface (continued)

The following is sample output from the **show decnet interface** command when you specify an interface:

```
Router# show decnet interface ethernet 0
```

```
Ethernet0 is up, line protocol is up, encapsulation is ARPA
Interface cost is 4, priority is 64, DECnet network: 0
The designated router is 1.3
Sending HELLOS every 15 seconds, routing updates 40 seconds
Smallest router blocksize seen is 1498 bytes
Routing input list is not set, output list is not set
Access list is not set
DECnet fast switching is enabled
Number of L1 router adjacencies is: 1
Number of non-PhaseIV+ router adjacencies is: 3
Number of PhaseIV+ router adjacencies is: 0
Router is bilingual
```

Table 5 describes significant fields shown in the display.

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Field	Description
Ethernet 0 is up	Indicates whether the interface hardware is currently active and if it has been taken down by an administrator.
line protocol is up	Indicates whether the software processes that handle the line protocol believe the interface is usable (that is, whether keepalives are successful).
encapsulation is ARPA	Indicates the encapsulation type.
Interface cost is 4	Indicates the cost that has been assigned to this interface using the decnet cost interface configuration command.
priority is 64	Indicates the priority that has been assigned to this router on this interface. End systems select the router with the highest priority as their designated router.
DECnet network: 0	Indicates that this interface is on DECnet network 0. This fact is significant only if ATG is turned on.
The designated router is 1.3	Indicates the designated router on this particular LAN.
Sending HELLOs every 15 seconds	Indicates the frequency of hello packets.
routing updates 40 seconds	Indicates the frequency of routing updates.
Smallest router blocksize seen is 1498 bytes	Indicates the largest size of packets being sent on all routers on the LAN.
Routing input list is not set, output list is not set	Indicates that no access restrictions on incoming (or outgoing) router update or hello messages have been set for this interface.
Access list is not set	Indicates that no access lists have been configured for the interface.
DECnet fast switching is enabled	Indicates that fast switching is enabled.
Number of L1 router adjacencies is : 1	Indicates how many Level 1 adjacencies the router has on this interface.
Number of non-PhaseIV+ router adjacencies is: 3	Number of L1 and L2 routers on this interface that are not running Phase IV+.
Number of PhaseIV+ router adjacencies is: 0	Number of L2 routers on this interface that are running Phase IV+.
Router is bilingual	The router's MAC address on this interface is Phase IV-compatible (that is, it takes the form AA-00-04-00-xx-yy or 55-00-20-00-aa-bb on interfaces where the address is bit swapped). This means that the router behaves as both a Phase IV and a Phase IV Prime router.

Table 5	show decnet interface Field Descriptions—Specified Interface
10010 0	

show decnet map

Note	The show decnet map command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.	
		ldress mapping information used by the DECnet Address Translation Gateway, use the \mathbf{p} command in EXEC mode.
	show decne	t map
Syntax Description	This command h	as no arguments or keywords.
Command Modes	EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.

10.0	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show decnet map** command:

Router# show decnet map

Net Node -> Net Node Uses Cost Hops 0 1.100 1 2.100 0

Table 6 describes significant fields shown in the display.

Table 6show decnet map Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Net Node -> Net Node	Network number and node address.
Uses	Number of times this map was used.
Cost	Cost associated with the route.
Hops	Number of hops to destination mode.

show decnet neighbors

<u>Note</u>

The **show decnet neighbors** command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

To display all Phase IV and Phase IV Prime adjacencies and the MAC address associated with each neighbor, use the **show decnet neighbors** command in privileged EXEC mode.

show decnet neighbors

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC (#)

Command History	Release	Modification
	10.0	This command was introduced.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.

Examples

The following is sample output from the **show decnet neighbors** command:

Router# show decnet neighbors

Net	Node	Interface	MAC address	Flags
0	3.11	Ethernet0	aa00.0400.0b0c	A
0	1.1	Ethernet0	aa00.0400.0104	V
0	1.3	Ethernet1	aa00.0400.0304	V
0	1.6	Ethernet1	aa00.0400.0604	V
0	2.2	TokenRing	5500.2000.4020	V IV-PRIME

Table 7 describes the fields shown in the display.

Table 7show decnet neighbors Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Net	Number of the DECnet network this adjacency is in.
Node	DECnet address of the adjacency.
Interface	Interface over which this adjacency was heard.

Field	Description
MAC address	MAC address that this adjacency is using on this interface.
Flags	A: L2 adjacency. V: L1 adjacency. IV-PRIME: DECnet Phase IV Prime adjacency.

Table 7	show decnet neighbors Field Descriptions
---------	--

show decnet route

Note	The show decnet route command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
	To display the DEC	net routing table, use the show decnet route command in EXEC mode.		
	show decnet ro	ute [decnet-address]		
Syntax Description	decnet-address	(Optional) Displays the DECnet address and, when specified, the first hop route to that address.		
Command Modes	EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
	10.0	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		
Examples	The following is san	nple output from the show decnet route command when a DECnet address name is		
	not specified, so the entire routing table is displayed:			
	Router# show decne	et route		
	Area Cost	Hops Next Hop to Node Expires Prio		

Area	Cost	Hops	Next Hop to Node Expires Prio
1	4	1	Ethernet1 -> 1.300 26 64 A
*1	4	1	Ethernet1 -> 1.400 37 64 A
*2	8	2	Ethernet1 -> 1.400
*5	0	0	(Local) -> 5.5
*10	4	1	Ethernet2 -> 10.1 36 64 A
*13	11	3	Ethernet1 -> 1.400
*44	22	6	Ethernet1 -> 1.400
*51	18	4	Ethernet1 -> 1.400
*61	1	1	(OSI) -> 5.5
*62	1	1	(OSI) -> 5.5
*3	0	0	(STATIC) Ethernet0, snpa aa00.0400.0404
*4	0	0	(STATIC) Serial0
* 6	5	4	(STATIC) forwarding to 2.3
Node	Cost	Hops	Next Hop to Node Expires Prio
		-	
*(Area)	0	0	(Local) -> 5.5
*5.5	0	0	(Local) -> 5.5 32 64 A+
. ,		-	

DEFAULT: 0 0 using next hop address of 2.100

As the display shows, the **show decnet route** command can display more than one route for a destination when equal-cost paths have been set with the **decnet max-paths** global configuration command and when there is more than one equal-cost path to a destination. The display also shows that this node is an area router.

Table 8 describes significant fields shown in the display.

Table 8show decnet route Field Descriptions

Field	Description
*	Currently selected route for a particular destination. In interim mode, the selected route will never appear to change.
Node	DECnet address of this (reachable) destination.
(Area)	All Level 1 routes are displayed in this section except for this the first entry, which points to the nearest Level 2 router.
Cost	Assigned cost for the interface, based on a recommended value for the underlying media. Range: 1 to 63. No default.
Hops	Number of hops to this node from the router being monitored.
Next Hop to Node	DECnet address of the next hop a packet will take to get to the final destination as well as the interface.
(Local)	The address that the router is configured with.
(OSI)	Indicates that this route is an OSI injected route - that is it comes from CLNS due to DECnet phase IV/DECnet phase V conversion.
(STATIC)	Indicates that this entry was created by the decnet route command.
Expires	Displays how many seconds from now this entry expires.
Prio	Router priority of this node.
V	Adjacent Level 1 router.
A+	Adjacent Level 2 (area) router. A indicates that this is an adjacency created from a Phase IV hello, and A+ indicates that this is an adjacency created from a Phase IV+ hello.

show decnet static

Note	The show decnet static command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.				
	To display all static EXEC mode.	To display all statically configured DECnet routes, use the show decnet static command in privileged EXEC mode.			
	show decnet st	atic			
Syntax Description	This command has	no arguments or keywords.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#	ŧ)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
-	11.1	This command was introduced.			
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.			
	12.2SX This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature s platform, and platform hardware.				
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
Usage Guidelines	DECnet routing is t	e stored in a static route queue, which allows static routes to be reinstated when surned off then on again. e static route queue will show up in the routing table. This happens under the as:			
	• The router is a 1.1:	Level 1 router and any of the following apply. Assume the router DECnet address is			
	- A Level 2	area static route is configured.			
	decnet rou	ute 2.0 1.2			
	- A static ro	ute is configured not in the same area as the router.			
	decnet rou	ute 3.10 1.200			
		ute is configured for the same address as the router.			
	• The router is a	Level 2 router and any of the following apply. Assume the router DECnet address is			

- A Level 1 static router is not in the same area as the router.

2.1:

decnet route 4.1 10.200

- A static route appears because a Level 2 route is installed to area 4. decnet route 4.0 10.200
- A Level 2 static route is configured for the router's own area.
 decnet route 2.0 10.200
- A static route is configured for the same address as the router.
 decnet route 2.1 5.4

Examples The following is sample output from the **show decnet static** command:

Router# show decnet static

Address	Cost	Hops	Next hop	SNPA
3	0	0	Ethernet0	aa00.0400.0404
5	0	0	Serial0	
5.100	0	0	Serial2	
DEFAULT	0	0	2.100	
6	5	4	2.3	

Note that this router is a Level 2 router with a DECnet address of 1.2, so a static route configured for 5.100 is not relevant here. This route appears in the **show decnet static** command display, but not in the routing table.

show decnet traffic

Note	The show decnet traffic command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases. To show the DECnet traffic statistics (including datagrams sent, received, and forwarded), use the show decnet traffic command in EXEC mode. show decnet traffic			
Syntax Description	This command has	no arguments or keywords.		
Command Modes	EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification		
-	10.0	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		
Examples	The following is sat	mple output from the show decnet traffic command:		

Total: 42 received, 0 format errors, 0 unimplemented 0 not a gateway, 0 no memory, 0 no routing vector 0 congestion encountered Hellos: 21 received, 0 bad, 0 other area, 16 sent Level 1 routing: 14 received, 0 bad, 0 other area, 16 sent Level 2 routing: 7 received, 0 not primary router, 8 sent Data: 0 received, 0 not long format, 0 too many visits 0 forwarded, 0 returned, 0 converted, 0 local destination 0 access control failed, 0 no route, 0 encapsulation failed 0 inactive network, 0 incomplete map

Table 9 describes the fields shown in the display.

Table 9 show decnet traffic Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Total:	Displays the totals of packet types received.
received	Total of all types of DECnet packets received.

Field	Description
format errors	Lists the number of packets that appeared to be DECnet, but were formatted incorrectly. The number in the received field includes these packets.
0 unimplemented	Reports the number of incoming packets that are DECnet control packets, and how many specify a service that the router does not implement. This includes services implemented to forward Level 1 and Level 2 routing information, and router and end-system hello packets.
0 not a gateway	Reports the total number of packets received while not routing DECnet.
0 no memory	Records transaction attempts when the system has run out of memory.
0 no routing vector	Indicates that either a routing update came in from another router when the router did not have an adjacency for it, or it had no routing vector for the type of routing update. Use the debug decnet-routing EXEC command for more information.
0 congestion encountered	Number of times the DECnet output process encounters a nonempty interface output queue.
HELLOs:	Displays the number of hello messages received and sent.
received	Displays the total number of hello messages received. All protocol types are included.
bad	Displays the total number of "bad" hello messages received. Invoke the EXEC command debug decnet to display more information about why the hello message was judged as bad.
other area	Displays the total number of hello messages received from nodes on other areas when the router is a Level 1 router only.
sent	Displays the total number of hello messages sent.
Level 1 routing:	Displays the Level 1 routing updates received and sent.
received	Displays the total number of Level 1 routing updates received.
bad	Displays the total number of Level 1 updates received that were judged to be bad.
other area	Displays the total number of Level 1 updates from nodes in other areas.
sent	Displays the total number of Level 1 updates sent.
Level 2 routing:	Displays the Level 2 routing updates received and sent.
received	Displays the total number of Level 2 updates received.
not primary router	Should always be zero.
sent	Displays the total number of Level 2 updates sent.
Data:	Displays the number of data packets received and sent.
received	Displays the total number of noncontrol (data) packets received.

 Table 9
 show decnet traffic Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
not long format	Displays the number of packets received which are not in the long DECnet format. This number should always be zero. If it is not, investigate the source of the improperly formatted packets.
too many visits	Lists the number of packets received which have visited too many routers and have been flushed.
forwarded	Lists the total number of packets forwarded.
returned	Lists the total number of packets returned to the sender at the senders' request.
converted	Displays the number of Phase IV packets converted to Phase V packets.
local destination	Packets received that are destined for this router.
access control failed	Lists the packets dropped because access control required it.
no route	Lists the total packets dropped because the router did not know where to forward them.
encapsulation failed	Lists the number of packets that could not be encapsulated. This usually happens where there are entries missing in a map for a public data network, such as X.25 or Frame Relay. This can also occur if an interface is set for an encapsulation for which there is no defined DECnet encapsulation, such as Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) on serial interfaces.
inactive network	Displays the number of packets that appear to come from a known interface, or that ATG returned because they did not make sense.
incomplete map	Counts the number of packets that failed address translation. This usually means a node that is not in the ATG map is trying to access a node in another network advertised by the ATG.

 Table 9
 show decnet traffic Field Descriptions (continued)

show decnet

Note	The show decnet command is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.			
	To display the global DECnet parameters, use the show decnet command in privileged EXEC mode. show decnet			
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#	ŧ)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	10.0	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
	12.2(33)SXH	This command was removed. It is not available in Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SXH and later Cisco IOS 12.2SX releases.		
Examples	The following is sa	mple output from the show decnet command:		
	Global DECnet parameters for network 0: Local address is 19.15, node type is area (Phase-IV Prime) Level-2 'Attached' flag is FALSE, nearest level-2 router is 19.5 Maximum node is 350, maximum area is 63, maximum visits is 63 Maximum paths is 1, path split mode is normal Local maximum cost is 1022, maximum hops is 30 Area maximum cost is 1022, maximum hops is 30 Static routes *NOT* being sent in routing updates Default route configured; next hop address of 2.100			
	Table 10 describes significant fields shown in the display.			

Table 10show decnet Field Descriptions

Field	Description
Global DECnet parameters for network 0:	Indicates the DECnet network number of the network being described.
Local address is 19.15	DECnet address.

Field	Description
node type is area	Indicates the DECnet node type with which the interface has been configured. Possible values include area (area router) or routing-iv (intra-area router).
Level-2 'Attached' flag is FALSE	(DECnet Level-2 routers only) Indicates that this Level-2 router is not "attached" (can not reach other DECnet Phase IV areas). If the "Attached" flag is TRUE, the router has reachability to other areas.
	If the "Attached" flag is FALSE, other displays on this line are the following:
	• Nearest Level-2 router is NONE—(DECnet Level-1 routers only) Indicates that this Level-1 router has not heard from any eligible Level-2 router (to send out-of-area packets to).
	• Nearest Level-2 router is 1.200—(DECnet Level-1 routers only) Indicates that this router's nearest Level-2 router is 1.200. Any packets received by this router destined for other areas are sent to 1.200.
(Phase-IV Prime)	Indicates that the router is running DECnet Phase IV Prime routing.
Maximum node is 350	Highest node number that the router will recognize.
maximum area is 63	Indicates the maximum DECnet area number, which is used to control the size of internal routing tables and messages sent to other routers. Range: 1 to 63. Default: 63.
maximum visits is 63	Indicates the maximum number of times (visits) a packet can pass through a router. Range: 1 to 63. Default: 63.
Maximum paths is 1	Indicates the maximum number of equal-cost paths the router will save. Range: 1 to 31. Default: 1.
path split mode is normal	Indicates how the router splits the routable packets among equal-cost paths. Possible values: normal (default) or interim.
Local maximum cost is 1022	For intra-area routes. Router ignores routes in its area that have a cost greater than this value.
maximum hops is 30	Indicates the maximum number of hops for a usable route within the local area. The router ignores routes within the local area that use more than this number of hops.
Area maximum cost is 1022	Indicates the maximum cost specification for interarea routing. The router ignores routes to other areas that have a cost greater than this value. Range: 1 to 1022: Default: 1022.
maximum hops is 30	Indicates the maximum number of hops for a usable route to other areas. The router ignores routes to other areas that use more than this number of hops.

 Table 10
 show decnet Field Descriptions (continued)

Field	Description
Static routes *NOT* being sent in routing updates	Indicates static routes are not included in routing updates.
Default route configured; next hop address of 2.100	Indicates a default route is configured on this router and shows the next hop address.