

BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6

The BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6 feature provides Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) support for Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) IPv6 sessions, thereby facilitating rapid fault detection and alternate-path selection in EIGRP IPv6 topologies. BFD is a detection protocol that provides a consistent failure-detection method for network administrators, and network administrators use BFD to detect forwarding path failures at a uniform rate and not at variable rates for different routing protocol 'Hello' mechanisms. This failure-detection methodology ensures easy network profiling and planning and consistent and predictable reconvergence time. This document provides information about BFD support for EIGRP IPv6 networks and explains how to configure BFD support in EIGRP IPv6 networks.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6

EIGRP IPv6 sessions have a shutdown option in router, address family, and address-family interface configuration modes. To enable BFD support on EIGRP IPv6 sessions, the routing process should be in no shut mode in the abovementioned modes.

Restrictions for BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6

- The BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6 feature is supported only in EIGRP named mode.
- EIGRP supports only single-hop Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD).
- The BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6 feature is not supported on passive interfaces.

Information About BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6

BFD for EIGRP IPv6

Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) is a detection protocol that provides fast-forwarding, path-failure detection for all media types, encapsulations, topologies, and routing protocols. The BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6 feature enables BFD to interact with the Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) to create BFDv6 sessions between EIGRP neighbors. In a BFD-enabled EIGRP IPv6 session, BFD constantly monitors the forwarding path (from a local device to a neighboring device) and provides consistent failure detection at a uniform rate. Because failure detection happens at a uniform rate and not at variable rates, network profiling and planning is easier, and the reconvergence time remains consistent and predictable.

BFD is implemented in EIGRP at multiple levels; it can be implemented per interface or on all interfaces. When BFD is enabled on a specific interface, all peer relationships formed through the EIGRP "Hello" mechanism on that interface are registered with the BFD process. Subsequently, BFD establishes a session with each of the peers in the EIGRP topology and notifies EIGRP through a callback mechanism of any change in the state of any peer. When a peer is lost, BFD sends a "peer down" notification to EIGRP, and EIGRP unregisters a peer from BFD. BFD does not send a "peer up" notification to EIGRP when the peer is up because BFD now has no knowledge of the state of the peer. This behavior prevents rapid neighbor bouncing and repetitive route computations. The EIGRP "Hello" mechanism will later allow peer rediscovery and reregistration with the BFD process.

How to Configure BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6

Configuring BFD Support on All Interfaces

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. ipv6 unicast-routing
- 4. interface type number
- **5. ipv6 address** *ipv6-address/prefix-length*
- 6. bfd interval milliseconds min_rx milliseconds multiplier interval-multiplier
- 7. exit
- **8.** router eigrp virtual-name
- 9. address-family ipv6 autonomous-system as-number
- **10. eigrp router-id** *ip-address*
- 11. af-interface default
- **12**. bfd
- **13**. end
- 14. show eigrp address-family ipv6 neighbors

DETAILED STEPS

enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
Device> enable	
configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Example:	
Device# configure terminal	
ipv6 unicast-routing	Enables the forwarding of IPv6 unicast datagrams.
Example:	
Device(config)# ipv6 unicast-routing	
	Device> enable configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal ipv6 unicast-routing Example:

Command or Action	Purpose
interface type number	Specifies the interface type and number, and enters the interface configuration mode.
Example:	
Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet0/0/1	
ipv6 address ipv6-address/prefix-length	Configures an IPv6 address.
Example:	
Device(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:DB8:A:B::1/64	
bfd interval milliseconds min_rx milliseconds multiplier interval-multiplier	Sets the baseline BFD session parameters on an interface.
Example:	
Device(config-if)# bfd interval 50 min_rx 50 multiplier 3	
exit	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to global configuration mode.
Example:	
Device(config-if)# exit	
router eigrp virtual-name	Specifies an EIGRP routing process and enters router configuration mode.
Example:	
Device(config)# router eigrp name	
address-family ipv6 autonomous-system as-number	Enters address family configuration mode for IPv6 and configures an EIGRP routing instance.
Example:	
Device(config-router)# address-family ipv6 autonomous-system 3	
eigrp router-id ip-address	Sets the device ID used by EIGRP for this address family when EIGRP peers communicate with their neighbors.
Example: Device(config-router-af)# eigrp router-id 172.16.1.3	
af-interface default	Configures interface-specific commands on all interfaces that belong to an address family in EIGRP named mode configurations, and enters address-family interface
Device(config-router-af)# af-interface default	configuration mode.
	interface type number Example: Device(config) # interface gigabitethernet0/0/1 ipv6 address ipv6-address/prefix-length Example: Device(config-if) # ipv6 address 2001:DB8:A:B::1/64 bfd interval milliseconds min_rx milliseconds multiplier interval-multiplier Example: Device(config-if) # bfd interval 50 min_rx 50 multiplier 3 exit Example: Device(config-if) # exit router eigrp virtual-name Example: Device(config) # router eigrp name address-family ipv6 autonomous-system as-number Example: Device(config-router) # address-family ipv6 autonomous-system 3 eigrp router-id ip-address Example: Device(config-router-af) # eigrp router-id 172.16.1.3 af-interface default Example:

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 12	bfd	Enables BFD on all interfaces.
	<pre>Example: Device(config-router-af-interface)# bfd</pre>	
Step 13	end	Exits address-family interface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-router-af-interface)# end	
Step 14	show eigrp address-family ipv6 neighbors	(Optional) Displays neighbors for which BFD has been enabled.
	Example:	
	Device# show eigrp address-family ipv6 neighbors	

Configuring BFD Support on an Interface

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. ipv6 unicast-routing
- **4. interface** *type number*
- 5. ipv6 address ipv6-address /prefix-length
- 6. bfd interval milliseconds min rx milliseconds multiplier interval-multiplier
- 7. exit
- **8.** router eigrp virtual-name
- 9. address-family ipv6 autonomous-system as-number
- **10. eigrp router-id** *ip-address*
- **11. af-interface** *interface-type interface-number*
- **12**. bfd
- 13. end
- 14. show eigrp address-family ipv6 neighbors

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		Enter your password if prompted.
	Example:	
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	ipv6 unicast-routing	Enables the forwarding of IPv6 unicast datagrams.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# ipv6 unicast-routing	
Step 4	interface type number	Specifies the interface type and number, and enters the interface configuration mode.
	Example:	-
	Device(config)# interface gigabitethernet0/0/1	
Step 5	ipv6 address ipv6-address prefix-length	Configures an IPv6 address.
	Example:	
	Device(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:DB8:A:B::1/64	
Step 6	bfd interval milliseconds min_rx milliseconds multiplier interval-multiplier	Sets the baseline BFD session parameters on an interface
	Example:	
	Device(config-if)# bfd interval 50 min_rx 50 multiplier 3	
Step 7	exit	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-if)# exit	
Step 8	router eigrp virtual-name	Specifies an EIGRP routing process and enters router configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config) # router eigrp name	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 9	address-family ipv6 autonomous-system as-number	Enters address family configuration mode for IPv6 and configures an EIGRP routing instance.
	Example:	
	Device(config-router)# address-family ipv6 autonomous-system 3	
Step 10	eigrp router-id ip-address	Sets the device ID used by EIGRP for this address family when EIGRP peers communicate with their neighbors.
	Example: Device(config-router-af)# eigrp router-id 172.16.1.3	
Step 11	af-interface interface-type interface-number	Configures interface-specific commands on an interface that belongs to an address family in an EIGRP named
	<pre>Example: Device(config-router-af)# af-interface gigabitethernet0/0/1</pre>	mode configuration, and enters address-family interface configuration mode.
Step 12	bfd	Enables BFD on the specified interface.
	Example: Device(config-router-af-interface)# bfd	
Step 13	end	Exits address-family interface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-router-af-interface)# end	
Step 14	show eigrp address-family ipv6 neighbors	(Optional) Displays neighbors for which BFD has been enabled.
	Example:	
	Device# show eigrp address-family ipv6 neighbors	

Configuration Examples for BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6

Example: Configuring BFD Support on All Interfaces

```
Device(config)# ipv6 unicast-routing
Device(config)# interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
Device(config-if)# ipv6 address 2001:0DB8:1::12/64
Device(config-if)# bfd interval 50 min_rx 50 multiplier 3
Device(config-if)# exit
Device(config)# router eigrp name
Device(config-router)# address-family ipv6 unicast autonomous-system 1
Device(config-router-af)# eigrp router-id 172.16.0.1
```

```
Device(config-router-af)# af-interface default
Device(config-router-af-interface)# bfd
Device(config-router-af-interface)# end
```

Example: Configuring BFD Support on an Interface

```
Device(config) # ipv6 unicast-routing
Device(config) # GigabitEthernet0/0/1
Device(config-if) # ipv6 address 2001:DB8:A:B::1/64
Device(config-if) # bfd interval 50 min_rx 50 multiplier 3
Device(config-if) # exit
Device(config) # router eigrp name
Device(config-router) # address-family ipv6 autonomous-system 3
Device(config-router-af) # af-interface GigabitEthernet0/0/1
Device(config-router-af-interface) # bfd
Device(config-router-af-interface) # end
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Master Commands List, All Releases
BFD commands: complete command syntax, command mode, command history, defaults, usage guidelines, and examples.	IP Routing: Protocol-Independent Command Reference
EIGRP commands: complete command syntax, command mode, command history, defaults, usage guidelines, and examples.	IP Routing: EIGRP Command Reference
Configuring EIGRP	"Configuring EIGRP" chapter in IP Routing: EIGRP Configuration Guide

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

Feature Information for BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1: Feature Information for BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6		Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) is a detection protocol that provides fast-forwarding, path-failure detection for all media types, encapsulations, topologies, and routing protocols. BFD helps network administrators to ensure easier network profiling and planning and consistent and predictable reconvergence time. BFD interacts with Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) to create sessions (IPv4 type sessions) between EIGRP neighbors for fast-forwarding, path-failure detections. Each session tests the forwarding path for a single route from a local router to a neighboring router. For any change in state (forwarding path goes down or forwarding path comes up) for any of the sessions, BFD notifies EIGRP of the new state for that route. Support has been added for EIGRP IPv6 neighbors to use BFD as a fall-over mechanism. The following commands were introduced or modified: bfd, show eigrp address-family neighbors, show eigrp address-family interfaces.

Feature Information for BFD Support for EIGRP IPv6