



Configuring NetFlow Multicast Accounting

This document contains information about and instructions for configuring NetFlow multicast accounting. NetFlow multicast accounting allows you to capture multicast-specific data (both packets and bytes) for multicast flows.

NetFlow is a Cisco IOS application that provides statistics on packets flowing through the router. It is emerging as a primary network accounting and security technology.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for Configuring NetFlow Multicast Accounting

Before you can configure NetFlow multicast accounting, you must:

- Configure the router for IP routing
- Configure Multicast fast switching or multicast distributed fast switching (MDFS); multicast Cisco Express Forwarding (CEF) switching is not supported.
- Configure Multicast routing.
- Configure NetFlow v9 (Version 9) data export (otherwise, multicast data is visible in the cache but is not exported).

Restrictions for Configuring NetFlow Multicast Accounting

Memory Impact

If traffic is heavy, the additional flows might fill the global flow hash table. If you must increase the size of the global flow hash table, you must also add memory to the router.

NetFlow has a maximum cache size of 65,536 flow record entries of 64 bytes each. To deduce the packet-replication factor, multicast accounting adds 16 bytes (for a total of 80 bytes) to each multicast flow record.

Performance Impact

Ingress multicast accounting does not greatly affect performance. Because of the additional accounting-related computation that occurs in the traffic-forwarding path of the router, egress NetFlow multicast accounting might degrade network performance slightly, but it does not limit the functionality of the router.

Multicast Addresses

NetFlow data cannot be exported to multicast addresses.

Information About Configuring NetFlow Multicast Accounting

NetFlow Multicast Benefits

NetFlow multicast allows you to capture multicast-specific data (both packets and bytes) for multicast flows. For example, you can capture the packet-replication factor for a specific flow as well as for each outgoing stream. NetFlow multicast provides complete end-to-end usage information about network traffic for a complete multicast traffic billing solution.

You can use NetFlow multicast accounting to identify and count multicast packets on the ingress side or the egress side (or both sides) of a router. Multicast ingress accounting provides information about the source and how many times the traffic was replicated. Multicast egress accounting monitors the destination of the traffic flow.

NetFlow multicast lets you enable NetFlow statistics to account for all packets that fail the reverse path forwarding (RPF) check and that are dropped in the core of the service provider network. Accounting for RPF-failed packets provides more accurate traffic statistics and patterns.

Multicast Ingress and Multicast Egress Accounting

NetFlow multicast lets you select either multicast ingress accounting, in which a replication factor (equal to the number of output interfaces) indicates the load, or multicast egress accounting, in which all outgoing multicast streams are counted as separate streams, or both multicast ingress and multicast egress accounting.

NetFlow multicast lets you collect information about how much data is leaving the interfaces of the router (egress and multicast ingress accounting) or how much multicast data is received (multicast ingress accounting).

On the ingress side, multicast packets are counted as with unicast packets, but with two additional fields (for number of replicated packets and byte count). With multicast ingress accounting, the destination interface field is set to null, and the IP next hop field is set to 0 for multicast flows.

NetFlow Multicast Flow Records

Multicast ingress accounting creates one flow record that indicates how many times each packet is replicated. Multicast egress accounting creates a unique flow record for each outgoing interface.

How to Configure NetFlow Multicast Accounting

Configuring NetFlow Multicast Accounting in Releases 12.4(12)

Perform the steps in this required task to configure NetFlow multicast accounting.

Before You Begin

You must have already configured IP multicast on the networking devices in your network. See the *Cisco IOS IP Multicast Configuration Guide*, for more information on configuring IP multicast.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **ip multicast-routing** [*vrf vrf-name*] [**distributed**]
4. **ip multicast netflow rpf-failure**
5. **ip multicast netflow output-counters**
6. **interface** *type number*
7. **ip flow ingress**
8. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enters privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	<p>Example:</p> <pre>Router> enable</pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	<p>configure terminal</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Router# configure terminal</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	<p>ip multicast-routing [vrf vrf-name] [distributed]</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Router(config)# ip multicast-routing</pre>	<p>Enables IP multicast routing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The vrf keyword supports the multicast Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing/forwarding instance (VRF). • The <i>vrf-name</i> argument is the name assigned to the VRF. • The distributed keyword enables Multicast Distributed Switching (MDS).
Step 4	<p>ip multicast netflow rpf-failure</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Router(config)# ip multicast netflow rpf-failure</pre>	Enables accounting for multicast data that fails the RPF check.
Step 5	<p>ip multicast netflow output-counters</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Router(config)# ip multicast netflow output-counters</pre>	Enables accounting for the number of bytes and packets forwarded.
Step 6	<p>interface type number</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Router(config)# interface fastethernet 0/0</pre>	Specifies the interface and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 7	<p>ip flow ingress</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Router(config-if)# ip flow ingress</pre>	Enables NetFlow ingress accounting.
Step 8	<p>end</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Router(config-if)# end</pre>	Exits the current configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Troubleshooting Tips

If there are no multicast flow records in the NetFlow cache, check the multicast switching counters for the existence of process-switched packets (NetFlow exports only fast-switched or MDFS-switched packets). If process-switched packets are present, check the MDFS routing table to help determine potential problems.

Configuring NetFlow Multicast Accounting in Cisco IOS Releases Prior to 12.4(12)

Configuring NetFlow Multicast Egress Accounting

Perform the steps in this required task to configure NetFlow multicast egress accounting.

Before You Begin

You must have already configured IP multicast on the networking devices in your network. See the *Cisco IOS IP Multicast Configuration Guide*, for more information on configuring IP multicast.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. enable
2. configure terminal
3. ip multicast-routing [vrf vrf-name] [distributed]
4. ip multicast netflow rpf-failure
5. interface type number
6. ip multicast netflow egress
7. end

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enters privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	ip multicast-routing [<i>vrf vrf-name</i>] [distributed] Example: <pre>Router(config)# ip multicast-routing</pre> Example:	Enables IP multicast routing. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The vrf keyword supports the multicast Virtual Private Network (VPN) routing/forwarding instance (VRF). • The <i>vrf-name</i> argument is the name assigned to the VRF. • The distributed keyword enables Multicast Distributed Switching (MDS).
Step 4	ip multicast netflow rpf-failure Example: <pre>Router(config)# ip multicast netflow rpf-failure</pre>	Enables accounting for multicast data that fails the RPF check.
Step 5	interface <i>type number</i> Example: <pre>Router(config)# interface fastethernet 0/0</pre>	Specifies the interface and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 6	ip multicast netflow egress Example: <pre>Router(config-if)# ip multicast netflow egress</pre>	Enables NetFlow multicast egress accounting.
Step 7	end Example: <pre>Router(config-if)# end</pre>	Exits the current configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Troubleshooting Tips

If there are no multicast flow records in the NetFlow cache, check the multicast switching counters for the existence of process-switched packets (NetFlow exports only fast-switched or MDIFS-switched packets). If process-switched packets are present, check the MDIFS routing table to help determine potential problems.

Configuring NetFlow Multicast Ingress Accounting

Perform the steps in this required task to configure NetFlow multicast ingress accounting.

Multicast ingress NetFlow accounting is enabled by default.

Before You Begin

You must have already configured IP multicast on the networking devices in your network. See the *Cisco IOS IP Multicast Configuration Guide*, for more information on configuring IP multicast.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **ip multicast-routing [vrf vrf-name] [distributed]**
4. **ip multicast netflow rpf-failure**
5. **interface type number**
6. **ip multicast netflow ingress**
7. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enters privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	ip multicast-routing [vrf vrf-name] [distributed] Example: Router(config)# ip multicast-routing Example:	Enables IP multicast routing. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The vrf keyword supports the multicast VRF. • The <i>vrf-name</i> argument is the name assigned to the VRF. • The distributed keyword enables Multicast Distributed Switching (MDS).
Step 4	ip multicast netflow rpf-failure Example: Router(config)# ip multicast netflow rpf-failure	Enables accounting for multicast data that fails the RPF check.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	interface <i>type number</i> Example: <pre>Router(config)# interface fastethernet 0/0</pre>	Specifies the interface and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 6	ip multicast netflow ingress Example: <pre>Router(config-if)# ip multicast netflow ingress</pre>	Enables NetFlow multicast ingress accounting.
Step 7	end Example: <pre>Router(config-if)# end</pre>	Exits the current configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Troubleshooting Tips

If there are no multicast flow records in the NetFlow cache, check the multicast switching counters for the existence of process-switched packets (NetFlow exports only fast-switched or MDFS-switched packets). If process-switched packets are present, check the MDFS routing table to help determine potential problems.

Verifying the NetFlow Multicast Accounting Configuration

Perform the steps in this optional task to verify the NetFlow multicast accounting configuration.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **show ip cache verbose flow**

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 **enable**
Use this command to enable privileged EXEC mode. Enter your password if required. For example:

Example:

```
Router> enable
Router#
```

Step 2 **show ip cache verbose flow**

Use this command to verify that NetFlow multicast accounting is configured. Look for the two additional fields related to multicast data, that is, the number of IP multicast output packet and byte counts. For example:

Example:

```
Router# show ip cache verbose flow
IP packet size distribution (5149 total packets):
 1-32  64  96 128 160 192 224 256 288 320 352 384 416 448 480
 .997 .002 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000
 512 544 576 1024 1536 2048 2560 3072 3584 4096 4608
 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000
IP Flow Switching Cache, 278544 bytes
 2 active, 4094 inactive, 14 added
 468 aged polls, 0 flow alloc failures
 Active flows timeout in 30 minutes
 Inactive flows timeout in 15 seconds
IP Sub Flow Cache, 25800 bytes
 1 active, 1023 inactive, 1 added, 1 added to flow
 0 alloc failures, 0 force free
 1 chunk, 1 chunk added
 last clearing of statistics never
Protocol          Total    Flows    Packets Bytes    Packets Active (Sec) Idle (Sec)
-----          /Sec    /Sec    /Flow  /Pkt    /Sec    /Flow    /Flow
UDP-other         12      0.0     1      52      0.0     0.1     15.6
Total:           12      0.0     1      52      0.0     0.1     15.6
SrcIf            SrcIPAddress  DstIf            DstIPAddress     Pr TOS Flgs Pkts
Port Msk AS      Port Msk AS    NextHop          B/Pk Active
IPM: OPkts      OBytes
Et0/0           10.1.1.1      Null             224.192.16.1     01 55 10 5164
0000 /0 0      0000 /0 0     0.0.0.0          20 262.8
IPM:           15K          309K
Et0/0           10.1.1.1      Null             255.255.255.255 11 C0 10 1
0208 /0 0      0208 /0 0     0.0.0.0          52 0.0
Router#
```

The Opkts column displays the number of IP multicast (IPM) output packets, the OBytes column displays the number of IPM output bytes, and the DstIPAddress column displays the destination IP address for the IPM output packets.

Configuration Examples for NetFlow Multicast Accounting

Configuring NetFlow Multicast Accounting in Original Releases

The following example shows how to configure multicast NetFlow accounting:

```
configure terminal
 ip multicast-routing
 ip multicast netflow rpf-failure
 ip multicast netflow output-counters
 !
interface ethernet 0/0
 ip flow ingress
end
```

Configuring NetFlow MC Accounting in Releases Prior to 12.2(33)SRB

Configuring NetFlow Multicast Egress Accounting Example

The following example shows how to configure multicast egress NetFlow accounting on the egress Ethernet 0/0 interface:

```
configure terminal
 ip multicast-routing
 ip multicast netflow rpf-failure
 !
 interface ethernet 0/0
 ip multicast netflow egress
 end
```

Configuring NetFlow Multicast Ingress Accounting Example

The following example shows how to configure multicast ingress NetFlow accounting on the ingress Ethernet 1/0 interface:

```
configure terminal
 ip multicast-routing
 ip multicast netflow rpf-failure
 !
 interface ethernet 1/0
 ip multicast netflow ingress
 end
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Overview of Cisco IOS NetFlow	Cisco IOS NetFlow Overview
The minimum information about and tasks required for configuring NetFlow and NetFlow Data Export	Getting Started with Configuring NetFlow and NetFlow Data Export
Tasks for configuring NetFlow to capture and export network traffic data	Configuring NetFlow and NetFlow Data Export
Tasks for configuring Configuring MPLS Aware NetFlow	Configuring MPLS Aware NetFlow
Tasks for configuring MPLS egress NetFlow accounting	Configuring MPLS Egress NetFlow Accounting and Analysis
Tasks for configuring NetFlow input filters	Using NetFlow Filtering or Sampling to Select the Network Traffic to Track

Related Topic	Document Title
Tasks for configuring Random Sampled NetFlow	Using NetFlow Filtering or Sampling to Select the Network Traffic to Track
Tasks for configuring NetFlow aggregation caches	Configuring NetFlow Aggregation Caches
Tasks for configuring NetFlow BGP next hop support	Configuring NetFlow BGP Next Hop Support for Accounting and Analysis
Tasks for detecting and analyzing network threats with NetFlow	Detecting and Analyzing Network Threats With NetFlow
Tasks for configuring NetFlow Reliable Export With SCTP	NetFlow Reliable Export With SCTP
Tasks for configuring NetFlow Layer 2 and Security Monitoring Exports	NetFlow Layer 2 and Security Monitoring Exports
Tasks for configuring the SNMP NetFlow MIB	Configuring SNMP and using the NetFlow MIB to Monitor NetFlow Data
Tasks for configuring the NetFlow MIB and Top Talkers feature	Configuring NetFlow Top Talkers using Cisco IOS CLI Commands or SNMP Commands
Information for installing, starting, and configuring the CNS NetFlow Collection Engine	Cisco CNS NetFlow Collection Engine Documentation

Standards

Standards	Title
No new or modified standards are supported by this feature, and support for existing standards has not been modified by this feature.	--

MIBs

MIBs	MIBs Link
No new or modified MIBS are supported by this feature, and support for existing MIBs has not been modified by this feature.	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

RFCs

RFCs	Title
No new or modified RFCs are supported by this feature, and support for existing RFCs has not been modified by this feature.	--

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Technical Support website contains thousands of pages of searchable technical content, including links to products, technologies, solutions, technical tips, and tools. Registered Cisco.com users can log in from this page to access even more content.	http://www.cisco.com/techsupport

Feature Information for Configuring NetFlow Multicast Accounting

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for Configuring NetFlow Multicast Accounting

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Configuration Information
NetFlow Multicast Support	12.3(1), 12.2(18)S, 12.2(27)SBC, 12.2(33)SXF, 12.2(33)SRB	The NetFlow Multicast Support feature lets you capture multicast-specific data (both packets and bytes) for multicast flows. For example, you can capture the packet-replication factor for a specific flow as well as for each outgoing stream. This feature provides complete end-to-end usage information about network traffic for a complete multicast traffic billing solution. The following commands were introduced by this feature: ip multicast netflow egress , ip multicast netflow ingress , and ip multicast netflow rpf-failure .
NetFlow Multicast Support ¹	12.4(11)T, 12.4(12), 12.(33)SRB, 12.2(33)SB, 12.2(33)SXH	The ip multicast netflow [ingress egress] interface configuration command was replaced by the ip multicast netflow output-counters global configuration command.

¹ This was a minor modification to the existing NetFlow Multicast Support feature. Minor feature modifications are not included in Feature Navigator.

Glossary

CEF --Cisco Express Forwarding. A Layer 3 IP switching technology that optimizes network performance and scalability for networks with large and dynamic traffic patterns.

dCEF --distributed Cisco Express Forwarding. A type of CEF switching in which line cards (such as Versatile Interface Processor (VIP) line cards) maintain identical copies of the forwarding information base (FIB) and adjacency tables. The line cards perform the express forwarding between port adapters; this relieves the Route Switch Processor of involvement in the switching operation.

egress traffic --Traffic leaving the network.

fast switching --Cisco feature in which a route cache is used for expediting packet switching through a router.

ingress traffic --Traffic entering the network.

multicast data --Single packets copied by the network and sent to a specific subset of network addresses. These addresses are specified in the Destination Address field.

NetFlow --A Cisco IOS application that provides statistics on packets flowing through the router. It is emerging as a primary network accounting and security technology.

NetFlow Aggregation --A NetFlow feature that lets you summarize NetFlow export data on an IOS router before the data is exported to a NetFlow data collection system such as the NetFlow Collection Engine. This feature lowers bandwidth requirements for NetFlow export data and reduces platform requirements for NetFlow data collection devices.

NetFlow Collection Engine (formerly called NetFlow FlowCollector)--A Cisco application that is used with NetFlow on Cisco routers and Catalyst series switches. The NetFlow Collection Engine collects packets from the router that is running NetFlow and decodes, aggregates, and stores them. You can generate reports on various aggregations that can be set up on the NetFlow Collection Engine.

NetFlow v9 --NetFlow export format Version 9. A flexible and extensible means for carrying NetFlow records from a network node to a collector. NetFlow Version 9 has definable record types and is self-describing for easier NetFlow Collection Engine configuration.

RPF --Reverse Path Forwarding. Multicasting technique in which a multicast datagram is forwarded out of all but the receiving interface if the receiving interface is the one used to forward unicast datagrams to the source of the multicast datagram.

ToS byte --type of service byte. Second byte in the IP header that indicates the desired quality of service (QoS) for a particular datagram.