

# **MTR Support for Multicast**

The MTR Support for Multicast feature provides Multitopology Routing (MTR) support for multicast and allows you to control the path of multicast traffic in the network. This module describes how to configure MTR support for multicast.

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## **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see **Bug Search** Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

# **Restrictions for MTR Support for Multicast**

Only a single multicast topology can be configured, and only the **topology base** command can be entered when the multicast topology is created.

## Information About MTR Support for Multicast

### **Overview of Multicast MTR in VRF**

Cisco software supports legacy (pre-Multitopology Routing (MTR) IP multicast behavior by default. MTR support for IP multicast must be explicitly enabled. Legacy IP multicast uses reverse path forwarding (RPF) on routes in the unicast Routing Information Base (RIB) to build multicast distribution trees (MDTs).

MTR introduces a multicast topology that is completely independent from the unicast topology. MTR integration with multicast allows you to control the path of multicast traffic in the network.

The multicast topology maintains separate routing and forwarding tables. The following list summarizes MTR multicast support that is integrated into Cisco software:

- · Conventional longest match support for multicast routes.
- RPF support for Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM).
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) MDT subaddress family identifier (SAFI) support for Inter-AS VPNs (SAFI number 66).
- Support for static multicast routes integrated into the **ip route topology** command (modifying the **ip mroute** command).

As in pre-MTR software, you enable multicast support by configuring the **ip multicast-routing** command in global configuration mode. You enable MTR support for multicast by configuring the **ip multicast rpf multitopology** command. After the device enters global address family configuration mode, you then enter the **topology** command with the **base** keyword; global topology configuration parameters are applied in this mode.

# How to Configure MTR Support for Multicast

## **Configuring a Multicast Topology for MTR**

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** ip multicast-routing [vrf name]
- 4. ip multicast rpf multitopology
- 5. global-address-family ipv4 [multicast | unicast]
- 6. topology {base | topology-name}
- 7. route-replicate from {multicast | unicast} [topology {base | name}] protocol [route-map name | vrf name]
- 8. use-topology unicast {base | topology-name}
- 9. shutdown
- 10. end
- **11.** show topology [cache [topology-id] | ha [detail | interface | lock | router] [all | ipv4 | ipv6 | vrf vpn-instance]]

	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.		
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.		
	Device> enable			
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.		
	Example:			
	Device# configure terminal			
Step 3	ip multicast-routing [vrf name]	Enables IP multicast routing.		
	Example:			
	Device(config)# ip multicast-routing			

#### DETAILED STEPS

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	Command or Action	Purpose		
Step 4	ip multicast rpf multitopology	Enables Multitopology Routing (MTR) support for IP multicast rou		
	Example:			
	Device(config)# ip multicast rpf multitopology			
Step 5	global-address-family ipv4 [multicast   unicast]	Enters global address family configuration mode to configure the global topology.		
	Example:	• The address family for the class-specific topology is specified in this step. The subaddress family can be specified. Unicast is the		
	Device(config)# global-address-family ipv4 multicast	default if no subaddress family is entered.		
Step 6	topology {base   topology-name}	Configures the global topology instance and enters address family topology configuration mode.		
	Example:	• Only the <b>base</b> keyword can be accepted for a multicast topolo		
	Device(config-af)# topology base			
Step 7	route-replicate from {multicast   unicast} [topology {base   name}] protocol [route-map	(Optional) Replicates (copies) routes from another multicast topology Routing Information Base (RIB).		
	name   vrf name] Example:	• The <i>protocol</i> argument is configured to specify the protocol that is the source of the route. Routes can be replicated from the unicast base topology or a class-specific topology.		
	Device(config-af-topology)# route-replicate from unicast topology VOICE ospf route-map map1	<b>Note</b> However, route replication cannot be configured from a class-specific topology that is configured to forward the base topology (incremental forwarding). You can replicate routes from a multicast RIB to a multicast RIB or replicate routes from a unicast RIB to a multicast RIB, but you cannot replicate routes from a multicast RIB to a unicast RIB.		
		• Replicated routes can be filtered through a route map before they are installed into the multicast RIB.		
Step 8	use-topology unicast {base   topology-name}	(Optional) Configures a multicast topology to perform reverse path forwarding (RPF) computations using a unicast topology RIB.		
	Example:	• The base or a class-specific unicast topology can be configured.		
	<pre>Device(config-af-topology)# use-topology unicast VIDEO</pre>	When this command is configured, the multicast topology uses routes in the specified unicast topology table to build multicast distribution trees.		
		<b>Note</b> This multicast RIB is not used when this command is enabled, even if the multicast RIB is populated and supported by a routing protocol.		

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 9	shutdown	(Optional) Temporarily disables a topology instance without removing the topology configuration (while other topology parameters are
	Example:	configured and other devices are configured with MTR).
	Device(config-af-topology)# shutdown	
Step 10	end	(Optional) Exits address family topology configuration mode and enters privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-af-topology)# end	
Step 11	show topology [cache [topology-id]   ha [detail   interface   lock   router] [all   ipv4   ipv6   vrf vpn-instance]]	(Optional) Displays information about class-specific and base topologies.
	Example:	
	Device# show topology detail	

#### What to Do Next

The topology is not activated until classification is configured. See the "QoS-MQC Support for MTR" feature module to configure classification for a class-specific topology.

# **Configuration Examples for MTR Support for Multicast**

### **Examples: Route Replication Configuration**

The following example shows how to enable multicast support for Multitopology Routing (MTR) and to configure a separate multicast topology:

```
ip multicast-routing
ip multicast rpf multitopology
!
global-address-family ipv4 multicast
topology base
end
```

The following example shows how to configure the multicast topology to replicate Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) routes from the VOICE topology. The routes are filtered through the VOICE route map before they are installed in the multicast routing table.

```
ip multicast-routing
ip multicast rpf multitopology
!
access-list 1 permit 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
!
```

```
route-map VOICE
match ip address 1
exit
!
global-address-family ipv4 multicast
topology base
route-replicate from unicast topology VOICE ospf route-map VOICE
```

### Example: Using a Unicast RIB for Multicast RPF Configuration

The following example shows how to configure the multicast topology to perform reverse path forwarding (RPF) calculations on routes in the VIDEO topology Routing Information Base (RIB) to build multicast distribution trees:

```
ip multicast-routing
ip multicast rpf multitopology
!
global-address-family ipv4 multicast
topology base
use-topology unicast VIDEO
end
```

Device# show topology detail

### **Example: Multicast Verification**

The following example shows that the multicast topology is configured to replicate routes from the Routing Information Base (RIB) of the VOICE topology:

```
Topology: base
  Address-family: ipv4
  Associated VPN VRF is default
  Topology state is UP
  Associated interfaces:
   Ethernet0/0, operation state: UP
    Ethernet0/1, operation state: DOWN
    Ethernet0/2, operation state: DOWN
   Ethernet0/3, operation state: DOWN
   Loopback0, operation state: UP
Topology: VIDEO
  Address-family: ipv4
  Associated VPN VRF is default
  Topology state is UP
  Topology fallback is enabled
  Topology maximum route limit 1000, warning limit 90% (900)
  Associated interfaces:
Topology: VOICE
  Address-family: ipv4
  Associated VPN VRF is default
  Topology state is UP
  Topology is enabled on all interfaces
  Associated interfaces:
    Ethernet0/0, operation state: UP
    Ethernet0/1, operation state: DOWN
   Ethernet0/2, operation state: DOWN
    Ethernet0/3, operation state: DOWN
   Loopback0, operation state: UP
Topology: base
  Address-family: ipv4 multicast
  Associated VPN VRF is default
  Topology state is DOWN
  Multicast multi-topology mode is enabled.
  Route Replication Enabled:
```

from unicast topology VOICE all route-map VOICE Associated interfaces:

## **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
Multitopology Routing (MTR) commands	Cisco IOS Multitopology Routing Command Reference
IP multicast commands	Cisco IOS Multicast Command Reference
IP multicast concepts and tasks	IP Multicast Configuration Guide Library

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

# **Feature Information for MTR Support for Multicast**

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
MTR Support for Multicast	12.2(33)SRB 15.0(1)M 15.0(1)SY	This feature provides Multitopology Routing (MTR) support for multicast and allows you to control the path of multicast
	15.1(1)SY	traffic in the network. The following commands were introduced or modified: clear ip route multicast, ip multicast rpf multitopology, show ip route multicast, use-topology.

Table 1: Feature In	nformation for N	MTR Supp	ort for Multicast
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