

EIGRP Support for Route Map Filtering

The EIGRP Support for Route Map Filtering feature enables Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) to interoperate with other protocols to leverage additional routing functionality by filtering inbound and outbound traffic based on complex route map options. Several extended filtering options are introduced to provide EIGRP-specific match choices.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Information About EIGRP Support for Route Map Filtering

EIGRP Route Map Support

EIGRP support for route map filtering enables EIGRP to interoperate with other protocols by filtering inbound and outbound traffic based on route map options. Additional EIGRP-specific match choices are available to allow flexibility in fine-tuning EIGRP network operations.

EIGRP supports the route map filtering capability that exists for other routing protocols to filter routes being redistributed into their protocol. For more details about understanding and configuring route maps, see the Enabling Policy Routing section of the Configuring IP Routing Protocol-Independent Features module of the Cisco IOS IP Routing: Protocol-Independent Configuration Guide.

Match options allow EIGRP to filter internal and external routes based on source protocols, to match a metric against a range, and to match on an external protocol metric.

EIGRP can be configured to filter traffic using a route map and the **redistribute** or **distribute-list** command. Using a route map with the **redistribute** command allows routes that are redistributed from the routing table to be filtered with a route map before being admitted into an EIGRP topology table. Routes that are dynamically received from, or advertised to, EIGRP peers can be filtered by adding a route map option to the **distribute-list** command.

A route map may be configured with both the **redistribute** and the **distribute-list** commands in the same routing process. When a route map is used with a **distribute-list** command that is configured for inbound or outbound filtering, route packets that are learned from or advertised to EIGRP peers can be processed with the route map to provide better control of route selection during the route exchange process. Redistribution serves as a mechanism to import routes into the EIGRP topology table from a routing table. A route map configured with the **redistribute** command adds flexibility to the redistribution capability and results in a more specific redistributed route selection.

The use of route maps to filter traffic is the same for both autonomous-system configurations and named configurations. See the Configuring EIGRP module for more information about autonomous system and named configurations.

Demands for EIGRP to interoperate with other protocols and flexibility in fine-tuning network operation necessitate the capability to filter traffic using a route map.

How to Configure EIGRP Support for Route Map Filtering

Setting EIGRP Tags Using a Route Map for Autonomous System Configurations

Perform this task to set EIGRP tags for autonomous system configurations using a route map. The EIGRP metrics used for filtering are configured within a route map. The first match clause defines EIGRP routes that contain an external protocol metric between 400 and 600 inclusive; the second match clause defines EIGRP external routes that match a source protocol of BGP and the autonomous system 45000. When the two match clauses are true, a tag value of the destination routing protocol is set to 5. This route map can be used with the **distribute-list** command; see the Example Setting EIGRP Tags Using a Route Map Autonomous System Configuration, on page 9 for an example configuration.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** route-map map-tag [permit | deny] [sequence-number]
- **4.** match metric {metric-value| external metric-value} [+- deviation-number]
- **5. match source-protocol** *source-protocol* [autonomous-system-number]
- 6. set tag tag-value
- 7. exit
- **8.** router eigrp as-number
- **9. network** *ip-address*
- 10. distribute-list route-map map-tag in

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.	
	Router> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router# configure terminal		
Step 3	route-map map-tag [permit deny] [sequence-number]	Enters route-map configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router(config) # route-map metric-range		
Step 4	match metric {metric-value external metric-value} [+- deviation-number]	Specifies a match clause that filters inbound updates that match a internal or external protocol metric.	
	Example:	• <i>metric-value</i> Internal protocol metric, which can be an EIGRP five-part metric. The range is from 1 to 4294967295.	
	Router(config-route-map)# match metric external 500 +- 100	• externalExternal protocol metric. The range is from 1 to 4294967295.	
		• +- deviation-number(Optional) Represents a standard deviation. The deviation can be any number. There is no default.	
		Note When you specify a metric deviation with the + and - keywords, the router will match any metric that falls inclusively in that range.	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
		Note The external protocol metric is not the same as the EIGRP assigned route metric, which is a figure computed from EIGRP vectorized metric components (delay, bandwidth, reliability, load, and MTU).	
Step 5	match source-protocol source-protocol [autonomous-system-number]	Specifies a match clause that matches external routes from source that match the source protocol.	
	Example: Router(config-route-map) # match source-protocol bgp 45000	 source-protocolProtocol to match. The valid keywords are bgp, connected, eigrp, isis, ospf, rip, and static. There is no default. autonomous-system-number(Optional) Autonomous system 	
		number. The <i>autonomous-system-number</i> argument is not applicable to the connected , static , and rip keywords. The range is from 1 to 65535. There is no default.	
Step 6	set tag tag-value	Sets a tag value on the route in the destination routing protocol when all the match criteria of a route map are met.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-route-map)# set tag 5		
Step 7	exit	Exits route-map configuration mode and returns to global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-route-map)# exit		
Step 8	router eigrp as-number	Configures the EIGRP routing process and enters router configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router(config)# router eigrp 1		
Step 9	network ip-address	Specifies a network for the EIGRP routing process.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-router)# network 172.16.0.0		
Step 10	distribute-list route-map map-tag in	Filters networks received in updates.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-router)# distribute-list route-map metric-range in		

Setting EIGRP Tags Using a Route Map for Named Configurations

Perform this task to set EIGRP tags for named configurations using a route map. The EIGRP metrics used for filtering are configured within a route map. The first match clause defines EIGRP routes that contain an external protocol metric between 400 and 600 inclusive; the second match clause defines EIGRP external routes that match a source protocol of BGP and the autonomous system 45000. When the two match clauses are true, a tag value of the destination routing protocol is set to 5. This route map can be used with the **distribute-list** command, see the Example Setting EIGRP Tags Using a Route Map Named Configuration, on page 9 for an example configuration.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** route-map map-tag [permit | deny] [sequence-number]
- **4. set metric** *bandwidth delay reliability loading mtu*
- **5.** match ip route-source {access-list-number | access-list-name} [...access-list-number | ...access-list-name]
- **6.** match metric {metric-value| external metric-value} [+- deviation-number]
- **7. match source-protocol** *source-protocol* [autonomous-system-number]
- 8. set tag tag-value
- 9. exit
- **10.** router eigrp virtual-instance-name
- **11.** Do one of the following:
 - address-family ipv4 [multicast] [unicast] [vrf vrf-name] autonomous-system autonomous-system-number
 - •
 - •
 - •
 - address-family ipv6 [unicast] [vrf vrf-name] autonomous-system autonomous-system-number
- **12. network** *ip-address* [wildcard-mask]
- **13.** af-interface {default | interface-type interface-number}
- 14. next-hop-self eigrp
- 15. exit-af-interface
- **16. topology** {base | topology-name tid number}
- 17. distribute-list route-map map-tag in

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	route-map map-tag [permit deny] [sequence-number]	Enters route-map configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# route-map metric-range	
Step 4	set metric bandwidth delay reliability loading mtu	(Optional) Sets the metric value for EIGRP in a route map.
	Example:	
	Router(config-route-map) # set metric 10000 10 255 1 1500	
Step 5	match ip route-source {access-list-number access-list-name} [access-list-number access-list-name]	Redistributes routes that have been advertised by routers and access servers at the address specified by the access lists.
	Example:	
	Router(config-route-map) # match ip route-source 5 80	
Step 6	match metric {metric-value external metric-value} [+- deviation-number]	Specifies a match clause that includes EIGRP routes that match an internal or external protocol metric.
	Example: Router(config-route-map) # match metric external 500 +- 100	 metric-valueInternal protocol metric, which can be an EIGRP five-part metric. The range is from 1 to 4294967295. externalExternal protocol metric. The range is from 1 to 4294967295. +- deviation-number(Optional) Represents a standard deviation. The deviation can be any number. There is no default. Note When you specify a metric deviation with the + and -
		When you specify a metric deviation with the + and - keywords, the router will match any metric that falls inclusively in that range.

	Command or Action	Purpose	
		Note The external protocol metric is not the same as the EIGRP assigned route metric, which is a figure computed from EIGRP vectorized metric components (delay, bandwidth, reliability, load, and MTU).	
Step 7	<pre>match source-protocol source-protocol [autonomous-system-number] Example: Router(config-route-map) # match source-protocol bgp 45000</pre>	Specifies a match clause that includes EIGRP external routes that match a source protocol. • source-protocolProtocol to match. The valid keywords are bgp, connected, eigrp, isis, ospf, rip, and static. There is no default. • autonomous-system-number(Optional) Autonomous system number. The autonomous-system-number argument is not applicable to the connected, static, and rip keywords. The range is from 1 to 65535. There is no default.	
Step 8	<pre>set tag tag-value Example: Router(config-route-map)# set tag 5</pre>	Sets a tag value on the route in the destination routing protocol when all the match criteria of a route map are met.	
Step 9	<pre>exit Example: Router(config-route-map)# exit</pre>	Exits route-map configuration mode and returns to global configuration mode.	
Step 10	<pre>router eigrp virtual-instance-name Example: Router(config) # router eigrp virtual-name1</pre>	Configures the EIGRP routing process and enters router configuration mode.	
Step 11	Do one of the following: • address-family ipv4 [multicast] [unicast] [vrf vrf-name] autonomous-system autonomous-system-number • • address-family ipv6 [unicast] [vrf vrf-name] autonomous-system autonomous-system-number		

	Command or Action	Purpose	
	Example:		
	Router(config-router)# address-family ipv4 autonomous-system 45000		
Step 12	network ip-address [wildcard-mask]	Specifies a network for the EIGRP routing process.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-router-af)# network 172.16.0.0		
Step 13	af-interface { default <i>interface-type interface-number</i> }	Enters address family interface configuration mode to configure interface-specific EIGRP commands.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-router-af)# af-interface default		
Step 14	next-hop-self eigrp	Enables EIGRP to advertise routes with the local outbound interface address as the next hop.	
	Example:	-	
	Router(config-router-af-interface)# next-hop-self eigrp		
Step 15	exit-af-interface	Exits address-family interface configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-router-af-interface) # exit-af-interface		
Step 16	topology {base topology-name tid number}	Configures an EIGRP process to route IP traffic under the specified topology instance and enters address family topology	
	Example:	configuration mode.	
	Router(config-router-af)# topology base		
Step 17	distribute-list route-map map-tag in	Filters networks received in updates.	
	Example:		
	Router(config-router-af-topology) # distribute-list route-map metric-range in		

Configuration Examples for EIGRP Support for Route Map Filtering

Example Setting EIGRP Tags Using a Route Map Autonomous System Configuration

The following example shows how to configure a route map to match an EIGRP external protocol metric route with an allowable deviation of 100, a source protocol of BGP, and an autonomous system 45000. When the two match clauses are true, the tag value of the destination routing protocol is set to 5. The route map is used to distribute incoming packets for an EIGRP process.

```
Router(config) # route-map metric-range
Router(config-route-map) # match metric external 500 +- 100
Router(config-route-map) # match source-protocol bgp 45000
Router(config-route-map) # set tag 5
Router(config-route-map) # exit
Router(config) # router eigrp 1
Router(config-router) # network 172.16.0.0
Router(config-router) # distribute-list route-map metric range in
```

The following example shows how to configure a route map to match EIGRP routes with a metric of 110, 200, or an inclusive range of 700 to 800. When the match clause is true, the tag value of the destination routing protocol is set to 10. The route map is used to redistribute EIGRP packets.

```
Router(config) # route-map metric-eigrp
Router(config-route-map) # match metric 110 200 750 +- 50
Router(config-route-map) # set tag 10
Router(config-route-map) # exit
Router(config) # router eigrp 1
Router(config-router) # network 172.21.1.0/24
Router(config-router) # redistribute eigrp route-map metric-eigrp
```

Example Setting EIGRP Tags Using a Route Map Named Configuration

The following example shows how to configure a route map to match an EIGRP external protocol metric route with an allowable deviation of 100, a source protocol of BGP, and an autonomous system 45000. When the two match clauses are true, the tag value of the destination routing protocol is set to 5. The route map is used to distribute incoming packets for an EIGRP process.

```
Router(config)# route-map metric_range
Router(config-route-map)# match metric external 500 +- 100
Router(config-route-map)# match source-protocol bgp 45000
Router(config-route-map)# set tag 5
Router(config-route-map)# exit
Router(config)# router eigrp virtual-name

Router(config-router)# address-family ipv4 autonomous-system 45000
Router(config-router-af)# network 172.21.1.0/24
Router(config-router-af)# topology base
Router(config-router-af-topology)# distribute-list route-map metric range in
```

The following example shows how to configure a route map to match EIGRP routes with a metric of 110, 200, or an inclusive range of 700 to 800. When the match clause is true, the tag value of the destination routing protocol is set to 10. The route map is used to redistribute EIGRP packets.

```
Router(config) # route-map metric_eigrp
Router(config-route-map) # match metric 110 200 750 +- 50
Router(config-route-map) # set tag 10
Router(config-route-map) # exit
Router(config) # router eigrp virtual-name
Router(config-router) # address-family ipv4 autonomous-system 45000
Router(config-router-af) # network 172.21.1.0/24
Router(config-router-af) # topology base
Router(config-router-af-topology) # distribute-list route-map metric-range in
```

AdditionalReferences

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Commands List, All Releases
EIGRP overview and configuration	The Configuring EIGRP section of the Cisco IOS IP Routing: EIGRP Configuration Guide
EIGRP commands including syntax, usage guidelines, and examples	Cisco IOS IP Routing: EIGRP Command Reference

Standards

Standard	Title
None	

MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
None	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

RFCs

RFC	Title
None	

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

Feature Information for EIGRP Support for Route Map Filtering

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1: Feature Information for EIGRP Support for Route Map Filtering

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
EIGRP Support for Route Map Filtering	12.2(33)SRA 12.2(33)SRE 12.2(33)SXH 12.2(33)XNE 12.3(8)T 15.0(1)M 15.0(1)S	The EIGRP Support for Route Map Filtering feature enables EIGRP to interoperate with other protocols by filtering inbound and outbound traffic based on complex route map options. Several extended filtering options are introduced to provide EIGRP-specific match choices. The following commands were introduced or modified by this feature: match metric (IP), match source-protocol, show ip eigrp topology.
		In Cisco IOS Release 15.0(1)M, 12.2(33)SRE, and 12.2(33)XNE the following command was introduced or modified for this feature: show eigrp address-family topology