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1.1 acl 2.2.51 :12.el7

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.5 authconfig 6.2.8 :30.e17

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```

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```
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```

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From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: mikel@ora.com

Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:07:51 -0400

Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)
id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT
Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT
From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)
Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>
Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]
To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book. (Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

From spcedt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995
Flags: 10
Return-Path: spcedt@armory.com
Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)
id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)
From: John DuBois <spcedt@armory.com>
Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)
X-Www: <http://www.armory.com/~spcedt/>
X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Re: ksh scripts
Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deepthought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

} Subject: ksh scripts
} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;


```

}      9 May 95 10:39 PDT
} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
} MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
}
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
}
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
}
} Chet Ramey
}
} --
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
}
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
}-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey
From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995
Flags: 10
Return-Path: friedman@cli.com
Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTTP
(8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)
id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)
Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)
id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT
Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT
Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>
From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Bash scripts
Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu
In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400
References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

```

Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on
>the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let
>me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in
~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and
es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)

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1.9 bind-libs 9.9.4-51.el7_4.2

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1.11 bind-license 9.9.4-51.el7_4.2

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<dmach@redhat.com> - 32:9.9.4-10Tomas Hozza <thozza@redhat.com> 32:9.9.4-9Tomas Hozza
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24:9.3.1-26Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-24Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-22Tomas Mraz <tmraz@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-21Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-20Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-18Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-16Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-14Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-12Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-11Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-10Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-8Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-7Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-6Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-4_FC4Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-4Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-4_dbusJason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-2_FC4Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 24:9.3.1-1_FC4Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 22:9.3.1rc1-5Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 22:9.3.1rc1-4Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@redhat.com> - 22:9.3.1rc1-3Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 22:9.3.1rc1-2Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 22:9.3.1rc1-1Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 22:9.3.0-2Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 9.3.0-1Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 20:9.2.4-4Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 20:9.2.4-2Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 20:9.2.4-1Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 10:9.2.4rc8-14Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 10:9.2.4rc8-14Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 10:9.2.4rc7-12_EL3Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 10:9.2.4rc7-11_EL3Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 10:9.2.4rc7-10_EL3Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> - 10:9.2.4rc7-10Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> Jason Vas Dias <jvdias@redhat.com> Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-19Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-18Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-17Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-15Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-14Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-13Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-12Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-11Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-10Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-9Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> Florian La Roche <Florian.LaRoche@redhat.de> Tim Waugh <twaugh@redhat.com> Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-7Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-5Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-4Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-3Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-2Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.3-1Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2.P3-10Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2.P3-9Florian La Roche <Florian.LaRoche@redhat.de> Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2.P3-6Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2.P3-5Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2.P3-4Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2.P3-3Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2.P3-2Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2.P3-1Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-23Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-22Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-21Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-20Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-19Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-18Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-17Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-16Elliot Lee <sopwith@redhat.com> Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-14Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-13Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-12Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-11Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-10Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-9Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-8Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-7Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-6Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-5Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-4Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-3Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-2Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.2-1Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.1-16Tim Powers <timp@redhat.com> Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.1-14Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@redhat.com> 9.2.1-13Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.1-12Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.1-10Daniel Walsh <dwalsh@redhat.com> 9.2.1-9Karsten Hopp <karsten@redhat.de> Karsten Hopp <karsten@redhat.de> 9.2.1-8Karsten Hopp <karsten@redhat.de> 9.2.1-7Bernhard Rosenkraenzer <bero@redhat.com> 9.2.1-5Tim Powers

2017-3145- Fix named-chroot restart leak (#1504700)- Fix CVE-2017-3142 and CVE-2017-3143- Update root servers and trust anchor (#1452635)- Address deadlock between view.c and adb.c (#1416304)- Fix CVE-2017-3136 (ISC change 4575)

- Fix CVE-2017-3137 (ISC change 4578)- Simplify change of used config file, point to KB article (#1271315)- Make comment how to use different config file (#1271315)- Install again dns/dlz.h skipped in rebase
- Fixed coverity warnings on reenabled test dlzexternal- Backported new upstream dyndb interface, removed dynamic_db (#1393886)- Do not warn on WKS patch (#1392362)- Support WKS records in chroot- Fix CVE-2017-3135 (ISC change 4557)
- Fix and test caching CNAME before DNAME (ISC change 4558)- Fix possible infinite loop in start_lookup (CVE-2016-2775)
- Do not change lib permissions in chroot (#1392531)- Fix CVE-2016-9131 (ISC change 4508)
- Fix CVE-2016-9147 (ISC change 4510)
- Fix regression introduced by CVE-2016-8864 (ISC change 4530)
- Fix CVE-2016-9444 (ISC change 4517)- Fix CVE-2016-8864- Fix CVE-2016-2776- Added automatic interface scan functionality (#1294506)
- Removed NetworkManager dispatcher script since it is not needed any more (#1294506)- Added GeoIP support (#1220594)- Added support for CAA records (#1306610)
- Use HTTPS URL instead of FTP for upstream sources (#1319280)- Fix excessive queries caused by DS chasing with stub zones when DNSSEC is not used (#1291185)
- Fix error in internal test suite (#1259514)
- Fix named-checkconf call in *-chroot.service files (#1278082)
- Fix incorrect path in BIND sample configuration and added comment to default configuration (#1247502)- Fix CVE-2016-1285 and CVE-2016-1286- Fix CVE-2015-8704- Fix CVE-2015-8000- Fix CVE-2015-5722- Increase ISC_SOCKET_MAXEVENTS to 2048 (#1235609)- Fix CVE-2015-5477- Fix CVE-2015-4620- Fixed nsupdate realm auto-detection (#1214827)- Reintroduce the DISABLE_ZONE_CHECKING into /etc/sysconfig/named (#1236475)- Don't copy /etc/localtime on -chroot package installation (#1186773)
- Fix SPF resource records check to comply with RFC7208 (#1215164)
- Don't use ISC's DLV by default (#1223336)- Add version specific requires on bind for bind-pkcs11 (Related: #1097753)
- Resolve issues found by static analysis (Related: #1097753)- Added native PKCS#11 functionality (#1097753)- DNS resolution failure in high load environment with SERVFAIL and "out of memory/success" in the log (#1221180)- Install config for tmpfiles under % {_tmpfilesdir} (#1180976)
- Fixed systemctl path in logrotate configuration (#1164264)
- remove information about system-config-bind from named.8 man page (#1152066)- Fix CVE-2015-1349- Fix CVE-2014-8500 (#1171976)- Fix error in dyndb API that can cause named to freeze on shutdown (#1142150)
- Fix error in triggerun scriptlet (#1143033)
- Remove /var/named/chroot/var/run on bind-chroot update if it is a directory (#1091341)- Add versioned requires on bind-libs to bind-utils and bind-sdb- Use /dev/urandom when generating rndc.key file (#1107568)
- Allow authentication using TSIG in allow-notify configuration statement (#1067424)
- Fix race condition when destroying a resolver fetch object (#1072379)
- Increase defaults for lwresd workers and make workers and client objects number configurable (#1098959)
- Configure BIND with --with-dlopen=yes to support dynamically loadable DLZ drivers (#1096688)- Mass rebuild 2014-01-24- Rebuild for mariadb-libs

Related: #1045013- Fix CVE-2014-0591- Build against libdb instead of libdb4 (#1044990)- Mass rebuild 2013-12-27- Fix crash in rbtodb after two successive getoriginnode() calls (#1044026)- Split chroot package for named and named-sdb

- Extract setting-up/destroying of chroot to a separate systemd service (#1004300)- Create symlink /var/named/chroot/var/run -> /var/named/chroot/run (#1024384)

- Added session-keyfile statement into default named.conf since we use /run/named (#1024384)- Fixed memory leak in nsupdate if 'realm' was used multiple times (#1034824)- Install configuration for rwtab and fix chroot setup script (#1028189)
- use --enable-filter-aaaa when building bind to enable filter-aaaa-on-v4 option (#1025245)- Correct the patch for #1020683- Fix race condition on send buffers in dighost.c (#1020683)- install isc/errno2result.h header (#1015165)- update to 9.9.4 (#1010200)
- drop merged patches
- modify patches to fit on new version- Fix [ISC-Bugs #34738] dns_journal_open() returns a pointer to stack- Don't generate rndc.key if there exists rndc.conf- don't install named-sdb.service if SDB macro is defined to zero- update to 9.9.3-P2 (fix for CVE-2013-4854)
- update RRL patch to 9.9.3-P2-rl.13207.22
- Fix script for setting up chroot so it unmounts everything successfully- Fix dates in Changelog- update to 9.9.3-P1 (fix for CVE-2013-3919)
- update RRL patch to 9.9.3-P1-rl.156.01- bump release to prevent update path issues- update to 9.9.3
- install dns/update.h header
- update RRL patch to the latest version 9.9.3-rl.150.20- Fix segfault in host/nslookup (#878139)- update to 9.9.3rc2
- part of bind97-exportlib.patch not needed any more
- bind-9.9.1-P2-multilib-conflict.patch modified to reflect latest source
- rl-9.9.3rc1.patch -> rl-9.9.3rc2.patch
- bind99-opts.patch merged- Include recursion Warning in named.conf and named.conf.sample (#740894)
- Include managed-keys-directory statement in named.conf.sample (#948026)- Fix zone2sqlite to quote table names when creating/dropping/inserting (#919417)- fix crash in nsupdate when processing "-r" parameter (#949544)- ship dns/rrl.h in -devel subpkg- update to 9.9.3rc1
- bind-96-libtool2.patch has been merged
- fix bind tmpfiles.d for named.pid /run migration (#920713)- New upstream patch version fixing CVE-2013-2266 (#928032)- move pidfile to /run/named/named.pid- Fix Makefile.in to include header added by rate limiting patch (#918330)- drop some developer-only documentation and move ARM to %docdir- include rate limiting patch- Corrected IP addresses in named.ca (#901741)
- mount/umount /var/named in setup-named-chroot.sh as the last one (#904666)- generate /etc/rndc.key during named service startup if doesn't exist
- increase startup timeout in systemd units to 90sec (default)
- fix IDN related statement in dig.1 manpage- update to bind-9.9.2-P1- document dig exit codes in manpage
- ignore empty "search" options in resolv.conf- drop PKCS11 support on rhel- install isc/stat.h- update to 9.9.2
- bind97-rh714049.patch has been dropped
- patches merged
- bind98-rh816164.patch- update to bind-9.9.1-P3- fixed SPEC file so it comply with new systemd-rpm macros guidelines (#850045)
- changed %define macros to %global and fixed several rpmlint warnings- Changed PrivateTmp to "false" in *-chroot.service unit files (#825869)- Fixed bind-devel multilib conflict (#478718)- Fixed bad path to systemctl in /etc/NetworkManager/dispatcher.d/13-named (#844047)
- Fixed path to libdb.so in config.dlz.in- update to 9.9.1-P2- Rebuilt for https://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Fedora_18_Mass_Rebuild- Avoid shell invocation and dep for -libs-lite %postun.- update to 9.9.1-P1 (CVE-2012-1667)- update to 9.9.1
- bind99-coverity.patch merged
- bind-9.5-overflow.patch merged- nslookup: return non-zero exit code when fail to get answer (#816164)- initscript: don't umount /var/named when didn't mount it- apply all non-SDB patches before SDB ones (#804475)
- enable Berkeley DB DLZ backend (#804478)- bind97-rh699951.patch is no longer needed (different fix is in 9.9.0)- remove unneeded bind99-v6only.patch- update to 9.9.0

- load dynamic DBs later (and update dyndb patch)
- fix memory leak in named during processing of rndc command
- don't call `rndc-confgen -a` in "post" section
- fix some packaging bugs in bind-chroot- build with "--enable-fixed-rrset"- update to 9.9.0rc2
- doc/rfc and doc/draft are no longer shipped in tarball- retire initscript in favour of systemd unit files (#719419)- update to 9.9.0rc1- ship dns/forward.h in -devel subpkg- update to 9.9.0b2 (CVE-2011-4313)
- patches merged
- bind97-rh700097.patch
- bind99-cinfo.patch- ship dns/clientinfo.h in bind-devel- update to 9.9.0b1
- bind98-dlz_buildfix.patch merged- nslookup failed to resolve name in certain cases- remove deps filter, it is no longer needed (#739663)- fix logrotate config file (#725256)- update to 9.8.1
- ship /etc/trusted-key.key (needed by dig)
- use select instead of epoll in export libs (#735103)- fix DLZ related compilation issues
- make /etc/named.{root,iscdlv}.key world-readable
- add bind-libs versioned requires to bind pkg- fix rare race condition in request.c
- print "the working directory is not writable" as debug message
- re-add configtest target to initscript
- initscript: sysys name is always named, not named-sdb
- nsupdate returned zero when target zone didn't exist (#700097)
- nsupdate could have failed if server has multiple IPs and the first was unreachable (#714049)- update to 9.8.1rc1
- patches merged
- bind97-rh674334.patch
- bind97-cleanup.patch
- bind98-includes.patch- improve patch for #725741- named could have crashed during reload when dyndb module is used (#725741)- update to 9.8.0-P4
- bind98-libdns-export.patch merged- update the dyndb patch- fix compilation of libdns-export.so- update to 9.8.0-P2 (CVE-2011-1910)- update to 9.8.0-P1 (CVE-2011-1907)- rebuilt for mysql 5.5.10 (soname bump in libmysqlclient)- update to 9.8.0
- bind97-rh665971.patch merged- revert previous change (integration with libnmsserver)- integrate named with libnmsserver library- include dns/rpz.h in -devel subpkg- update to 9.8.0rc1- update to 9.7.3
- fix dig +trace on dualstack systems (#674334)
- fix linkage order when building on system with older BIND (#665971)
- reduce number of gcc warnings- Rebuilt for https://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Fedora_15_Mass_Rebuild- update to 9.7.3rc1
- bind97-krb5-self.patch merged- fix typo in initscript- fix "service named status" when used with named-sdb
- don't check MD5, size and mtime of sysconfig/named- add new option DISABLE_ZONE_CHECKING to sysconfig/named- update to 9.7.3b1- initscript should terminate only the correct "named" process (#622785)- fix "krb5-self" update-policy rule processing- update to 9.7.2-P3- added tmpfiles.d support (#656550)
- removed old PID checking in initscript- don't emit various informational messages by default (#645544)- move BIND9 internal libs back to %[_libdir]
- add "-export" suffix to public libraries (-lite subpkg)- ship -devel subpkg for internal libs, dnsperv needs it- new bind-libs-lite and bind-lite-devel subpkgs which contain public version of BIND 9 libraries
- don't ship devel files for internal version of BIND 9 libraries- update to 9.7.2-P2- update to 9.7.2- update to 9.7.2rc1- host: handle "debug", "attempts" and "timeout" options in resolv.conf well- update to 9.7.2b1
- patches merged
- bind97-rh507429.patch- supply root zone DNSKEY in default configuration- update to 9.7.1-P2 (CVE-2010-

0213)- remove outdated Copyright.caching-nameserver file

- remove rfc1912.txt, it is already located in %doc/rfc directory
- move COPYRIGHT to the bind-libs subpkg
- add COPYRIGHT to the -pkcs11 subpkg- update to 9.7.1-P1- update to 9.7.1
- improve the "dnssec-conf" trigger- update to 9.7.1rc1
- patches merged
- bind97-keysdir.patch- update to 9.7.1b1
- make /var/named/dynamic as a default directory for managed DNSSEC keys
- add patch to get "managed-keys-directory" option working
- patches merged
- bind97-managed-keyfile.patch
- bind97-rh554316.patch- update dnssec-conf Obsoletes/Provides- update to 9.7.0-P2- added lost patch for #554316 (occasional crash in keytable.c)- active query might be destroyed in resume_dslookup() which triggered REQUIRE failure (#507429)- install SDB related manpages only when build with SDB- update to 9.7.0-P1- bind-sdb now requires bind- add man-pages ldap2zone.1 zonetodb.1 zone2sqlite.1 named-sdb.8 (#525655)- fix multilib issue (#478718) [jgorig]- improve automatic DNSSEC reconfiguration trigger
- initscript now returns 2 in case that action doesn't exist (#523435)
- enable/disable chroot when bind-chroot is installed/uninstalled- update to 9.7.0 final- obsolete dnssec-conf
- automatically update configuration from old dnssec-conf based
- improve default configuration; enable DLV by default
- remove obsolete triggerpostun from bind-libs subpackage- update to 9.7.0rc2- initscript LSB related fixes (#523435)- revert the "DEBUG" feature (#510283), it causes too many problems (#545128)- update to 9.7.0rc1
- bind97-headers.patch merged
- update default configuration- update to 9.7.0b3- install isc/namespace.h header- update to 9.7.0b2- update to 9.7.0b1
- add bind-pkcs11 subpackage to support PKCS11 compatible keystores for DNSSEC keys- don't package named-bootconf utility, it is very outdated and unneeded- determine file size via `stat` instead of `ls` (#523682)- update to 9.7.0a3- improve chroot related documentation (#507795)
- add NetworkManager dispatcher script to reload named when network interface is activated/deactivated (#490275)
- don't set/unset named_write_master_zones SELinux boolean every time in initscript, modify it only when it's actually needed- update to 9.7.0a2
- merged patches
- bind-96-db_unregister.patch
- bind96-rh507469.patch- next attempt to fix the postun trigger (#520385)
- remove obsolete bind-9.3.1rc1-fix_libbind_includedir.patch- rebuilt with new openssl- update the patch for dynamic loading of database backends- 9.6.1-P1 release (CVE-2009-0696)
- fix postun trigger (#513016, hopefully)- Rebuilt for https://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Fedora_12_Mass_Rebuild- remove useless bind-9.3.3rc2-rndckey.patch- fix broken symlinks in bind-libs (#509635)
- fix typos in /etc/sysconfig/named (#509650)
- add DEBUG option to /etc/sysconfig/named (#510283)- improved "chroot automount" patches (#504596)
- host should fail if specified server doesn't respond (#507469)- 9.6.1 release
- simplify chroot maintenance. Important files and directories are mounted into chroot (see /etc/sysconfig/named for more info, #504596)
- fix doc/named.conf.default perms- 9.6.1rc1 release- update the patch for dynamic loading of database backends
- create % {_libdir}/bind directory
- copy default named.conf to doc directory, shared with s-c-bind (atkac)- update the patch for dynamic loading of database backends

- fix dns_db_unregister()
- useradd now takes "-N" instead of "-n" (atkac, #495726)
- print nicer error msg when zone file is actually a directory (atkac, #490837)- 9.6.1b1 release
- patches merged
- bind-96-isc_header.patch
- bind-95-rh469440.patch
- bind-96-realloc.patch
- bind9-fedora-0001.diff
- use -version-number instead of -version-info libtool param- logrotate configuration file now points to /var/named/data/named.run by default (#489986)- fall back to insecure mode when no supported DNSSEC algorithm is found instead of SERVFAIL
- don't fall back to non-EDNS0 queries when DO bit is set- enable DNSSEC only if it is enabled in sysconfig/dnssec- add DNSSEC support to initscript, enabled it per default
- add requires dnssec-conf- fire away libbind, it is now separate package- fixed some read buffer overflows (upstream)- Rebuilt for https://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Fedora_11_Mass_Rebuild- update the patch for dynamic loading of database backends
- include iterated_hash.h- rebuild for dependencies- rebuild against new openssl- 9.6.0-P1 release (CVE-2009-0025)- Happy new year
- 9.6.0 release- 9.6.0rc2 release
- bind-96-rh475120.patch merged- add patch for dynamic loading of database backends- allow to reuse address for non-random query-source ports (#475120)- 9.6.0rc1 release
- patches merged
- bind-9.2.0rc3-varrun.patch
- bind-95-sdlz-include.patch
- bind-96-libxml2.patch
- fixed rare use-after-free problem in host utility (#452060)
- enabled chase of DNSSEC signature chains in dig- improved sample config file (#473586)- reverted previous change, koji doesn't like it- build bind-chroot as noarch- updates due libtool 2.2.6
- don't pass -DLDA_DEPRECATED to cpp, handle it directly in sources- make statistics http server working, patch backported from 9.6 HEAD- 9.6.0b1 release
- don't build ODBC and Berkeley DB DLZ drivers
- end of bind-chroot-admin script, copy config files to chroot manually
- /proc doesn't have to be mounted to chroot
- temporary use libbind from 9.5 series, noone has been released for 9.6 yet- dig/host: use only IPv4 addresses when -4 option is specified (#469440)- removed unneeded bind-9.4.1-ldap-api.patch- ship dns/{s,}dlz.h and isc/radix.h in bind-devel- removed bind-9.4.0-dnssec-directory.patch, it is wrong- 9.5.1b2 release
- patches merged
- bind95-rh454783.patch
- bind-9.5-edns.patch
- bind95-rh450995.patch
- bind95-rh457175.patch- IDN output strings didn't honour locale settings (#461409)- disable transfer stats on DLZ zones (#454783)- add forgotten patch for #457175
- build with -O2- static libraries are no longer supported
- IP acls weren't merged correctly (#457175)
- use fPIE on sparcv9/sparc64 (Dennis Gilmore)
- add sparc64 to list of 64bit arches in spec (Dennis Gilmore)- updated patches due new rpm (--fuzz=0 patch parameter)- use %patch0 for Patch0 (#455061)

- correct source address (#455118)- 9.5.1b1 release (CVE-2008-1447)
- dropped bind-9.5-recv-race.patch because upstream doesn't want it- update default named.conf statements (#452708)- some compat changes to fix building on RHEL4- fixed typo in %posttrans script- parse inner acls correctly (#450995)- removed dns-keygen utility in favour of rndc-confgen -a (#449287)
- some minor sample fixes (#449274)- updated to 9.5.0 final
- use getifaddrs to find available interfaces- make /var/run/named writable by named (#448277)
- fixed one non-utf8 file- fixes needed to pass package review (#225614)- bind-chroot now depends on bind (#446477)- updated to 9.5.0rc1
- merged patches
- bind-9.5-libcap.patch
- make binaries readable by others (#427826)- reverted "any" patch, upstream says not needed
- log EDNS failure only when we really switch to plain EDNS (#275091)
- detect configuration file better- addresses 0.0.0.0 and ::0 really match any (#275091, comment #28)- readded bind-9.5-libcap.patch
- added bind-9.5-recv-race.patch from F8 branch (#400461)- build Berkeley DB DLZ backend- 9.5.0b3 release
- dropped patches (upstream)
- bind-9.5-transfer-segv.patch
- bind-9.5-mudflap.patch
- bind-9.5.0-generate-xml.patch
- bind-9.5-libcap.patch- fixed named.conf.sample file (#437569)- fixed URLs- BuildRequires cleanup- rebuild without mudflap (#434159)- port named to use libcap library, enable threads (#433102)
- removed some unneeded Requires- removed conditional build with libefence (use -fmudflapth instead)
- fixed building of DLZ stuff (#432497)
- do not build Berkeley DB DLZ backend
- temporary build with --disable-linux-caps and without threads (#433102)
- update named.ca file to affect IPv6 changes in root zone- build with -D_GNU_SOURCE (#431734)
- improved fix for #253537, posttrans script is now used
- improved fix for #400461
- 9.5.0b2
- bind-9.3.2b1-PIE.patch replaced by bind-9.5-PIE.patch
 - only named, named-sdb and lwresd are PIE
- bind-9.5-sdb.patch has been updated
- bind-9.5-libidn.patch has been updated
- bind-9.4.0-sdb-sqlite-bld.patch replaced by bind-9.5-sdb-sqlite-bld.patch
- removed bind-9.5-gssapi-header.patch (upstream)
- removed bind-9.5-CVE-2008-0122.patch (upstream)
- removed bind-9.2.2-nsl.patch
- improved sdb_tools Makefile.in- fixed segfault during sending notifies (#400461)
- rebuild with gcc 4.3 series- removed bind-9.3.2-prctl_set_dumpable.patch (upstream)
- allow parallel building of libdns library
- CVE-2008-0122- fixed initscript wait loop (#426382)
- removed dependency on polycoreutils and libselinux (#426515)- fixed regression caused by libidn2 patch (#426348)- fixed typo in post section (CVE-2007-6283)- removed obsoleted triggers
- CVE-2007-6283- added dst/gssapi.h to -devel subpackage (#419091)
- improved fix for (#417431)- fixed shutdown with initscript when rndc doesn't work (#417431)
- fixed IDN patch (#412241)- 9.5.0b1 (#405281, #392491)- Rebuild for deps- build with -O0- bind-9.5-random_ports.patch was removed because upstream doesn't like it. query-source{,v6} options are sufficient (#391931)

- bind-chroot-admin called restorecon on /proc filesystem (#405281)- removed edns patch to keep compatibility with vanilla bind
- (#275091, comment #20)- use system port selector instead ISC's (#391931)- removed statement from initscript which passes -D to named- 9.5.0a7
- dropped patches (upstream)
- bind-9.5-update.patch
- bind-9.5-pool_badfree.patch
- bind-9.5-_res_errno.patch- added bind-sdb again, contains SDB modules and DLZ modules
- bind-9.3.1rc1-sdb.patch replaced by bind-9.5-sdb.patch- removed Requires: openldap, postgresql, mysql, db4, unixODBC
- new L.ROOT-SERVERS.NET address- completely disable DBUS- minor cleanup in bind-chroot-admin- fixed typo in initscript- disabled DBUS (dhcdbd doesn't exist & #339191)- fixed missing va_end () functions (#336601)
- fixed memory leak when dbus initialization fails- corrected named.5 SDB statement (#326051)- added edns patch again (#275091)- removed bind-9.3.3-edns.patch patch (see #275091 for reasons)- build with O2
- removed "autotools" patch
- bugfixing in bind-chroot-admin (#279901)- bind-9.5-2119_revert.patch and bind-9.5-fix_h_errno.patch are obsoleted by upstream bind-9.5-_res_errno.patch- fixed wrong resolver's dispatch pool cleanup (#275011, patch from tmraz redhat com)- initscript failure message is now printed correctly (#277981, Quentin Armitage (quentin armitage org uk))- temporary revert ISC 2119 change and add "libbind-errno" patch (#254501) again- removed end dots from Summary sections (skasal@redhat.com)
- fixed wrong file creation by autotools patch (skasal@redhat.com)- start using --disable-isc-spnego configure option
- remove bind-9.5-spnego-memory_management.patch (source isn't compiled)- added new initscript option KEYTAB_FILE which specified where is located kerberos .keytab file for named service
- obsolete temporary bind-9.5-spnego-memory_management.patch by bind-9.5-gssapictx-free.patch which conforms BIND coding standards (#251853)- dropped direct dependency to /etc/openldap/schema directory
- changed hardcoded paths to macros
- fired away code which configure LDAP server- named could crash with SRV record UPDATE (#251336)- disable 64bit dlz driver patch on alpha and ia64 (#251298)
- remove wrong malloc functions from lib/dns/spnego.c (#251853)- changed licence from BSD-like to ISC- disabled named on all runlevels by default- minor next improvements on autotools patch
- dig and host utilities now using libidn instead idnkit for IDN support- binutils/gcc bug rebuild (#249435)- updated to 9.5.0a6 which contains fixes for CVE-2007-2925 and CVE-2007-2926
- fixed building on 64bits- integrated "autotools" patch for testing purposes (upstream will accept it in future, for easier building)- fixed DLZ drivers building on 64bit systems- fixed relation between logrotated and chroot-ed named- removed bind-sdb package (default named has compiled SDB backend now)
- integrated DLZ (Dynamically loadable zones) drivers
- integrated GSS-TSIG support (RFC 3645)
- build with -O0 (many new features, potential core dumps will be more useful)- initscript should be ready for parallel booting (#246878)- handle integer overflow in isc_time_secondsastimet function gracefully (#247856)- moved chroot configfiles into chroot subpackage (#248306)- minor changes in default configuration
- fix h_errno assignment during resolver initialization (unbounded recursion, #245857)
- removed wrong patch to #150288- updated to latest upstream- marked caching-nameserver as obsolete (#244604)
- fixed typo in initscript (causes that named doesn't detect NetworkManager)

- correctly)
- next cleanup in configuration - moved configfiles into config.tar
 - removed delay between start & stop in restart function in named.init- major changes in initscript. Could be LSB compatible now
 - removed caching-nameserver subpackage. Move configs from this package to main bind package as default configuration and major configuration cleanup- very minor compatibility change in bind-chroot-admin (line 215)
 - enabled IDN support by default and don't distribute IDN libraries
 - specfile cleanup
 - add dynamic directory to /var/named. This directory will be primarily used for dynamic DNS zones. ENABLE_ZONE_WRITE and SELinux's named_write_master_zones no longer exist-
 - removed ldap-api patch and start using deprecated API
 - fixed minor problem in bind-chroot-admin script (#241103)- fixed bind-chroot-admin dynamic DNS handling (#239149)
 - updated zone-freeze patch to latest upstream
 - ldap sdb has been rewritten to latest api (#239802)- test build on new build system- updated to 9.4.1 which contains fix to CVE-2007-2241- improved "zone freeze patch" - if multiple zone with same name exists no zone is frozen
 - minor cleanup in caching-nameserver's config file
 - fixed race-condition in dbus code (#235809)
 - added forgotten restorecon statement in bind-chroot-admin- removed DEBUGINFO option because with this option (default) was bind builded with -O0 and without this flag no debuginfo package was produced. (I want faster bind => -O2 + debuginfo)
 - fixed zone finding (#236426)- added idn support (still under development with upstream, disabled by default)- dnssec-signzone utility now doesn't ignore -d parameter- removed query-source[-v6] options from caching-nameserver config (#209954, increase security)
 - throw away idn. It won't be ready in fc7- prepared bind to merge review
 - added experimental idn support to bind-utils utils (not enabled by default yet)
 - change chroot policy in caching-nameserver post section
 - fixed bug in bind-chroot-admin - rootdir function is called properly now- added experimental SQLite support (written by John Boyd <jaboydjr@netwalk.com>)
 - moved bind-chroot-admin script to chroot package
 - bind-9.3.2-redhat_doc.patch is always applied (#231738)- updated to 9.4.0
 - bind-chroot-admin now sets EAs correctly (#213926)
 - throw away next_server_on_referral and no_servfail_stops patches (fixed in 9.4.0)- minor cleanup in bind-chroot-admin script- fixed broken bind-chroot-admin script (#227995)- bind-chroot-admin now uses correct chroot path (#227600)- fixed conflict between bind-sdb and ldap
 - removed duplicated bind directory in bind-libs- fixed building without libbind
 - fixed post section (selinux commands is now in if-endif statement)
 - prever macro has been removed from version- redirected output from bind-chroot prep and %preun stages to /dev/null- updated to version 9.3.4 which contains security bugfixes- package bind-libbind-devel has been marked as obsolete- package bind-libbind-devel has been removed (libs has been moved to bind-devel & bind-libs)
 - Resolves: #214208- fixed a multi-lib issue
 - Resolves: rhbz#222717- added namedGetForwarders written in shell (#176100), created by Baris Cicek <baris@nerd.com.tr>.- update to 9.3.3 final
 - fix for #219069: file included twice in src.rpm- added back an interval to restart

- renamed package, it should meet the N-V-R criteria
- fix for #216185: bind-chroot-admin able to change root mode 750
- added fix from #215997: incorrect permissions on dnszone.schema
- added a notice to init script when /etc/named.conf doesn't exist (#216075)- fix for #200465: named-checkzone and co. cannot be run as non-root user
- fix for #212348: chroot'd named causes df permission denied error
- fix for #211249, #211083 - problems with stopping named
- fix for #212549: init script does not unmount /proc filesystem
- fix for #211282: EDNS is globally enabled, crashing CheckPoint FW-1, added edns-enable options to named configuration file which can suppress EDNS in queries to DNS servers (see /usr/share/doc/bind-9.3.3/misc/options)
- fix for #212961: bind-chroot doesn't clean up its mess on %preun
- update to 9.3.3rc3, removed already merged patches- fix for #209359: bind-libs from compatlayer CD will not install on ia64- added fix for #210096: warning: group named does not exist - using root- added fix from #209400 - Bind Init Script does not create the PID file always, created by Jeff Means
- added timeout to stop section of init script. The default is 100 sec. and can be adjusted by NAMED_SHUTDOWN_TIMEOUT shell variable.- removed chcon from %post script, replaced by restorecon (Bug 202547, comment no. 37)- updated to the latest upstream (9.3.3rc2)- added upstream patch for correct SIG handling - CVE-2006-4095- suppressed messages from bind-chroot-admin
- cleared notes about bind-config- added fix for #203522 - "bind-chroot-admin -e" command fails- fix for #203194 - tmpfile usage- fix for #202542 - /usr/sbin/bind-chroot-admin: No such file or directory
- fix for #202547 - file_contexts: invalid context- added Provides: bind-config- fix bug 197493: renaming subpackage bind-config to caching-nameserver- fix bug 199876: make '%exclude libbind.*' conditional on %{LIBBIND}- fix #195881, perms are not packaged correctly- fix addenda to bug 189789: determination of selinux enabled was still not 100% correct in bind-chroot-admin
- fix addenda to bug 196398: make named.init test for NetworkManager being enabled AFTER testing for -D absence; named.init now supports a 'DISABLE_NAMED_DBUS' /etc/sysconfig/named setting to disable auto-enable of named dbus support if NetworkManager enabled.- fix bug 196398 - Enable -D option automatically in initscript if NetworkManager enabled in any runlevel.
- fix namedGetForwarders for new dbus
- fix bug 195881 - libbind.so should be owned by bind-libbind-devel- Rebuild against new dbus- rebuild with fixed glibc-kernheaders- rebuild- fix bugs 191093, 189789
- backport selected fixes from upstream bind9 'v9_3_3b1' CVS version: (see <http://www.isc.org/sw/bind9.3.php> "Fixes"):
 - o change 2024 / bug 16027:
 - named emitted spurious "zone serial unchanged" messages on reload
 - o change 2013 / bug 15941:
 - handle unexpected TSIGs on unsigned AXFR/IXFR responses more gracefully
 - o change 2009 / bug 15808: coverity fixes
 - o change 1997 / bug 15818:
 - named was failing to replace negative cache entries when a positive one for the type was learnt
 - o change 1994 / bug 15694: OpenSSL 0.9.8 support
 - o change 1991 / bug 15813:

The configuration data, once read, should be treated as readonly.

- o misc. validator fixes
- o misc. resolver fixes
- o misc. dns fixes
- o misc. isc fixes
- o misc. libbind fixes
- o misc. isccfg fix
- o misc. lwres fix
- o misc. named fixes
- o misc. dig fixes
- o misc. nsupdate fix
- o misc. tests fixes- and actually put the devel symlinks in the right subpackage- rebuild for -devel deps- apply upstream patch for ncache_adderresult segfault bug 173961 addenda
 - fix bug 188382: rpm --verify permissions inconsistencies
 - fix bug 189186: use /sbin/service instead of initscript
 - rebuild for new gcc, glibc-kernheaders- fix resolver.c ncache_adderresult segfault reported in addenda to bug 173961 (upstream bugs #15642, #15528 ?)
 - allow named ability to generate core dumps after setuid (upstream bug #15753)- fix bug 187529: make bind-chroot-admin deal with subdirectories properly- fix bug 187286:
 - prevent host(1) printing duplicate 'is an alias for' messages for the default AAAA and MX lookups as well as for the A lookup (it now uses the CNAME returned for the A lookup for the AAAA and MX lookups).
 - This is upstream bug #15702 fixed in the unreleased bind-9.3.3
 - fix bug 187333: fix SOURCE24 and SOURCE25 transposition- fix bug 186577: remove -L/usr/lib from libbind.pc and more .spec file cleanup
 - add '%doc' sample configuration files in /usr/share/doc/bind*/sample
 - rebuild with new gcc and glibc- fix typo in initscript
 - fix Requires(post): policycoreutils in sub-packages- fix bug 185969: more .spec file cleanup- Do not allow package to be installed if named:25 userid creation fails
 - Give libbind a pkg-config file
 - remove restorecon from bind-chroot-admin (not required).
 - fix named.caching-nameserver.conf (listen-on-v6 port 53 { ::1 });- fix issues with bind-chroot-admin- replace caching-nameserver with bind-config sub-package
 - fix bug 177595: handle case where \$ROOTDIR is a link in initscript
 - fix bug 177001: bind-config creates symlinks OK now
 - fix bug 176388: named.conf is now never replaced by any RPM
 - fix bug 176248: remove unnecessary creation of rpmsave links
 - fix bug 174925: no replacement of named.conf
 - fix bug 173963: existing named.conf never modified
 - major .spec file cleanup- bump again for double-long bug on ppc(64)- regenerate redhat_doc patch for non-DBUS builds
 - allow dbus builds to work with dbus version < 0.6 (bz #179816)- try supporting without dbus support- Rebuild for new gcc, glibc, glibc-kernheaders- fix bug 177854: temporary fix for broken kernel-2.6.15-1854+ /proc/net/ifa_inet6 format- Upgrade to 9.3.2, released today- fix bug 176100: do not Require: perl just for namedGetForwarders !- rebuilt- Upgrade to upstream version 9.3.2rc1
 - fix namedSetForwarders -> namedGetForwarders SOURCE14 typo- rebuild for new dbus 0.6 dependency; remove use of

- DBUS_NAME_FLAG_PROHIBIT_REPLACEMENT- allow D-BUS support to work in bind-chroot environment:
workaround latest selinux policy by mounting /var/run/dbus/
under chroot instead of /var/run/dbus/system-bus-socket- fix bug 172632 - remove .la files
- ship namedGetForwarders and namedSetForwarders scripts
 - fix detection of -D option in chroot- rebuilt with new openssl- Allow the -D enable D-BUS option to be used within bind-chroot .
 - fix bug 171226: supply some documentation for postgresql SDB .- fix bug 169969: do NOT call dbus_svc_dispatch() in dbus_mgr_init_dbus() -
 - task->state != task_ready and will cause Abort in task.c if process
 - is waiting for NameOwnerChanged to do a SetForwarders- Fix reconnecting to dbus-daemon after it stops & restarts .- When forwarder nameservers are changed with D-BUS, flush the cache.- fix bug 168302: use % {__cc} for compiling dns-keygen
 - fix bug 167682: bind-chroot directory permissions
 - fix issues with -D dbus option when dbus service not running or disabled- fix bug 167062: named should be started after syslogd by default- fix bug 166227: host: don't do default AAAA and MX lookups with '-t a' option- Build with D-BUS patch by default; D-BUS support enabled with named -D option
 - Enable D-BUS for named_sdb also
 - fix sdb postgresql's zonetodb.c: must use isc_hash_create() before dns_db_create()
 - update fix for bug 160914 : test for RD=1 and ARCOUNT=0 also before trying next server
 - fix named.init script to handle named_sdb properly
 - fix named.init script checkconfig() to handle named '-c' option and make configtest, test, check configcheck synonyms- fix named.init script bugs 163598, 163409, 151852(addendum)- fix bug 160914: resolver utilities should try next server on empty referral
 - (now that glibc bug 162625 is fixed)
 - host and nslookup now by default try next server on SERVFAIL
 - (host now has '-s' option to disable, and nslookup given '[no]fail' option similar to dig's [no]fail option).
 - rebuild and re-test with new glibc & gcc (all tests passed).- fix bug 157950: dig / host / nslookup should reject invalid resolv.conf
 - files and not use uninitialized garbage nameserver values
 - (ISC bug 14841 raised).- Fix SDB LDAP- Fix bug 157601: give named.init a configtest function
 - Fix bug 156797: named.init should check SELinux booleans.local before booleans
 - Fix bug 154335: if no controls in named.conf, stop named with -TERM sig, not rndc
 - Fix bug 155848: add NOTES section to named.8 man-page with info on all Red Hat BIND quirks and SELinux DDNS / slave zone file configuration
 - D-BUS patches NOT applied until dhcdd is in FC- Enhancement to allow dynamic forwarder table management and
 - DHCP forwarder auto-configuration with D-BUS- Rebuild for bind-sdb libpq.so.3 dependency
 - fix bug 150981: don't install libbind man-pages if no libbind
 - fix bug 151852: mount proc on \$ROOTDIR/proc to allow sysconf(...) to work and correct number of CPUs to be determined- Upgrade to ISC BIND 9.3.1 (final release) released today.- fix bug 150288: h_errno not being accessed / set correctly in libbind
 - add libbind man-pages from bind-8.4.6- Rebuild with gcc4 / glibc-2.3.4-14.- configure with --with-pic to get PIC libraries- fix bug 149183: don't use getifaddrs() .- Upgrade to 9.3.1rc1
 - Add Simplified Database Backend (SDB) sub-package (bind-sdb)
 - add named_sdb - ldap + postgresql + dir database backend support with
 - 'ENABLE_SDB' named.sysconfig option
 - Add BIND resolver library & includes sub-package (libbind-devel)

- fix bug 147824 / 147073 / 145664: ENABLE_ZONE_WRITE in named.init
- fix bug 146084 : shutup restorecon- Fix bug 143438: named.init will now make correct ownership of \$ROOTDIR/var/named
 - based on 'named_write_master_zones' SELinux boolean.
- Fix bug 143744: dig & nsupdate IPv6 timeout (dup of 140528)- Upgrade BIND to 9.3.0 in Rawhide / FC4 (bugs 134529, 133654...)- Fix bugs 140528 and 141113:
 - 2 second timeouts when IPv6 not configured and root nameserver's
 - AAAA addresses are queried- Fix bug 136243: bind-chroot %post must run restorecon -R % {prefix }
 - Fix bug 135175: named.init must return non-zero if named is not run
 - Fix bug 134060: bind-chroot %post must use mktemp, not /tmp/named
 - Fix bug 133423: bind-chroot %files entries should have been %dirs- BIND 9.2.4 (final release) released - source code actually
 - identical to 9.2.4rc8, with only version number change.- Upgrade to upstream bind-9.2.4rc8 .
 - Progress: Finally! Hooray! ISC bind now distributes:
 - o named.conf(5) and nslookup(8) manpages
 - 'bind-manpages.bz2' source can now disappear
 - (could this have something to do with ISC bug I raised about this?)
 - o 'deprecation_msg' global has vanished
 - bind-9.2.3rc3-deprecation_msg_shut_up.diff.bz2 can disappear- Fix bug 106572/132385: copy /etc/localtime to chroot on start- Fix bug 132303: if ROOTDIR line was replaced after upgrade from
 - bind-chroot-9.2.2-21, restart named- Fix bug 131803: replace ROOTDIR line removed by broken
 - bind-chroot 9.2.2-21's '%postun'; added %triggerpostun for bind-chroot- Fix bugs 130121 & 130981 for RHEL-3- Fix bug 130121: add '%ghost' entries for files included in previous
 - bind-chroot & not in current - ie. named.conf, rndc.key, dev/* -
 - that RPM removed after upgrade .- Fix bug 130981: add '-t' option to named-checkconf invocation in
 - named.init if chroot installed.- Remove resolver(5) manpage now in man-pages (bug 130792);
 - Don't create /dev/ entries in bind-chroot if already there (bug 127556);
 - fix bind-devel Requires (bug 130919)
 - Set default location for dumpdb & stats files to /var/named/data- Fix devel Requires for bug 130738 & fix version- Fix errors on clean install if named group does not exist
 - (bug 130777)- Upgrade to bind-9.2.4rc7; applied initscript fix
 - for bug 102035.- Fixed bug 129289: bind-chroot install / deinstall
 - on install, existing config files 'safe_replace'd
 - with links to chroot copies; on uninstall, moved back.- Fixed bug 129258: "\${prefix}/var/tmp" typo in spec- Fixed bug 127124 : 'Requires: kernel >= 2.4'
 - causes problems with Linux VServers- Fixed bug 127555 : chroot tar missing var/named/slaves- Upgraded to ISC version 9.2.4rc6- Fixed named.init generation of error messages on
 - 'service named stop' and 'service named reload'
 - as per bug 127775- Bump for rhel 3.0 U3- remove disable-linux-caps- Update RHEL3 to latest bind- rebuilt- Remove device files from chroot, Named uses the system one- Move RFC to devel package- Fix location of restorecon- Tighten security on config files. Should be owned by root- Update key patch to include conf-keygen- fix chroot to only happen once.
 - fix init script to do kill instead of killall- Add fix for SELinux security context- rebuilt- run ldconfig for libs subrpm- Use ':' instead of '.' as separator for chown.- Add COPYRIGHT- rebuilt- Add defattr to libs- Break out library package- Fix condrestart- Move libisc and libdns to bind from bind-util- Move to 9.2.3- Add PIE support- Add /var/named/slaves directory- do not link against libnsl, not needed for Linux- Fix local time in log file- Try again- Fix handling of chroot -/dev/random- Stop hammering stuff on update of chroot environment- Fix chroot directory to grab all subdirectories- New patch to support for "delegation-only"- patch support for "delegation-only"-

Update to build on RHL- Install libraries as exec so debug info will be pulled- Remove BSDCOMPAT (BZ 99454)- Update to build on RHL- Change protections on /var/named and /var/chroot/named- Update to build on RHL- Update to build on RHEL- rebuilt- Update to build on RHEL- Fix config description of named.conf in chroot

- Change named.init script to check for existence of /etc/sysconfig/network- Update to build on RHEL- Update to build on RHEL- Fix echo OK on starting/stopping service- Update to build on RHEL- Fix echo on startup- Fix problems with chroot environment
- Eliminate posix threads- Fix build problems- Fix build on beehive- build bind-chroot kit- Change configure to use proper threads model- update to 9.2.2- update to 9.2.2- Put a sleep in restart to make sure stop completes- rebuilt- Separate /etc/rndc.key to separate file- Use openssl's pkgconfig data, if available, at build-time.- Fix log rotate to use service named reload
- Change service named reload to give success/failure message [73770]
- Fix File checking [75710]
- Begin change to automatically run in CHROOT environment- Fix startup script to work like all others.- Fix configure to build on x86_64 platforms- fix #70583, doesn't build on IA64- bind-utils shouldn't require bind- fix name of pidfile in logrotate script (#68842)
- fix owner of logfile in logrotate script (#41391)
- fix nslookup and named.conf man pages (output on stderr) (#63553, #63560, #63561, #54889, #57457)
- add rfc1912 (#50005)
- gzip all rfc's
- fix typo in keygen.c (#54870)
- added missing manpages (#64065)
- shutdown named properly with rndc stop (#62492)
- /sbin/nologin instead of /bin/false (#68607)
- move nsupdate to bind-utils (where the manpage already was) (#66209, #66381)
- don't kill initscript when rndc fails (reload) (#58750)- Fix #65975- automated rebuild- automated rebuild- Move libisccc, libisccfg and liblwres from bind-utils to bind, they're not required if you aren't running a nameserver.- update to 9.2.1 release- Merge 30+ bug fixes from 9.2.1rc1 code- Don't exit if /etc/named.conf doesn't exist if we're running chroot (#60868)
- Revert Elliot's changes, we do require specific glibc/glibc-kernheaders versions or bug #58335 will be back. "It compiles, therefore it works" isn't always true.- Fix BuildRequires (we don't need specific glibc/glibc-kernheaders versions).
- Use _smp_mflags- rebuild, require recent autoconf, automake (#58335)- rebuild against new libssl- automated rebuild- 9.2.0- 9.2.0rc10- Fix up rndc.conf (#55574)- rc8
- Enforce --enable-threads- 9.2.0rc7
- Use rndc status for "service named status", it's supposed to actually work in 9.2.x.- 9.2.0rc5
- Fix rpm --rebuild with ancient libtool versions (#53938, #54257)- 9.2.0rc4- 9.2.0rc3
- remove ttl patch, I don't think we need this for 8.0.
- remove dig.1.bz2 from the bind8-manpages tar file, 9.2 has a new dig man page
- add lwres* man pages to -devel- Make sure /etc/rndc.conf isn't world-readable even after the %post script inserted a random key (#53009)- Add build dependencies (#49368)
- Make sure running service named start several times doesn't create useless processes (#47596)
- Work around the named parent process returning 0 even if the config file is broken (it's parsed later by the child processes) (#45484)- Don't use rndc status, it's not yet implemented

- (#48839)- update to 9.1.3 release- Fix up rndc configuration and improve security (#46586)- Sync with caching-nameserver-7.1-6- Update to rc2- Remove resolv.conf(5) man page, it's now in man-pages- Add named.conf man page from bind 8.x (outdated, but better than nothing,
 - Rename the rndc key (#42895)
 - Add dnssec* man pages- 9.1.3rc1
 - s/Copyright/License/- 9.1.2 final. No changes between 9.1.2-0.rc1.1 and this one, except for the version number, though.- 9.1.2rc1- 9.1.1- Merge fixes from 9.1.1rc5- Work around bind 8 -> bind 9 migration problem when using buggy zone files:
 - accept zones without a TTL, but spew out a big fat warning. (#31393)- Add fixes from rc4- rebuild in new environment- killall -HUP named if rndc reload fails (#30113)- Merge some fixes from 9.1.1rc3- Don't use the standard rndc key from the documentation, instead, create a random one at installation time (#26358)
 - Make /etc/rndc.conf readable by user named only, it contains secret keys- 9.1.1 probably won't be out in time, revert to 9.1.0 and apply fixes from 9.1.1rc2
 - bind requires bind-utils (#28317)- Update to rc2, fixes 2 more bugs
 - Fix build with glibc >= 2.2.1-7- Update to 9.1.1rc1; fixes 17 bugs (14 of them affecting us; 1 was fixed in a Red Hat patch already, 2 others are portability improvements)- Remove initscripts 5.54 requirement (#26489)- Add named-checkconf, named-checkzone (#25170)- use echo, not gprintf- Fix problems with \$GENERATE
 - Patch from Daniel Roesen <drosen@entire-systems.com>
 - Bug #24890- 9.1.0 final- 9.1.0rc1
 - i18nify init script
 - bzip2 source to save space- Fix %postun script- 9.1.0b3- Add named.conf man page from bind8 (#23503)- Make /etc/rndc.conf and /etc/sysconfig/named noreplace
 - Make devel require bind = %{ version } rather than just bind- Fix init script for real- Fix init script when ROOTDIR is not set- Add hooks for setting up named to run chroot (RFE #23246)
 - Fix up requirements- 9.1.0b2- Move run files to /var/run/named/ - /var/run isn't writable by the user we're running as. (Bug #20665)- Fix reverse lookups (#22272)
 - Run ldconfig in %post utils- fixed logrotate script (wrong path to kill)
 - include header files in -devel package
 - bugzilla #22049, #19147, 21606- 9.1.0b1 (9.1.0 is in our timeframe and less buggy)- 9.0.1- Fix initscript (Bug #19956)
 - Add sample rndc.conf (Bug #19956)
 - Fix build with tar 1.13.18- Add some missing man pages (taken from bind8) (Bug #18794)- 9.0.0 final- rc5
 - fix up nslookup- rc4- 9.0.0rc1- automatic rebuild- add "exit 0" for uninstall case- add prereq init.d and cleanup install section- fix the init script- make libbind.a and nslookup.help readable again by setting INSTALL_LIB to ""- Fix up the initscript (Bug #13033)
 - Fix build with current glibc (Bug #12755)
 - /etc/rc.d/init.d -> /etc/init.d
 - use %{_mandir} rather than /usr/share/man- fix conflict with man-pages
 - remove compatilby chkconfig links
 - initscript munging- modify logrotate setup to use PID file
 - temporarily disable optimization by unsetting \$RPM_OPT_FLAGS at build-time
 - actually bump the release this time- FHS compliance- clean up restart patch- provide /var/named (fix for bugs #9847, #10205)
 - preserve args when restarted via ndc(8) (bug #10227)
 - make resolv.conf(5) a link to resolver(5) (bug #10245)

- fix SYSTYPE bug in all makefiles
- move creation of named user from %post into %pre- Fix TTL (patch from ISC, Bug #9820)- fix typo in spec (it's %post, without a leading blank) introduced in -6
- change SYSTYPE to linux- pick a standard < 100 uid/gid for named- Pass named a '-u named' parameter by default, and add/remove user.- fix host mx bug (Bug #9021)- rebuild to fix dependencies
- man pages are compressed- It's /usr/bin/killall, not /usr/sbin/killall (Bug #8063)- Fix up location of named-bootconf.pl and make it executable (Bug #8028)
- bind-devel requires bind- update to 8.2.2-P5- update to 8.2.2-P3- add patch to stop a cache only server from complaining about lame servers on every request.- use real stop and start in named.init for restart, not ndc restart, it has problems when named has changed during a package update... (# 4890)- chkconfig --del in %preun, not %postun- initscript munging- fix installed chkconfig links to match init file- conflict with new (in man-1.24) man pages (#3876,#3877).- fix named.logrotate (wrong %SOURCE)- update to 8.2.1.
- add named.logrotate (#3571).
- hack around egcs-1.1.2 -m486 bug (#3413, #3485).
- vet file list.- don't run by default- nslookup fixes (#2463).
- missing files (#3152).- nslookup patched:
 - to count numRecords properly
 - to fix subsequent calls to ls -d
 - to parse "view" and "finger" commands properly
 - the view hack updated for bind-8 (using sed)- add ISC patch
- add quick hack to make host not crash
- add more docs- add probing information in the init file to keep linuxconf happy
- dont strip libbind- auto rebuild in the new build environment (release 3)- removed 'done' output at named shutdown.- version 8.2- patch to use the __FDS_BITS macro
- build for glibc 2.1- change named.restart to /usr/sbin/ndc restart- install man pages correctly.
- change K10named to K45named.- don't start if /etc/named.conf doesn't exist.- autmagically create /etc/named.conf from /etc/named.boot in %post
- remove echo in %post- merge in 5.1 mods- Several essential modifications to build and install correctly.
- Modified 'ndc' to avoid deprecated use of '-'- Used buildroot
- patched bin/named/ns_udp.c to use <libelf/nlist.h> for include on Redhat 5.0 instead of <nlist.h>32:9.9.4-51.e17_4.2bind-license-9.9.4COPYRIGHT/usr/share/doc//usr/share/doc/bind-license-9.9.4/-O2 -g -pipe -Wall -Wp,-D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -fexceptions -fstack-protector-strong --param=ssp-buffer-size=4 -grecord-gcc-switches cpioxz2aarch64-redhat-linux-gnudirectoryUTF-8 Unicode text?7zXZ
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1.12 bind-utils 9.9.4-51.el7_4.2

1.13 binutils 2.25.1 :32.base.el7_4.1

1.13.1 Available under license :

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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```
@smallexample
```

```
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'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

```
@end smallexample
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
(This file is under construction.) -*- text -*-
```

If you've contributed to gas and your name isn't listed here, it is not meant as a slight. I just don't know about it. Email me, nickc@redhat.com and I'll correct the situation.

This file will eventually be deleted: The general info will go into the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS file, as requested by the FSF.

+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added `.include` support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. `jsr`), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (`jbsr`). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's `mips-tfile` program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the `binutils` releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made `gas` able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (`sparc`, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the `binutils` to `openVMS/Alpha`.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction `c30` (`tms320c30`).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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1.14 biosdevname 0.7.2 :2.el7

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bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

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1.18 centos-logos 70.0.6 :3.el7.centos

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One of the key reasons we got delayed on the CentOS-6 release was lack of suitable build resources, especially when we had to repeatedly build large chunks of code. Norwood S came forward and worked with me to setup a large build machine, then tune the build process and help improve the overall build, test and validate process we were using. This build machine he donated to the project was about 5 times more capable than the entire buildsystem we had. And he did this out of his own pocket, from his own time, and has since upgraded the machine as well. It's now a 128GB, 48 core machine, with 4 SSD's and 4 sata disks : but the key metric is that it can build from source, the entire CentOS-7 distro in under 22 hrs.

Having this capability was key in our ability to build, test and deliver CentOS-7 as rapidly as we have been able to.

We'd like to dedicate the CentOS-7 Release to Mr Norwood S, of Phoenix, AZ, USA for his continued support for the project.

Contributors:

The Red Hat developers, without whom CentOS would look very different

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Andreas Thienemann
Anssi Johansson
Athmane Madjoudj
Bonnie King
Brian Stinson
Carl Trieloff
Christoph Galuschka
Fabian Arrotin
Jakub Filak
James Moger
Jeff Sheltren
Jim Perrin
Johnny Hughes Jr
Karanbir Singh
Karsten Wade
Kay Williams
Manuel Wolfshant
Matej Habrnal
Marcus Moeller
Michael Scherer
Mike McLean
Pat Riehecky
Ralph Angenendt
Scott Robbins
Stephen John Smoogen
Trevor Hemsley
Tru Huynh
Tuomas Kuosmanen
Tuomo Soini
Tyler Parsons

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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
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Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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1.24 cracklib 2.9.0 :11.e17

1.24.1 Available under license :

EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point, it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM
> To: cracklib-devel@li...
> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
>=20
> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing
> libraries under
> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
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the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=
=20
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=
eir=20
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =
a=20
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=
=20
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46
Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan

=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM
> To: Neulinger, Nathan
> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett
> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
> > I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec
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> unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib
> unless their
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the
> place of a
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should
> be using.
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small

> bit of
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code (where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>> bit of
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>> by me.

>

> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

>

> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,

GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>>> bit of
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>>> by me.

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> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

>

> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

> >> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

> >

> > looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we
> > make the change now ?

>

> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...

-mike

BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007

Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umn.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umn.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);

Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500

Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umn.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);

Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500

Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000

Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)

by scanin-ipv6.cc.umn.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000

Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])

by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtp020623

for <nneul@umn.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500

Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])

by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311

for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)

Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])

by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)

id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L

for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000

Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)

In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>

References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>

<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umn.edu>

<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed

Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>

Subject: Re: cracklib license

Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100

To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>

X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)

X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]

Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com

X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]

Status: RO

Content-Length: 585

Lines: 21

>

> ----- Forwarded message -----

> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umn.edu>

> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM

> Subject: RE: cracklib license

> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk

>

> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly

> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that

> email
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained
> would be
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
This package was debianized by Jean Pierre LeJacq
<jplejacq@quoininc.com> on Wed, 25 Feb 1998. Martin Pitt
<martin@piware.de> was the package's maintainer up to version 2.7.19-1. The current maintainer is Jan Dittberner

<jandd@debian.org>.

It was downloaded from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/cracklib>

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Modifications: Added cronjob, configuration file, and man pages.

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Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

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Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

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> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

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In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

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From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

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The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtp020623
for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])

by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>
Subject: Re: cracklib license
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]
Status: RO
Content-Length: 585
Lines: 21

>
> ----- Forwarded message -----
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM
> Subject: RE: cracklib license
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk
>
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that
> email
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained
> would be
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

1.25 cracklib-dicts 2.9.0 :11.e17

1.25.1 Available under license :

This package was debianized by Jean Pierre LeJacq <jplejacq@quoininc.com> on Wed, 25 Feb 1998. Martin Pitt <martin@piware.de> was the package's maintainer up to version 2.7.19-1. The current maintainer is Jan Dittberner <jandd@debian.org>.

It was downloaded from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/cracklib>

Copyright (c) 1993 Alec Muffett <alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk>,
Copyright (c) 2005-2009 Nathan Neulinger <nneul@umr.edu>,
Copyright (c) 2008-2009 Jan Dittberner <jan@dittberner.info>

Modifications: Added cronjob, configuration file, and man pages.

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for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delp=yes; format=flowed
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>
Subject: Re: cracklib license
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]
Status: RO
Content-Length: 585
Lines: 21

>
> ----- Forwarded message -----
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM
> Subject: RE: cracklib license
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk
>
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that
> email
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained
> would be
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected
in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively
involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing

> libraries under

> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=
=20
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=
eir=20
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =
a=20
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=
=20
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
=20
=20Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46

Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan
=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM
> To: Neulinger, Nathan

> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett
> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
>=20
> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
>> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec
> directly
>> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this
> point,
>> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what
> it was
>> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
>> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.
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> GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the
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> unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib
> unless their
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the
> place of a
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should
> be using.
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> bit of
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code (where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>> bit of
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>> by me.
>
> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
>
> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>>> bit of
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>>> by me.

>>

>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

>>

>> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
>> linked with any code, not just GPL...

>

> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable
> timeframe.

>

> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,
> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the
> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

>

> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

> >> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
> >
> > looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we
> > make the change now ?
>
> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...

-mike

BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623
for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])

by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>
Subject: Re: cracklib license
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]
Status: RO
Content-Length: 585
Lines: 21

>
> ----- Forwarded message -----
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM
> Subject: RE: cracklib license
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk
>
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that
> email
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained
> would be
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

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Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software packages--typically libraries--of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the

library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

^L

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

^L

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not

covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If

identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

^L

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.
^L

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding

machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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1.26 cronie 1.4.11 :17.el7

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 *
 * @(#)bitstring.h 8.1 (Berkeley) 7/19/93
 */

1.27 cryptsetup 1.7.4 :3.el7

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
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1.28 curl 7.29.0 :42.el7_4.1

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=====
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zlib http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html

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krb4

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1.29 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :21.el7

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```

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```

```
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```

```
#endif /* _KERBEROS_MIT_COPYRIGHT_H */
```

```
/* CMU libsasl
```

```
* Tim Martin
```

```
* Rob Earhart
```

```
* Rob Siemborski
*/
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b) Accompany it with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give any third party, for a charge no more than your cost of physically performing source distribution, a complete machine-readable copy of the corresponding source code, to be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange; or,

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
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```
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```

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```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.33 dbus-python 1.1.1 :9.e17

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1.34 device-mapper-multipath 0.4.9 :111.el7

1.34.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.35 device-mapper-persistent-data 0.7.0 :0.1.rc6.el7

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1.42 dracut 033 :502.el7

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1.43 e2fsprogs 1.42.9 :10.el7

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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Upstream Author: Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu>

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the Common Error
Description library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file
system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>,
from sources obtained from a mirror of:

tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

=====

```

--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
*/
/*
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes
-
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell      2005
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+ Copyright (C) Paul `Rusty' Russell  2000

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** library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released
#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
# libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo " MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: $(BSD_LIB)

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;' /$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

```

```
install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

```
uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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```

```
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```
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Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.45 elfutils 0.168 :8.el7

1.45.1 Available under license :

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

Gamin is a file and directory monitoring system defined to be a subset of the FAM (File Alteration Monitor) system.

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also partly

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Red Hat, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `gamin' (a file alteration monitor) written by Daniel Veillard.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.59 gawk 4.0.2 :4.e17_3.1

1.59.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is
numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

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1.60 gcc 4.8.5 :28.e17

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant

contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by

Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.

Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.

Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and

Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.

Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and

Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.

Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.

Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and

Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.

Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.

Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.

Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).

Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).

Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.

David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.

Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.

Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.

Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
/* Definitions for BSD assembler syntax for Intel 386
   (actually AT&T syntax for insns and operands,
   adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
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```

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```
/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */
```

```
/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */
```

```
/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
   underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should
   be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */
```

```
#define LPREFIX "L"
```

```
/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */
```

```
#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
```

```
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
```

```
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
```

```
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */
```

```
/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
```

```
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */
```

```
/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */
```

```
/* This is how to output an assembler line
   that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */
```

```
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) \
```

```

fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)), \
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
fprintf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
fprintf ((FILE), "%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT) \
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)), \
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)), \
fprintf ((FILE), "%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter
to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG) \
if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER) \
sprintf ((BUF), "%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

```

```
/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
Copyright @copyright{ } 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
```

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```
@c man end
@end ignore
@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
@unnumbered GNU General Public License
@center Version 3, 29 June 2007
```

```
@c This file is intended to be included in another file.
```

```
@display
Copyright @copyright{ } 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. @url{http://fsf.org/}
```

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```
@end display
```

```
@heading Preamble
```

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@node GNU Free Documentation License, Concept Index, Old, Top

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@html

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@ifnohtml

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```
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```
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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
```

```
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```
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xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"><head><meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html;
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href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link rel="prev" href="status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" /><link
rel="next" href="bugs.html" title="Bugs" /></head><body><div class="navheader"><table width="100%"
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align="left"><a accesskey="p" href="status.html">Prev</a></td><th width="60%"
align="center">Chapter1.Status</th><td width="20%" align="right"><a accesskey="n"
href="bugs.html">Next</a></td></tr></table><hr /></div><div class="section"><div
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3("GPLv3").Itappliesoagivenfile(the"RuntimeLibrary")that<br />
bearsanoticeplacedbythecopyrightholderofthefilestatingthat<br />
thefileisgovernedbyGPLv3alongwiththisException.<br />
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non-intermediatelanguagesdesignedforhuman-writtencode,and/orin
JavaVirtualMachinebytecode,intoTargetCode.Thus,forexample,
useofsourcecodegeneratorsandpreprocessorsneednotbeconsidered
partoftheCompilationProcess,sincetheCompilationProcesscanbe
understoodasstartingwiththeoutputofthegeneratorsor
preprocessors.

ACompilationProcessis"Eligible"ifitisdonesingGCC,aloneor
withotherGPL-compatiblesoftware,orifitisdonesingany
workbasedonGCC.Forexample,usingnon-GPL-compatibleSoftwareto
optimizeanyGCCintermediaterepresentationswouldnotqualifyasan
EligibleCompilationProcess.

1.GrantofAdditionalPermission.

YouhavepermissiontopropagateaworkofTargetCodeformedby
combiningtheRuntimeLibrarywithIndependentModules,evenifsuch
propagationwouldotherwiseviolatethetermsofGPLv3,providedthat
allTargetCodewasgeneratedbyEligibleCompilationProcesses.You

may then convey such a combination under terms of your choice,

consistent with the licensing of the Independent Modules.

2. No Weakening of GCC Copyleft.

The availability of this Exception does not imply any general

presumption that third-party software is unaffected by the copyleft

requirements of the license of GCC.

</p></div><p>

Hopefully that text is self-explanatory. If it isn't, you need to speak to your lawyer, or the Free Software Foundation.

</p></div><div class="section"><div class="titlepage"><div><div><h3 class="title">The Documentation: GPL, FDL</h3></div></div></div><p>

The documentation shipped with the library and made available over the web, excluding the pages generated from source comments, are copyrighted by the Free Software Foundation, and placed under the

 GNU Free Documentation

License version 1.3. There are no Front-Cover Texts, no Back-Cover Texts, and no Invariant Sections.

</p><p>

For documentation generated by doxygen or other automated tools via processing source code comments and markup, the original source code license applies to the generated files. Thus, the doxygen

documents are licensed GPL.

</p><p>

If you plan on making copies of the documentation, please let us know.

We can probably offer suggestions.

</p></div></div><div class="navfooter"><hr /><table width="100%" summary="Navigation footer"><tr><td width="40%" align="left">Prev</td><td width="20%" align="center">Up</td><td width="40%" align="right">Next</td></tr><tr><td width="40%" align="left" valign="top">Chapter 1. Status</td><td width="20%" align="center">Home</td><td width="40%" align="right" valign="top">Bugs</td></tr></table></div></body></html>

<appendix xmlns="http://docbook.org/ns/docbook" version="5.0"

xml:id="appendix.gpl-3.0"><info><title>

<acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License version 3

</title></info>

<?dbhtml filename="appendix_gpl.html"?>

<para>

Version 3, 29 June 2007

</para>

<para>

Copyright 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.

<link xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink" xlink:href="http://www.fsf.org/">http://www.fsf.org/</link>

</para>

<para>

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</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-preamble" renderas="sect1">

Preamble

</bridgehead>

<para>

The <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License is a free, copyleft license for software and other kinds of works.

</para>

<para>

The licenses for most software and other practical works are designed to take away your freedom to share and change the works. By contrast, the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License is intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change all versions of a program to make sure it remains free software for all its users. We, the Free Software Foundation, use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> General Public License for most of our software; it applies also to any other work released this way by its authors. You can apply it to your programs, too.

</para>

<para>

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for them if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs, and that you know you can do these things.

</para>

<para>

To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.

</para>

<para>

For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

</para>

<para>

Developers that use the <acronym>GNU</acronym> <acronym>GPL</acronym> protect your rights with two steps: (1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.

</para>

<para>
For the developers and authors protection, the
<acronym>GPL</acronym> clearly explains that there is no warranty for this
free software. For both users and authors sake, the
<acronym>GPL</acronym> requires that modified versions be marked as changed,
so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of
previous versions.

</para>

<para>
Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified
versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so.
This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users
freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs
in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it
is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the
<acronym>GPL</acronym> to prohibit the practice for those products. If such
problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this
provision to those domains in future versions of the <acronym>GPL</acronym>,
as needed to protect the freedom of users.

</para>

<para>
Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States
should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on
general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the
special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it
effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the <acronym>GPL</acronym>
assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

</para>

<para>
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification
follow.

</para>

<bridgehead>

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

</bridgehead>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-definitions" renderas="sect1">

0. Definitions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

This License refers to version 3 of the <acronym>GNU</acronym>
General Public License.

</para>

<para>

Copyright also means copyright-like laws that apply to other
kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

</para>

<para>

The Program refers to any copyrightable work licensed under

this License. Each licensee is addressed as you.

Licensees and recipients may be individuals or organizations.

</para>

<para>

To modify a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a modified version of the earlier work or a work based on the earlier work.

</para>

<para>

A covered work means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

</para>

<para>

To propagate a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

</para>

<para>

To convey a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

</para>

<para>

An interactive user interface displays Appropriate Legal Notices to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="SourceCode" renderas="sect1">

1. Source Code.

</bridgehead>

<para>

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. Object code means any non-source form of a work.

</para>

<para>

A Standard Interface means an interface that either is an

official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

</para>

<para>

The System Libraries of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A Major Component, in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the works System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

</para>

<para>

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="BasicPermissions" renderas="sect1">

2. Basic Permissions.

</bridgehead>

<para>

All rights granted under this License are granted for the term of copyright on the Program, and are irrevocable provided the stated conditions are met. This License explicitly affirms your unlimited permission to run the unmodified Program. The output from running a covered work is covered by this License only if the output, given its content, constitutes a covered work. This License acknowledges your rights of fair use or other equivalent, as provided by copyright law.

</para>

<para>

You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not convey, without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains in force. You may convey covered works to others for the sole purpose of having them make modifications exclusively for you, or provide you with facilities for running those works, provided that you comply with the terms of this License in conveying all material for which you do not control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works for you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction and control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of your copyrighted material outside their relationship with you.

</para>

<para>

Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Protecting" renderas="sect1">

3. Protecting Users Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

</bridgehead>

<para>

No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.

</para>

<para>

When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid circumvention of technological measures to the extent such circumvention is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the works users, your or third parties legal rights to forbid circumvention of technological measures.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingVerbatim" renderas="sect1">

4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey verbatim copies of the Programs source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

</para>

```
<para>
  You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you
  may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.
</para>
<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingModified" renderas="sect1">
  5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.
</bridgehead>
<para>
  You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce
  it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section
  4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
</para>
<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">
  <listitem>
    <para>
      The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and
      giving a relevant date.
    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
      The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under
      this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement
      modifies the requirement in section 4 to keep intact all
      notices.
    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
      You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to
      anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore
      apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the
      whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are
      packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any
      other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have
      separately received it.
    </para>
  </listitem>
  <listitem>
    <para>
      If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display
      Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive
      interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need
      not make them do so.
    </para>
  </listitem>
</orderedlist>
<para>
```

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an aggregate if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilations users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="ConveyingNonSource" renderas="sect1">

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

</para>

<para>

A User Product is either (1) a consumer product, which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, normally used refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

</para>

<para>

Installation Information for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a

modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

</para>

<para>

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in <acronym>ROM</acronym>).

</para>

<para>

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

</para>

<para>

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AdditionalTerms" renderas="sect1">

7. Additional Terms.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Additional permissions are terms that supplement the terms of this License by making exceptions from one or more of its conditions. Additional permissions that are applicable to the entire Program shall be treated as though they were included in this License, to the extent that they are valid under applicable law. If additional permissions apply only to part of the Program, that part may be used separately under those permissions, but the entire Program remains governed by this License without regard to the additional permissions.

</para>

<para>

When you convey a copy of a covered work, you may at your option remove any

additional permissions from that copy, or from any part of it. (Additional permissions may be written to require their own removal in certain cases when you modify the work.) You may place additional permissions on material, added by you to a covered work, for which you have or can give appropriate copyright permission.

</para>

<para>

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, for material you add to a covered work, you may (if authorized by the copyright holders of that material) supplement the terms of this License with terms:

</para>

<orderedlist numeration="loweralpha" inheritnum="ignore" continuation="restarts">

<listitem>

<para>

Disclaiming warranty or limiting liability differently from the terms of sections 15 and 16 of this License; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Requiring preservation of specified reasonable legal notices or author attributions in that material or in the Appropriate Legal Notices displayed by works containing it; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Prohibiting misrepresentation of the origin of that material, or requiring that modified versions of such material be marked in reasonable ways as different from the original version; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Limiting the use for publicity purposes of names of licensors or authors of the material; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Declining to grant rights under trademark law for use of some trade names, trademarks, or service marks; or

</para>

</listitem>

<listitem>

<para>

Requiring indemnification of licensors and authors of that material by anyone who conveys the material (or modified versions of it) with

contractual assumptions of liability to the recipient, for any liability that these contractual assumptions directly impose on those licensors and authors.

</para>

</listitem>

</orderedlist>

<para>

All other non-permissive additional terms are considered further restrictions within the meaning of section 10. If the Program as you received it, or any part of it, contains a notice stating that it is governed by this License along with a term that is a further restriction, you may remove that term. If a license document contains a further restriction but permits relicensing or conveying under this License, you may add to a covered work material governed by the terms of that license document, provided that the further restriction does not survive such relicensing or conveying.

</para>

<para>

If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the applicable terms.

</para>

<para>

Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form of a separately written license, or stated as exceptions; the above requirements apply either way.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="gpl-3-termination" renderas="sect1">

8. Termination.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You may not propagate or modify a covered work except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to propagate or modify it is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License (including any patent licenses granted under the third paragraph of section 11).

</para>

<para>

However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.

</para>

<para>

Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the violation by some

reasonable means, this is the first time you have received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after your receipt of the notice.

</para>

<para>

Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the licenses of parties who have received copies or rights from you under this License. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently reinstated, you do not qualify to receive new licenses for the same material under section 10.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AcceptanceNotRequired" renderas="sect1">

9. Acceptance Not Required for Having Copies.

</bridgehead>

<para>

You are not required to accept this License in order to receive or run a copy of the Program. Ancillary propagation of a covered work occurring solely as a consequence of using peer-to-peer transmission to receive a copy likewise does not require acceptance. However, nothing other than this License grants you permission to propagate or modify any covered work. These actions infringe copyright if you do not accept this License. Therefore, by modifying or propagating a covered work, you indicate your acceptance of this License to do so.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="AutomaticDownstream" renderas="sect1">

10. Automatic Licensing of Downstream Recipients.

</bridgehead>

<para>

Each time you convey a covered work, the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensors, to run, modify and propagate that work, subject to this License. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties with this License.

</para>

<para>

An entity transaction is a transaction transferring control of an organization, or substantially all assets of one, or subdividing an organization, or merging organizations. If propagation of a covered work results from an entity transaction, each party to that transaction who receives a copy of the work also receives whatever licenses to the work the party's predecessor in interest had or could give under the previous paragraph, plus a right to possession of the Corresponding Source of the work from the predecessor in interest, if the predecessor has it or can get it with reasonable efforts.

</para>

<para>

You may not impose any further restrictions on the exercise of the rights granted or affirmed under this License. For example, you may not impose a license fee, royalty, or other charge for exercise of rights granted under

this License, and you may not initiate litigation (including a cross-claim or counterclaim in a lawsuit) alleging that any patent claim is infringed by making, using, selling, offering for sale, or importing the Program or any portion of it.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="Patents" renderas="sect1">

11. Patents.

</bridgehead>

<para>

A contributor is a copyright holder who authorizes use under this License of the Program or a work on which the Program is based. The work thus licensed is called the contributors contributor version.

</para>

<para>

A contributors essential patent claims are all patent claims owned or controlled by the contributor, whether already acquired or hereafter acquired, that would be infringed by some manner, permitted by this License, of making, using, or selling its contributor version, but do not include claims that would be infringed only as a consequence of further modification of the contributor version. For purposes of this definition, control includes the right to grant patent sublicenses in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License.

</para>

<para>

Each contributor grants you a non-exclusive, worldwide, royalty-free patent license under the contributors essential patent claims, to make, use, sell, offer for sale, import and otherwise run, modify and propagate the contents of its contributor version.

</para>

<para>

In the following three paragraphs, a patent license is any express agreement or commitment, however denominated, not to enforce a patent (such as an express permission to practice a patent or covenant not to sue for patent infringement). To grant such a patent license to a party means to make such an agreement or commitment not to enforce a patent against the party.

</para>

<para>

If you convey a covered work, knowingly relying on a patent license, and the Corresponding Source of the work is not available for anyone to copy, free of charge and under the terms of this License, through a publicly available network server or other readily accessible means, then you must either (1) cause the Corresponding Source to be so available, or (2) arrange to deprive yourself of the benefit of the patent license for this particular work, or (3) arrange, in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License, to extend the patent license to downstream recipients. Knowingly relying means you have actual knowledge that, but for the patent

license, your conveying the covered work in a country, or your recipients use of the covered work in a country, would infringe one or more identifiable patents in that country that you have reason to believe are valid.

</para>

<para>

If, pursuant to or in connection with a single transaction or arrangement, you convey, or propagate by procuring conveyance of, a covered work, and grant a patent license to some of the parties receiving the covered work authorizing them to use, propagate, modify or convey a specific copy of the covered work, then the patent license you grant is automatically extended to all recipients of the covered work and works based on it.

</para>

<para>

A patent license is discriminatory if it does not include within the scope of its coverage, prohibits the exercise of, or is conditioned on the non-exercise of one or more of the rights that are specifically granted under this License. You may not convey a covered work if you are a party to an arrangement with a third party that is in the business of distributing software, under which you make payment to the third party based on the extent of your activity of conveying the work, and under which the third party grants, to any of the parties who would receive the covered work from you, a discriminatory patent license (a) in connection with copies of the covered work conveyed by you (or copies made from those copies), or (b) primarily for and in connection with specific products or compilations that contain the covered work, unless you entered into that arrangement, or that patent license was granted, prior to 28 March 2007.

</para>

<para>

Nothing in this License shall be construed as excluding or limiting any implied license or other defenses to infringement that may otherwise be available to you under applicable patent law.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="NoSurrender" renderas="sect1">

12. No Surrender of Others Freedom.

</bridgehead>

<para>

If conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not excuse you from the conditions of this License. If you cannot convey a covered work so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this License and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may not convey it at all. For example, if you agree to terms that obligate you to collect a royalty for further conveying from those to whom you convey the Program, the only way you could satisfy both those terms and this License would be to refrain entirely from conveying the Program.

</para>

<bridgehead xml:id="UsedWithAGPL" renderas="sect1">

13. Use with the <acronym>GNU</acronym> Affero General Public License.

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</appendix>

GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

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This GCC Runtime Library Exception ("Exception") is an additional permission under section 7 of the GNU General Public License, version 3 ("GPLv3"). It applies to a given file (the "Runtime Library") that bears a notice placed by the copyright holder of the file stating that the file is governed by GPLv3 along with this Exception.

When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtime libraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow compilation of non-GPL (including proprietary) programs to use, in this way, the header files and runtime libraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a Compilation Process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

"GCC" means a version of the GNU Compiler Collection, with or without modifications, governed by version 3 (or a specified later version) of the GNU General Public License (GPL) with the option of using any subsequent versions published by the FSF.

"GPL-compatible Software" is software whose conditions of propagation, modification and use would permit combination with GCC in accord with the license of GCC.

"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker and/or execution phase. Notwithstanding that, Target Code does not include data in any format that is used as a compiler intermediate representation, or used for producing a compiler intermediate representation.

The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine byte code, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or

preprocessors.

A Compilation Process is "Eligible" if it is done using GCC, alone or with other GPL-compatible software, or if it is done without using any work based on GCC. For example, using non-GPL-compatible Software to optimize any GCC intermediate representations would not qualify as an Eligible Compilation Process.

1. Grant of Additional Permission.

You have permission to propagate a work of Target Code formed by combining the Runtime Library with Independent Modules, even if such propagation would otherwise violate the terms of GPLv3, provided that all Target Code was generated by Eligible Compilation Processes. You may then convey such a combination under terms of your choice, consistent with the licensing of the Independent Modules.

2. No Weakening of GCC Copyleft.

The availability of this Exception does not imply any general presumption that third-party software is unaffected by the copyleft requirements of the license of GCC.

@node Library Copying

@appendixsec GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License

@center Version 2.1, February 1999

@display

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some

specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and

is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end ifinfo

@enumerate 0
@item

This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called ``this License"). Each licensee is addressed as ``you".

A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The ``Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification".)

``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

@item

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

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You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the

entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library''. Such a

work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever

changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library'' must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you

distribute.

@item

You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

@item

Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

@end enumerate

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This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

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@item

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@item

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@end enumerate

@iftex

@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample
@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

This library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU Lesser General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public License along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301, USA.

@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

@smallexample
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!

```
#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.
#
# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
# Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
# update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#
# update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.
```



```

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report (self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
            sys.stderr.write (string + '\n')
            self.num_errors += 1

    def ok (self):
        return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__(self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

    self.skip_files |= set ([
        # Skip licence files.
        'COPYING',
        'COPYING.LIB',
        'COPYING3',
        'COPYING3.LIB',
        'LICENSE',
        'fdl.texi',
        'gpl_v3.texi',
        'fdl-1.3.xml',
        'gpl-3.0.xml',

        # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
        'aclocal.m4',
        'compile',
        'config.guess',
        'config.sub',
        'depcomp',
        'install-sh',
        'libtool.m4',

```

```

    'ltmain.sh',
    'ltoptions.m4',
    'ltsugar.m4',
    'ltversion.m4',
    'lt~obsolete.m4',
    'missing',
    'mkdep',
    'mkninstalldirs',
    'move-if-change',
    'shlibpath.m4',
    'symlink-tree',
    'ylwrap',

    # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
    'gnu.texi',
    'funding.texi',
    'appendix_free.xml',

    # Skip imported texinfo files.
    'texinfo.tex',
    ])

```

```

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')

    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
            return True

    # Skip files produced by autogen
    if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
        and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
        return True

```

```

# Skip configure files produced by autoconf
if filename == 'configure':
    if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
        return True
    if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
        return True

return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

    # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
    ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9.,\s]|\s+and\s+)*[0-9]'

    # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
    name = '[\w.,-]'

    # Matches one year.
    self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

    # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
    self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

    # Matches a full copyright notice:
    self.copyright_re = re.compile (
        # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
        '([Cc]opyright'
        '|[Cc]opyright\s+\([Cc]\)'
        '|[Cc]opyright\s+%s'
        '|[Cc]opyright\s+&copy;'
        '|[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{ }'
        '|@set\s+copyright[\w-]+)'

```

```

# 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
# we can remove any excess.
'\s*(?:' + ranges + ',?)'
'|@value\{[^\{]*\}\s*)'

# 3: 'by ', if used
'(by\s+)?'

# 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
# spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
# (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
>(' + name + '(?:\s? + name + ')*?)?)

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]',
                                     re.IGNORECASE)
self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+;+|%+//+|@c |dnl ')
self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }
self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ', '.
self.separator = ''

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

```

```

def __str__(self):
    return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
    elif len (string) == 4:
        return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value'):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

```

```

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
        if after_years != "":
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                'trailing characters in @set: '
                                + after_years)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
        while not self.is_complete (match):
            try:
                next_line = file.next()
            except StopIteration:
                break

            # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
            # assume that what we've got is complete.
            continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
            if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
                break

            # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
            orig_line += next_line
            line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
            next_line = None

            # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
            match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
            assert match

    holder = match.group (4)

    # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
    if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):

```

```

    assert holder not in self.holders

elif not holder:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report (pathname,
                        'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start (4)]
           + canon_form
           + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

# Update the copyright years.
years = match.group (2).strip()
try:
    canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

line = (line[:match.start (2)]
       + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
       + line[match.end (2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith ('right'):
    intro += ' (C)'
elif intro.endswith (('c')):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

```

```

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return

    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
    with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        for line in file:
            while line:
                next_line = None
                # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                    match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                    if match:
                        res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
                                                    file, line, match)
                        (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                        changed = changed or this_changed

                # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
                elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
                    self.errors.report (pathname,
                                       'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                       % line.strip())
                lines.append (line)
                line = next_line

    # If something changed, write the new file out.
    if changed and self.errors.ok():
        tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
        with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
            for line in lines:
                file.write (line)
        if self.use_quilt:
            subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
        os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):

```



```

for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
    # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
    for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
        if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
            del subdirs[i]

    # Handle the files in this directory.
    for filename in filenames:
        if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
            sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n'
                               % os.path.join (dir, filename))
        else:
            self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                        self.o_quilt)
        self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                        self.o_this_year)

    def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
        self.option_help.append ((name, help))
        self.option_handlers[name] = handler

    def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
        self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

    def o_help (self, option = None):
        sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n'
                          'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
        format = '%-15s %s\n'
        for (what, help) in self.option_help:
            sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
        sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

        format = '%-25s'
        i = 0
        for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:

```

```

        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok():
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help()
        else:
            for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, "")
                count = 0
                for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                    if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                        count += 1
                        self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
                if count == 0:
                    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                        + chosen_dir)
    sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#-----

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

```

```

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
        pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
        with open (pathname) as file:
            # Skip files imported from gettext.
            if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
        ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',

            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

        self.fossilised_files |= set ([
            # Old news won't be updated.
            'ONEWS',
        ])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',

```

```

        '.cc',
        '.h',
        '.hs',
        '.f',
        '.f90',
        '.go',
        '.inc',
        '.java',
    ])

```

```

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
    # and isn't updated.
    if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
        return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

```

```

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

```

```

class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        ])

```

```

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',
        ])

```

```

        # Imported from upstream
        'classpath',
        'libltdl',
    ])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
        return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
        return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',

            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',

            # Contains imported images
            'images',
        ])

        self.own_files |= set ([
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
        ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):

```

```

if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
    return re.compile ('//\ (C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
        self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
        self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
        self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
        self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')

class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

```

```

self.add_dir('.', TopLevelFilter())
# Boehm-GC is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('config', ConfigFilter())
# contrib isn't really part of GCC.
self.add_dir('fixincludes')
self.add_dir('gcc', GCCFilter())
self.add_dir(os.path.join('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir('gnattools')
self.add_dir('include')
self.add_dir('libada')
self.add_dir('libatomic')
self.add_dir('libbacktrace')
self.add_dir('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
self.add_dir('libdecnumber')
# libffi is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
self.add_dir('libgfortran')
self.add_dir('libgomp')
self.add_dir('libiberty')
self.add_dir('libitm')
self.add_dir('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
self.add_dir(os.path.join('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
self.add_dir(os.path.join('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
              TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir('libobjc')
self.add_dir('libquadmath')
# libsanitizer is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('libssp')
self.add_dir('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
self.add_dir('lto-plugin')
# zlib is imported from upstream.

self.default_dirs = [
    'gcc',
    'libada',
    'libatomic',
    'libbacktrace',
    'libcpp',
    'libdecnumber',
    'libgcc',
    'libgfortran',
    'libgomp',
    'libitm',
    'libmudflap',
    'libobjc',
    'libstdc++-v3',

```

]

GCCCmdLine().main()

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```

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/* gnu.classpath.tools.taglets.CopyrightTaglet

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package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;


```

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inConstructor() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inMethod() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inOverview() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inPackage() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inType() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean isInlineTag() {
        return false;
    }

    public static void register(Map tagletMap) {

```

```
    CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
    tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}

public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    }
    else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }

        if (haveValidTag) {
            StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
            result.append("<dl>");
            for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
                if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                    result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
                }
            }
            result.append("</dl>");
            return result.toString();
        }
        else {
            return null;
        }
    }
}

}

/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects
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```

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```
package java.security;
```

```
import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;
```

```
import java.io.Serializable;
```

```
/**
```

```
* This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement  
* the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name  
* and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The  
* actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the  
* context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions  
* are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent  
* something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning  
* within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no  
* actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission  
* or you don't.
```

```
*
```

```
* <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This  
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified  
* permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the  
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
```

- * "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
- * file foo.
- *
- * `<p><code>Permission</code>'s` must be immutable - do not change their
- * state after creation.
- *
- * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
- * @see Permissions
- * @see PermissionCollection
- * @since 1.1
- * @status updated to 1.4
- */

public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable

{

/**

* Compatible with JDK 1.1+.

*/

private static final long serialVersionUID = -563657022231596674L;

/**

* This is the name assigned to this permission object.

*

* @serial the name of the permission

*/

private String name;

/**

* Create an instance with the specified name.

*

* @param name the permission name

*/

public Permission(String name)

{

 this.name = name;

}

/**

* This method implements the `<code>Guard</code>` interface for this class.

* It calls the `<code>checkPermission</code>` method in

* `<code>SecurityManager</code>` with this `<code>Permission</code>` as its

* argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds

* or throws an exception if it fails.

*

* @param obj the `<code>Object</code>` being guarded - ignored by this class

* @throws SecurityException if the security check fails

* @see GuardedObject

* @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)

*/

```

public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this Permission implies that the
 * specified Permission is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the Permission to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use implies, rather
 * than equals, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this Permission. It
 * must satisfy the contract of Object.hashCode: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this Permission.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this Permission
 * as a String. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both new FilePermission(f, "write,read") and
 * new FilePermission(f, "read,write") have the action list

```

```

* "read,write".
*
* @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
*/
public abstract String getActions();

/**
* This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
* that can store permissions of this type, or <code>>null</code> if no
* such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
* an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
* <code>implies</code>.
*
* @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
*/
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
* This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
* <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
* <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
* + ')</code>.
*
* @return this object as a <code>String</code>
*/
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

    string = string.append('(');
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());

    if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
        string = string.append(' ');
        string = string.append(getActions());
    }

    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission

```

/* Permission.java -- Information about an ACL permission
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```
package java.security.acl;
```

```
/**
```

```
* This interface provides information about a permission that can be  
* granted. Note that this is not the same as the class  
* java.security.Permission.
```

```
*
```

```
* @version 0.0
```

```
*
```

```
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
```

```
*/
```

```

public interface Permission
{
/**
 * This method tests whether or not a specified Permission
 * (passed as an Object) is the same as this permission.
 *
 * @param perm The permission to check for equality
 *
 * @return true if the specified permission is the same as this one, false otherwise
 */
boolean equals (Object perm);

/**
 * This method returns this Permission as a String.
 *
 * @return A String representing this permission.
 */
String toString();
}

```

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence
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Preamble

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of

running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,

and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever

changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could

make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

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A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

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1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

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A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

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1.64 glib2 2.50.3 :3.e17

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based

on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and

therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the

user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]
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@subheading Preamble

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with

the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@subheading TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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@item

This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called ``this License"). Each licensee is addressed as ``you".

A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs

(which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

@item

You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

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You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

@item

You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

@item

You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do

this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library''. Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library''. The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library'' uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs

one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
#####  
## Constant-time SSSE3 AES core implementation.  
## version 0.1  
##  
## By Mike Hamburg (Stanford University), 2009  
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##

For details see http://shiftleft.org/papers/vector_aes/ and

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

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case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not

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You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of

interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

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The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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1.68 gobject-introspection 1.50.0 :1.e17

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Peter Schaffter (peter@schaffter.ca)
1-355 Lafontaine Ave
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@c Local Variables:

@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"

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Source Files

. The file `src/libs/snprintf/snprintf.c', written by Mark Martinec
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Please look into `snprintf.c` for the copyright message.

The complete `snprintf` package together with documentation is available

from

<http://www.ijs.si/software/snprintf/> .

- . The `grn' preprocessor, written by Barry Roitblat <barry@rentonww.com> and David Slattengren <slatteng@Xinet.COM>. These files have been part of the original Berkeley ditroff distribution, without AT&T code, and are in the public domain.

The original package can be found at
<http://ftp.cs.wisc.edu/pub/misc/grn.tar.Z> .

```
src/preproc/grn/gprint.h
src/preproc/grn/hdb.cpp
src/preproc/grn/hgraph.cpp
src/preproc/grn/hpoint.cpp
src/preproc/grn/main.cpp
```

- . The `gxditview' output device. It is based on X11's `xditview' program and thus has the X license.

```
src/devices/xditview/DESC.in
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.c
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.h
src/devices/xditview/DviP.h
src/devices/xditview/FontMap
src/devices/xditview/GXditview.ad
src/devices/xditview/Menu.h
src/devices/xditview/ad2c
src/devices/xditview/device.c
src/devices/xditview/device.h
src/devices/xditview/draw.c
src/devices/xditview/font.c
src/devices/xditview/gray1.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray2.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray3.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray4.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray5.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray6.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray7.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray8.bm
src/devices/xditview/gxditview.man
src/devices/xditview/lex.c
src/devices/xditview/page.c
src/devices/xditview/parse.c
src/devices/xditview/xdit.bm
src/devices/xditview/xdit_mask.bm
src/devices/xditview/xditview.c
```

src/include/DviChar.h
src/include/XFontName.h

src/libs/libxutil/DviChar.c
src/libs/libxutil/XFontName.c

Macro Packages

. The -mdoc macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/doc.tmac
tmac/doc-old.tmac
tmac/doc-common
tmac/doc-ditroff
tmac/doc-nroff
tmac/doc-syms
tmac/groff_mdoc.man

. The -me macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/e.tmac
tmac/groff_me.man
doc/meintro.me
doc/meref.me

Hyphenation Patterns

. The file ``tmac/hyphen.us'` is identical to the file ``hyphen.tex'`, part of the TeX system written by Donald E. Knuth; the master file can be found at

<ftp://labrea.stanford.edu/pub/tex/dist/lib/hyphen.tex> .

It has been renamed for consistency, i.e., to make patterns available under the filenames ``hyphen.<language>'`, e.g. ``hyphen.de'` or ``hyphen.uk'`.

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.fr'` contains the same patterns as the file ``frhyph.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found at

<http://dante.ctan.org/CTAN/language/hyphenation/frhyph.tex> .

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.sv'` is identical to the file ``svhyph.tex'`, which can be found at

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. The files ``tmac/hyphen.det'` and ``tmac/hyphen.den'` contain the same patterns as the files ``dehyphn.tex'` and ``dehypht.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found at

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<http://dante.ctan.org/CTAN/language/hyphenation/dehypht.tex> .

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. The file ``tmac/hyphenex.det'` is identical to the file ``dehyphtex.tex'`, which can be found at

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.cs'` contains the same patterns as the file ``czhyphen.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found in the archive

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Source Files

. The file `src/libs/snprintf/snprintf.c', written by Mark Martinec <mark.martinec@ijs.si>.

Please look into `snprintf.c` for the copyright message.

The complete `snprintf` package together with documentation is available from

<http://www.ijs.si/software/snprintf/> .

. The `gn' preprocessor, written by Barry Roitblat <barry@rentonww.com> and David Slattengren <slatteng@Xinet.COM>. These files have been part of the original Berkeley ditroff distribution, without AT&T code, and are in the public domain.

The original package can be found at <http://ftp.cs.wisc.edu/pub/misc/gn.tar.Z> .

```
src/preproc/gn/gprint.h
src/preproc/gn/hdb.cpp
src/preproc/gn/hgraph.cpp
src/preproc/gn/hpoint.cpp
src/preproc/gn/main.cpp
```

. The `gxditview' output device. It is based on X11's `xditview' program and thus has the X license.

```
src/devices/xditview/DESC.in
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.c
src/devices/xditview/Dvi.h
src/devices/xditview/DviP.h
src/devices/xditview/FontMap
src/devices/xditview/GXditview.ad
src/devices/xditview/Menu.h
src/devices/xditview/ad2c
```

src/devices/xditview/device.c
src/devices/xditview/device.h
src/devices/xditview/draw.c
src/devices/xditview/font.c
src/devices/xditview/gray1.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray2.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray3.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray4.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray5.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray6.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray7.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray8.bm
src/devices/xditview/gxditview.man
src/devices/xditview/lex.c
src/devices/xditview/page.c
src/devices/xditview/parse.c
src/devices/xditview/xdit.bm
src/devices/xditview/xdit_mask.bm
src/devices/xditview/xditview.c

src/include/DviChar.h
src/include/XFontName.h

src/libs/libxutil/DviChar.c
src/libs/libxutil/XFontName.c

Macro Packages

. The -mdoc macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/doc.tmac
tmac/doc-old.tmac
tmac/doc-common
tmac/doc-ditroff
tmac/doc-nroff
tmac/doc-syms
tmac/groff_mdoc.man

. The -me macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/e.tmac
tmac/groff_me.man
doc/meintro.me
doc/meref.me

Hyphenation Patterns

. The file ``tmac/hyphen.us'` is identical to the file ``hyphen.tex'`, part of the TeX system written by Donald E. Knuth; the master file can be found at

<ftp://labrea.stanford.edu/pub/tex/dist/lib/hyphen.tex> .

It has been renamed for consistency, i.e., to make patterns available under the filenames ``hyphen.<language>'`, e.g. ``hyphen.de'` or ``hyphen.uk'`.

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.fr'` contains the same patterns as the file ``frhyph.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found at

<http://dante.ctan.org/CTAN/language/hyphenation/frhyph.tex> .

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. The file ``tmac/hyphen.sv'` is identical to the file ``svhyph.tex'`, which can be found at

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. The files ``tmac/hyphen.det'` and ``tmac/hyphen.den'` contain the same patterns as the files ``dehyphn.tex'` and ``dehypht.tex'` (for TeX), which can be found at

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. The file ``tmac/hyphenex.det'` is identical to the file ``dehyphtex.tex'`, which can be found at

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. The file `tmac/hyphen.cs' contains the same patterns as the file
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EOF

1.73 grub2 2.02 :0.65.el7.centos.2

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From 0df1a50e41fb12fbeb6709575e5f12d64ed73b66 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001

From: Stephane Rochoy <sheda>

Date: Sun, 22 Jun 2014 01:35:52 +0200

Subject: [PATCH 085/260] * grub-core/loader/i386/bsd.c (grub_netbsd_boot):

Pass pointer to EFI system table.

```
ChangeLog          | 5 +++++
grub-core/loader/i386/bsd.c | 8 ++++++++
include/grub/i386/netbsd_bootinfo.h | 7 ++++++++
3 files changed, 20 insertions(+)
```

```
diff --git a/ChangeLog b/ChangeLog
```

```
index abf8f4b27..0cdd095a4 100644
```

```
--- a/ChangeLog
```

```
+++ b/ChangeLog
```

```
@@ -1,5 +1,10 @@
```

```
2014-06-21 Stephane Rochoy <sheda>
```

```
+ * grub-core/loader/i386/bsd.c (grub_netbsd_boot): Pass pointer to
```

```
+ EFI system table.
```

```
+
```

```

+2014-06-21 Stephane Rochoy <sheda>
+
+ * grub-core/commands/efi/lsefisystab.c (grub_cmd_lsefisystab): Show
+ EFI system table physical address.

diff --git a/grub-core/loader/i386/bsd.c b/grub-core/loader/i386/bsd.c
index 41ef9109e..8f691e0e2 100644
--- a/grub-core/loader/i386/bsd.c
+++ b/grub-core/loader/i386/bsd.c
@@ -1145,6 +1145,14 @@ grub_netbsd_boot (void)
+ if (err)
+   return err;

+ #ifdef GRUB_MACHINE_EFI
+ err = grub_bsd_add_meta (NETBSD_BTINFO_EFI,
+   &grub_efi_system_table,
+   sizeof (grub_efi_system_table));
+ if (err)
+   return err;
+ #endif
+
+ {
+   struct bsd_tag *tag;
+   tag_buf_len = 0;
diff --git a/include/grub/i386/netbsd_bootinfo.h b/include/grub/i386/netbsd_bootinfo.h
index e48c19b40..9b4f46041 100644
--- a/include/grub/i386/netbsd_bootinfo.h
+++ b/include/grub/i386/netbsd_bootinfo.h
@@ -58,6 +58,8 @@
+ #define NETBSD_BTINFO_BOOTWEDGE 10
+ #define NETBSD_BTINFO_MODULES 11
+ #define NETBSD_BTINFO_FRAMEBUF 12
+ #define NETBSD_BTINFO_USERCONFCOMMANDS 13
+ #define NETBSD_BTINFO_EFI 14

struct grub_netbsd_bootinfo
{
@@ -146,4 +148,9 @@ struct grub_netbsd_btinfo_framebuf

+ #define GRUB_NETBSD_MAX_ROOTDEVICE_LEN 16

+ struct grub_netbsd_btinfo_efi
+ {
+ void *pa_systbl; /* Physical address of the EFI System Table */
+ };
+
+ #endif
--

```

1.74 grubby 8.28 :23.el7

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1.75 gsettings-desktop-schemas 3.22.0 :1.e17

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1.81 hostname 3.13 :3.e17

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hostname -- set the host name or show the host/domain name

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1.82 hwdata 0.252 :8.6.e17

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1.83 icu 50.1.2 :15.el7

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```
## *-makefile*-
## BSD-specific setup (FreeBSD, OpenBSD, NetBSD, *BSD)
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## Commands to generate dependency files
GEN_DEPS.c= $(CC) -E -MM $(DEFS) $(CPPFLAGS)
GEN_DEPS.cc= $(CXX) -E -MM $(DEFS) $(CPPFLAGS)

## Flags for position independent code
SHAREDLIBCFLAGS = -fPIC
SHAREDLIBCXXFLAGS = -fPIC
SHAREDLIBCPPFLAGS = -DPIC

## Additional flags when building libraries and with threads
THREADSCPPFLAGS = -D_REENTRANT
LIBCPPFLAGS =

## Compiler switch to embed a runtime search path
LD_RPATH=
LD_RPATH_PRE= -Wl,-rpath,

## Compiler switch to embed a library name
LD_SONAME = -Wl,-soname -Wl,$(notdir $(MIDDLE_SO_TARGET))

## Shared library options
LD_SOOPTIONS= -Wl,-Bsymbolic

## Shared object suffix
SO = so
## Non-shared intermediate object suffix
STATIC_O = ao

## Compilation rules
%. $(STATIC_O): $(srcdir)/%.c
$(COMPILE.c) $(STATICCPPFLAGS) $(STATICCFLAGS) -o $@ $<
%.o: $(srcdir)/%.c
$(COMPILE.c) $(DYNAMICCPPFLAGS) $(DYNAMICCFLAGS) -o $@ $<

%. $(STATIC_O): $(srcdir)/%.cpp
```

```

$(COMPILE.cc) $(STATICCPPFLAGS) $(STATICCXXFLAGS) -o $@ $<
%.o: $(srcdir)/%.cpp
$(COMPILE.cc) $(DYNAMICCPPFLAGS) $(DYNAMICCXXFLAGS) -o $@ $<

## Dependency rules
%.d: $(srcdir)/%.c
@echo "generating dependency information for $<"
@$(SHELL) -ec '$(GEN_DEPS.c) $< \
| sed "s^\($*\)\.o[ :]*^1.o $@ : /g\" > $@; \
[ -s $@ ] || rm -f $@'

%.d: $(srcdir)/%.cpp
@echo "generating dependency information for $<"
@$(SHELL) -ec '$(GEN_DEPS.cc) $< \
| sed "s^\($*\)\.o[ :]*^1.o $@ : /g\" > $@; \
[ -s $@ ] || rm -f $@'

## Versioned libraries rules

%.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION_MAJOR}: %.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION}
$(RM) $@ && ln -s ${<F} $@
%.${SO}: %.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION_MAJOR}
$(RM) $@ && ln -s ${*F}.${SO}.${SO_TARGET_VERSION} $@

## End FreeBSD-specific setup

```

1.84 info 5.1 :4.e17

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.91 iputils 20160308 :10.e17

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000xxx000xx000x1fflv`0xx0xxxxxxvxxxxx188l>ll`0x0xxxx0x0x`|f|`|0x|v0x|v8lx|vvx|vllx|v8l8x|v~~~xxp`0xxxxxxxx
`0p00x0p00x pp00xp00xxp|xv`0xx0xx0xxxvxxxx0000|`0v0vxvv0|`xllx`|
#
# PC Screen (console) Fonts - psf1 header
#
0  leshort  0x0436      psf screen font data
>2  byte    0          256 characters, no index
>2  byte    1          512 characters, no index
>2 byte 2 256 characters, Unicode index
>2 byte 3 512 characters, Unicode index
>2 byte 4 256 characters, Unicode level 2 index
>2 byte 5 512 characters, Unicode level 2 index
>3 byte x 8x%d
#
# PC Screen (console) Fonts - psf2 header
#
0  lelong  0x864ab572 psf2 screen font data
>12 lelong&1 1 with Unicode index
>16 lelong x \b, %d glyphs
>28 lelong x \b, %dx
>24 lelong x \b%d

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1.96 kernel 3.10.0 :693.11.6.e17

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
```

* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
 * re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
 *
 * Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
 *
 * R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
 *
 * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
 * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
 * see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
 * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
 * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
 *
 * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
 * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
 * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
 * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
 * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
 * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
 * copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
 * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
 * buffers. This is done by 2 things:
 * 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
 * combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
 * recycle large data buffers
 * 2) skb_clone of received buffers
 * See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
 * details.
 *
 *
 *
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 *
 * M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

*
*
*/

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Please keep the following list in alphabetical order.

Suman Anna
Sripal Bagadia
Felipe Balbi
Ohad Ben-Cohen
Phil Carmody
Deepak Chitriki
Felipe Contreras
Hiroshi Doyu
Seth Forshee
Ivan Gomez Castellanos
Mark Grosen
Ramesh Gupta G
Fernando Guzman Lugo
Axel Haslam
Janet Head
Shivananda Hebbar
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Tony Lindgren
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```

```

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{
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|| strcmp(license, "GPL and additional rights") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "Dual BSD/GPL") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "Dual MIT/GPL") == 0
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#endif

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Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul
```

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for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver
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Ralph Metzler <rjkm@metzlerbros.de>
for their continuing work on the DVB driver
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Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>
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for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

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Dennis Noermann <dennis.noermann@noernet.de>

Felix Domke <tmbinc@elitedvb.net>

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Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>

Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>

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for the nxt2004 frontend driver

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for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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</appendix>

Contributors to bttv:

Michael Chu <mmchu@pobox.com>

AverMedia fix and more flexible card recognition

Alan Cox <alan@lxorguk.ukuu.org.uk>

Video4Linux interface and 2.1.x kernel adaptation

Chris Kleitsch
Hardware I2C

Gerd Knorr <krxel@cs.tu-berlin.de>
Radio card (ITT sound processor)

bigfoot <bigfoot@net-way.net>
Ragnar Hojland Espinosa <ragnar@macula.net>
ConferenceTV card

+ many more (please mail me if you are missing in this list and would
like to be mentioned)

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

```
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```

```
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```

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands ``show w'` and ``show c'` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than ``show w'` and ``show c'`; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.99 keyutils-libs 1.5.8 :3.e17

1.99.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many

libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is

included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany

it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Preamble

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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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1.100 kpartx 0.4.9 :85.el7_2.4

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1.101 krb5 1.15.1 :18.e17

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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in
"src/lib/gssapi", including the following files:

lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including
the following new or changed files:

include/iprop_hdr.h

kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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cmd/krb5/ipropl/ipropl.x
cmd/krb5/ipropl/ipropl_hdr.h
cmd/krb5/kadmin/server/ipropl_svc.c
cmd/krb5/kproplog/kproplog.c
cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
lib/libgss/g_compare_name.c
lib/libgss/g_context_time.c
lib/libgss/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_status.c
lib/libgss/g_dup_name.c
lib/libgss/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_export_name.c
lib/libgss/g_glue.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_initialize.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_context.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_names.c
```

lib/libgss/g_process_context.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_name.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/libgss/g_seal.c
lib/libgss/g_sign.c
lib/libgss/g_store_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_unseal.c
lib/libgss/g_userok.c
lib/libgss/g_utils.c
lib/libgss/g_verify.c
lib/libgss/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi_err_generic.h
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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# checks for violations of the coding standards related to copyright
# and license statements in source code comments.
```

```
import os
import sys
import re
```

```
def warn(fname, ln, msg):
    print '%s: %d: %s' % (fname, ln + 1, msg)
```

```
def indicates_license(line):
    return 'Copyright' in line or 'COPYRIGHT' in line or 'License' in line
```

```
# Check a comment for boilerplate violations. Return true if the comment
# is a license statement.
```

```
def check_comment(comment, fname, ln, code_seen, nonlicense_seen):
    text_seen = False
```



```

is_license = False
for line in comment:
    if not is_license and indicates_license(line):
        is_license = True
        if text_seen:
            warn(fname, ln, 'License begins after first line of comment')
        elif code_seen:
            warn(fname, ln, 'License after code')
        elif nonlicense_seen:
            warn(fname, ln, 'License after non-license comments')
        break
    # DB2 licenses start with '/*-' and we don't want to change them.
    if line != " and line != '-':
        text_seen = True
return is_license

def check_file(lines, fname):
    # Skip emacs mode line if present.
    ln = 0
    if '-*- mode: c;' in lines[ln]:
        ln += 1

    # Check filename comment if present.
    m = re.match(r'^\s* ([^ ]*)( - .*)? \*/', lines[ln])
    if m:
        if m.group(1) != fname:
            warn(fname, ln, 'Wrong filename in comment')
        ln += 1

    # Scan for license statements.
    in_comment = False
    code_seen = False
    nonlicense_seen = False
    for line in lines[ln:]:
        # Strip out whitespace and comments contained within a line.
        if not in_comment:
            line = re.sub(r'^\s*.*/', "", line)
            line = line.strip()

        if not in_comment and '/*' in line:
            (line, sep, comment_part) = line.partition('/*')
            comment = [comment_part.strip()]
            comment_starts_at = ln
            in_comment = True
        elif in_comment and '*/' not in line:
            comment.append(line.lstrip('*').rstrip())
        elif in_comment:
            (comment_part, sep, line) = line.partition('*/')

```

```

    comment.append(comment_part.strip())
    is_license = check_comment(comment, fname, comment_starts_at,
                               code_seen, nonlicense_seen)
    nonlicense_seen = nonlicense_seen or not is_license
    in_comment = False
elif line.strip() != "":
    code_seen = True

ln += 1

for fname in sys.argv[1:]:
    if fname.startswith('./'):
        fname = fname[2:]
    f = open(fname)
    lines = f.readlines()
    f.close()
    check_file(lines, fname)
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=====

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.. _mitK5license:

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=====

.. toctree::
    :hidden:

    copyright.rst

.. include:: notice.rst
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">

<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />

<title>MIT Kerberos License information &mdash; MIT Kerberos Documentation</title>

<link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/agogo.css" type="text/css" />
<link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/pygments.css" type="text/css" />

```

```

<link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/kerb.css" type="text/css" />

<script type="text/javascript">
var DOCUMENTATION_OPTIONS = {
  URL_ROOT:    './',
  VERSION:    '1.15.1',
  COLLAPSE_INDEX: false,
  FILE_SUFFIX: '.html',
  HAS_SOURCE:  true
};
</script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="_static/jquery.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="_static/underscore.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="_static/doctools.js"></script>
<link rel="author" title="About these documents" href="about.html" />
<link rel="copyright" title="Copyright" href="copyright.html" />
<link rel="top" title="MIT Kerberos Documentation" href="index.html" />
<link rel="up" title="MIT Kerberos features" href="mitK5features.html" />
<link rel="next" title="Copyright" href="copyright.html" />
<link rel="prev" title="MIT Kerberos features" href="mitK5features.html" />
</head>
<body>
<div class="header-wrapper">
  <div class="header">

    <h1><a href="index.html">MIT Kerberos Documentation</a></h1>

    <div class="rel">

      <a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"
        accesskey="C">Contents</a> |
      <a href="mitK5features.html" title="MIT Kerberos features"
        accesskey="P">previous</a> |
      <a href="copyright.html" title="Copyright"
        accesskey="N">next</a> |
      <a href="genindex.html" title="General Index"
        accesskey="I">index</a> |
      <a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"
        accesskey="S">Search</a> |
      <a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__MIT%20Kerberos%20License%20information">feedback</a>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

<div class="content-wrapper">
  <div class="content">

```

```
<div class="document">
```

```
<div class="documentwrapper">
```

```
<div class="bodywrapper">
```

```
<div class="body">
```

```
<div class="section" id="mit-kerberos-license-information">
```

```
<span id="mitk5license"></span><h1>MIT Kerberos License information<a class="headerlink" href="#mit-kerberos-license-information" title="Permalink to this headline"></a></h1>
```

```
<div class="toctree-wrapper compound">
```

```
</div>
```

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```
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">g_utils</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">g_verify</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">gssd_pname_to_uid</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">mglueP</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">h</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">mechglue</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">oid_ops</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">spnego</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">gssapiP_spnego</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">h</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">gssapi</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">spnego</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">spnego_mech</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
</pre></div>
```

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

```
<div class="highlight-python"><div class="highlight"><pre><span class="n">include</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">iprop_hdr</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">h</span>
<span class="n">kadmin</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">server</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">ipropd_svc</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">kdb</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">iprop</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">x</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">kdb</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">kdb_convert</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">kdb</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">kdb_log</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">kdb</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">kdb_log</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">h</span>
<span class="n">lib</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">krb5</span><span
class="o"></span><span class="n">error_tables</span><span class="o"></span><span
class="n">kdb5_err</span><span class="o">.</span><span class="n">et</span>
<span class="n">slave</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">kpropd_rpc</span><span
class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
<span class="n">slave</span><span class="o"></span><span class="n">kproplog</span><span
class="o">.</span><span class="n">c</span>
</pre></div>
```

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<div class="sidebar">

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<form class="search" action="search.html" method="get">
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<input type="text" name="q" size="18" />
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<input type="submit" value="Go" />
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<input type="hidden" name="area" value="default" />
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<div class="clearer"></div>
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</div>
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</div>
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<div class="footer-wrapper">
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<div class="footer" >
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<div class="right" ><i>Release: 1.15.1</i><br />
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</div>
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<a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__MIT Kerberos License
information">feedback</a>
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</div>
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</body>
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</html>
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"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">

<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />

  <title>Copyright &mdash; MIT Kerberos Documentation</title>

  <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/agogo.css" type="text/css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/pygments.css" type="text/css" />
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="_static/kerb.css" type="text/css" />

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    var DOCUMENTATION_OPTIONS = {
      URL_ROOT:    './',
      VERSION:    '1.15.1',
      COLLAPSE_INDEX: false,
      FILE_SUFFIX: '.html',
      HAS_SOURCE:  true
    };
  </script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="_static/jquery.js"></script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="_static/underscore.js"></script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="_static/doctools.js"></script>
  <link rel="author" title="About these documents" href="about.html" />
  <link rel="copyright" title="Copyright" href="#" />
  <link rel="top" title="MIT Kerberos Documentation" href="index.html" />
  <link rel="up" title="MIT Kerberos License information" href="mitK5license.html" />
  <link rel="next" title="How to build this documentation from the source" href="build_this.html" />
  <link rel="prev" title="MIT Kerberos License information" href="mitK5license.html" />
</head>
<body>
  <div class="header-wrapper">
    <div class="header">

      <h1><a href="index.html">MIT Kerberos Documentation</a></h1>

      <div class="rel">

        <a href="index.html" title="Full Table of Contents"
          accesskey="C">Contents</a> |
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          accesskey="P">previous</a> |
        <a href="build_this.html" title="How to build this documentation from the source"
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<a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"
  accesskey="S">Search</a> |
<a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__Copyright">feedback</a>
</div>
</div>
</div>
```

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<div class="content-wrapper">
<div class="content">
  <div class="document">
```

```
  <div class="documentwrapper">
    <div class="bodywrapper">
      <div class="body">
```

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<h1>Copyright<a class="headerlink" href="#copyright" title="Permalink to this headline"></a></h1>
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information</em></a> for additional copyright and license
information.</p>
</div>
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```
  </div>
</div>
</div>
  <div class="sidebar">
<h2>On this page</h2>
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<li><a class="reference internal" href="#">Copyright</a></li>
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</div>
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</div>
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<div class="footer-wrapper">
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<div class="footer" >
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</div>
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<div class="left">
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<a href="search.html" title="Enter search criteria"
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>Search</a> |
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<a href="mailto:krb5-bugs@mit.edu?subject=Documentation__Copyright">feedback</a>
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</div>
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</div>
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</body>
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</html>
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The implementations of GSSAPI mechglue in GSSAPI-SPNEGO in ``src/lib/gssapi``, including the following files:

.. parsed-literal::

- lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
- lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h

lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including the following new or changed files:

.. parsed-literal::

include/ipropr_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropr_svc.c
lib/kdb/ipropr.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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1.108 libcap 2.22 :9.e17

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1.109 libcap-ng 0.7.5 :4.el7

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
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```


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1.111 libcom_err 1.42.9 :7.el7

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Index: `tdbsa/tdb.c`

--- `tdbsa.orig/tdb.c`

```

+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
*/
/*
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes
-
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell      2005
+ Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell      1999-2005
+ Copyright (C) Jeremy Allison      2000-2006
+ Copyright (C) Paul `Rusty' Russell  2000

** NOTE! The following LGPL license applies to the tdb
** library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released
#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
# libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo " MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: $(BSD_LIB)

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'"/$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)

```

```
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
$(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::

```
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$ (BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

clean::

```
$(RM) -rf pic
```

```
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

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Follows the GNU license.

Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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Version 2, June 1991

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the

Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under

Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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```
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That's all there is to it!

1.112 libcroco 0.6.11 :1.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must

be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy

from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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1.113 libcurl 7.29.0-42.el7_4.1

1.114 libdaemon 0.14 :7.el7

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1.115 libdb 5.3.21 :20.el7

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1.116 libdnet 1.12 :13.1.el7

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1.117 libdrm 2.4.74 :1.el7

1.118 libedit 3.0 :12.20121213cvs.el7

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1.119 libestr 0.1.9 :2.el7

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1.120 libevent 2.0.21 :4.el7

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1.121 libfastjson 0.99.4 :2.e17

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1.122 libffi 3.0.13 :18.e17

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1.123 libgcrypt 1.5.3 :14.e17

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1.126 libidn 1.28 :4.el7

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```
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1.127 libini_config 1.3.0 :27.el7

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square

root function must still compute square roots.)

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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1.129 libmodman 2.0.1 :8.e17

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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1.132 libndp 1.2 :7.e17

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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1.133 libnetfilter_conntrack 1.0.6 :1.e17_3

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```
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```

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```
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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

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1.135 libnfsidmap 0.25 :17.el7

1.135.1 Available under license :

This package was debianized by J. Bruce Fields <bfields@citi.umich.edu> on Fri, 6 Aug 2004 16:10:43 -0400.

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<http://www.citi.umich.edu/projects/nfsv4/linux/>

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1.136 libnl3 3.2.28 :4.e17

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1.137 libpath_utils 0.2.1 :27.el7

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.141 libproxy 0.4.11 :10.e17

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```
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1.146 libsepol 2.5 :8.1.el7

1.146.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.148 libstdc++ 4.8.5 :4.el7

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.150 libtalloc 2.1.9 :1.e17

1.151 libtasn1 4.10 :1.e17

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
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```

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

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1.156 libuser 0.60 :7.e17_1

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is
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Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain

designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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1.157 libutempter 1.1.6 :4.el7

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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1.158 libverto 0.2.5 :4.e17

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1.159 libxml2 2.9.1 :6.el7_2.3

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/*****

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* \$Id\$

*

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*

*

* Private functions, types, etc. used for callback functions.

*

* The ref pointer is an opaque type and should remain as such.

* Private data must only be accessible through the getter and

```

* setter functions.
*
*****/
# libtool (GNU libtool) 2.4.2
# Written by Gordon Matzigkeit <gord@gnu.ai.mit.edu>, 1996

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tium.

1.160 libyaml 0.1.4 :11.e17_0

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1.161 Im_sensors 3.4.0

:4.20160601gitf9185e5.e17

1.161.1 Available under license :

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That's all there is to it!
Here is a list of the main contributors to lm-sensors version 3.

- * Frodo Looijaard
Original author of libsensors, sensors-detect, sensors and isadump.
- * Merlin Hughes
Original author of sensord.
- * Bob Schlaermann
Dynamic chip feature detection (a.k.a. generic chip support) in libsensors and sensors.
- * Mark M. Hoffman
Many improvements to the libsensors configuration file scanner.
- * Jean Delvare
New libsensors API, and migration of sensors and sensord thereto.
Many optimizations in libsensors and sensors.
Configuration file converter.
Rewrite of sensors-detect.
Support for multiple configuration files in libsensors.

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1.164 lsscsi 0.27 :6.el7

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1.165 lua 5.1.4 :15.e17

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1.166 lvm2 2.02.171 :8.el7

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1.167 lynx 2.8.8 :0.3.dev15.e17

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1.170 mailcap 2.1.41 :2.e17

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* imap_gssapi.c is partially derived from sample code in:
* GSS-API Programming Guide
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/*
* hmac.c is derived from:

Network Working Group H. Krawczyk
Request for Comments: 2104 IBM
Category: Informational M. Bellare
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 R. Canetti

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Appendix -- Sample Code

=====
Parts of nss.c are derived from the Mozilla NSS 3.9.2 source, mozilla/security/nss/cmd/smimetools/cmsutil.c. Therefore:

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Version 1.1

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1.172 make 3.82 :23.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the

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```
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```

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```
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```


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1.174 mariadb 5.5.56 :2.el7

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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```
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```

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The MariaDB packages were initaly made by <http://ourdelta.org/>, and are now managed by the MariaDB development team, maria-developers@lists.launchpad.net

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Warning 1681 'SHOW CONTRIBUTORS' is deprecated and will be removed in a future release.

SHOW CONTRIBUTORS;

'#-----BS_STVARS_040_01-----#'

SELECT COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license);

COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license)

1

1 Expected

'#-----BS_STVARS_040_02-----#'

SET @@GLOBAL.license=1;

ERROR HY000: Variable 'license' is a read only variable

Expected error 'Read only variable'

SELECT COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license);

COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license)

1

1 Expected

'#-----BS_STVARS_040_03-----#'

SELECT @@GLOBAL.license = VARIABLE_VALUE

FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.GLOBAL_VARIABLES

WHERE VARIABLE_NAME='license';

@@GLOBAL.license = VARIABLE_VALUE

1

1 Expected

SELECT COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license);

COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license)

1

1 Expected

SELECT COUNT(VARIABLE_VALUE)

FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.GLOBAL_VARIABLES

WHERE VARIABLE_NAME='license';

COUNT(VARIABLE_VALUE)

1

1 Expected

'#-----BS_STVARS_040_04-----#'

SELECT @@license = @@GLOBAL.license;

@@license = @@GLOBAL.license

1

1 Expected

'#-----BS_STVARS_040_05-----#'

SELECT COUNT(@@license);

COUNT(@@license)

1

1 Expected

```

SELECT COUNT(@@local.license);
ERROR HY000: Variable 'license' is a GLOBAL variable
Expected error 'Variable is a GLOBAL variable'
SELECT COUNT(@@SESSION.license);
ERROR HY000: Variable 'license' is a GLOBAL variable
Expected error 'Variable is a GLOBAL variable'
SELECT COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license);
COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license)
1
1 Expected
SELECT license = @@SESSION.license;
ERROR 42S22: Unknown column 'license' in 'field list'
Expected error 'ReadOnly variable'

```

```

##### mysql-test\t\license_basic.test #####
#
# Variable Name: license #
# Scope: Global #
# Access Type: Static #
# Data Type: string #
#
#
# Creation Date: 2008-02-07 #
# Author : Sharique Abdullah #
#
#
# Description:Test Cases of Dynamic System Variable license #
# that checks the behavior of this variable in the following ways #
# * Value Check #
# * Scope Check #
#
# Reference: http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.1/en/ #
# server-system-variables.html #
#
#####

```

```

--echo '#-----BS_STVARS_040_01-----#'
#####
# Displaying default value #
#####
SELECT COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license);
--echo 1 Expected

```

```

--echo '#-----BS_STVARS_040_02-----#'
#####
# Check if Value can set #

```

#####

```
--error ER_INCORRECT_GLOBAL_LOCAL_VAR
SET @@GLOBAL.license=1;
--echo Expected error 'Read only variable'
```

```
SELECT COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license);
--echo 1 Expected
```

```
--echo '#-----BS_STVARS_040_03-----#'
```

#####

```
# Check if the value in GLOBAL Table matches value in variable #
```

#####

```
SELECT @@GLOBAL.license = VARIABLE_VALUE
FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.GLOBAL_VARIABLES
WHERE VARIABLE_NAME='license';
```

```
--echo 1 Expected
```

```
SELECT COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license);
```

```
--echo 1 Expected
```

```
SELECT COUNT(VARIABLE_VALUE)
FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.GLOBAL_VARIABLES
WHERE VARIABLE_NAME='license';
```

```
--echo 1 Expected
```

```
--echo '#-----BS_STVARS_040_04-----#'
```

#####

```
# Check if accessing variable with and without GLOBAL point to same variable #
```

#####

```
SELECT @@license = @@GLOBAL.license;
```

```
--echo 1 Expected
```

```
--echo '#-----BS_STVARS_040_05-----#'
```

#####

```
# Check if license can be accessed with and without @@ sign #
```

#####

```
SELECT COUNT(@@license);
```

```
--echo 1 Expected
```

```
--Error ER_INCORRECT_GLOBAL_LOCAL_VAR
SELECT COUNT(@@local.license);
--echo Expected error 'Variable is a GLOBAL variable'
```

```
--Error ER_INCORRECT_GLOBAL_LOCAL_VAR
SELECT COUNT(@@SESSION.license);
--echo Expected error 'Variable is a GLOBAL variable'
```

```
SELECT COUNT(@@GLOBAL.license);
--echo 1 Expected
```

```
--Error ER_BAD_FIELD_ERROR
SELECT license = @@SESSION.license;
--echo Expected error 'Readonly variable'
    GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
    Version 2, June 1991
```

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=====

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Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if

the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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1.175 microcode_ctl 2.1 :22.el7

1.176 mlocate 0.26 :6.el7

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1.177 ncurses 5.9 :14.20130511.e17_4

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1.178 net-tools 2.0 :0.22.20131004git.el7

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1.179 nettle 2.7.1 :8.e17

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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That's all there is to it!

1.181 newt-python 0.52.15 :4.e17

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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1.182 nfs-utils 1.3.0 :0.48.el7

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Balzs Dn <balazs.dan@gmail.com>
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This file contains a list of people who've made non-trivial
contribution to the Google C++ Testing Framework project. People
who commit code to the project are encouraged to add their names
here. Please keep the list sorted by first names.

Ajay Joshi <jaj@google.com>
Balzs Dn <balazs.dan@gmail.com>
Bharat Mediratta <bharat@menalto.com>
Chandler Carruth <chandlerc@google.com>
Chris Prince <cprince@google.com>
Chris Taylor <taylorc@google.com>
Dan Egnor <egnor@google.com>
Eric Roman <eroman@chromium.org>
Hady Zalek <hady.zalek@gmail.com>
Jeffrey Yasskin <jyasskin@google.com>
Ji Sigursson <joi@google.com>
Keir Mierle <mierle@gmail.com>
Keith Ray <keith.ray@gmail.com>
Kenton Varda <kenton@google.com>
Manuel Klimek <klimek@google.com>
Markus Heule <markus.heule@gmail.com>
Mika Raento <mikie@iki.fi>
Mikls Fazekas <mfazekas@szemafor.com>
Pasi Valminen <pasi.valminen@gmail.com>
Patrick Hanna <phanna@google.com>
Patrick Riley <pfr@google.com>
Peter Kaminski <piotr@google.com>
Preston Jackson <preston.a.jackson@gmail.com>
Rainer Klaffenboeck <rainer.klaffenboeck@dynatrace.com>
Russ Cox <rsc@google.com>
Russ Rufer <russ@pentad.com>
Sean McAfee <eefacm@gmail.com>
Sigurur sgeirsson <siggi@google.com>
Tracy Bialik <tracy@pentad.com>

Vadim Berman <vadimb@google.com>

Vlad Losev <vladl@google.com>

Zhanyong Wan <wan@google.com>

1.187 ntp 4.2.6p5 :28.el7.centos

1.187.1 Available under license :

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN">
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html;charset=iso-8859-1">
```

```
<title>Copyright Notice</title>
```

```
<link href="scripts/style.css" type="text/css" rel="stylesheet">
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<h3>Copyright Notice</h3>
```

```
 "Clone me," says Dolly sheepishly.
```

```
<p>Last update:
```

```
<!-- #BeginDate format:En2m -->1-Jan-2011 08:34<!-- #EndDate -->
```

```
UTC</csobj></p>
```

```
<br clear="left">
```

```
<hr>
```

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```

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```

```
*
*
*****
```

```
</pre>
```

<p>The following individuals contributed in part to the Network Time Protocol Distribution Version 4 and are acknowledged as authors of this work.</p>

<li class="inline">Takao Abe <takao_abe@xurb.jp> Clock driver for JY receivers

<li class="inline">Mark Andrews <mark_andrews@isc.org> Leitch atomic clock controller

<li class="inline">Bernd Altmeier <altmeier@atsoft.de> hopf Elektronik serial line and PCI-bus devices

<li class="inline">Viraj Bais <vbais@mailman1.intel.com> and Clayton Kirkwood <kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com> port to WindowsNT 3.5

<li class="inline">Michael Barone <michael,barone@lmco.com> GPSVME fixes

<li class="inline">Karl Berry <karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com> syslog to file option

<li class="inline">Greg Brackley <greg.brackley@bigfoot.com> Major rework of WINNT port. Clean up recvbuf and iosignal code into separate modules.

<li class="inline">Marc Brett <Marc.Brett@westgeo.com> Magnavox GPS clock driver

<li class="inline">Piete Brooks <Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk> MSF clock driver, Trimble PARSE support

<li class="inline">Nelson B Bolyard <nelson@bolyard.me> update and complete broadcast and crypto features in snpt

<li class="inline">Jean-Francois Boudreault <Jean-Francois.Boudreault@viagenie.qc.ca> IPv6 support

<li class="inline">Reg Clemens <reg@dwf.com> Oncore driver (Current maintainer)

<li class="inline">Steve Clift <clift@ml.csiro.au> OMEGA clock driver

<li class="inline">Casey Crellin <casey@csc.co.za> vxWorks (Tornado) port and help with target configuration

<li class="inline">Sven Dietrich <sven_dietrich@trimble.com> Palisade reference clock driver, NT adj. residuals, integrated Greg's Winnt port.

<li class="inline">John A. Dundas III <dundas@salt.jpl.nasa.gov> Apple A/UX port

<li class="inline">Torsten Duwe <duwe@immd4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de> Linux port

<li class="inline">Dennis Ferguson <dennis@mrbill.canet.ca> foundation code for NTP Version 2 as specified in RFC-1119

<li class="inline">John Hay <jhay@icomtek.csir.co.za> IPv6 support and testing

<li class="inline">Dave Hart <davehart@davehart.com> General maintenance, Windows port interpolation rewrite

<li class="inline">Claas Hilbrecht <neoclock4x@linum.com> NeoClock4X clock driver

<li class="inline">Glenn Hollinger <glenn@herald.usask.ca>

GOES clock driver

<li class="inline">Mike Iglesias <iglesias@uci.edu> DEC Alpha port

<li class="inline">Jim Jagielski <jim@jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov>

A/UX port

<li class="inline">Jeff Johnson

<jbj@chatham.usdesign.com> massive prototyping overhaul

<li class="inline">Hans Lambermont

<Hans.Lambermont@nl.origin-it.com> or <H.Lambermont@chello.nl> ntpsweep

<li class="inline">Poul-Henning Kamp <phk@FreeBSD.ORG>

Oncore driver (Original author)

<li class="inline">Frank Kardel <kardel(at)ntp(dot)org> PARSE <GENERIC> driver (>14 reference clocks), STREAMS modules for PARSE, support scripts, syslog cleanup, dynamic interface handling

<li class="inline">William L. Jones

<jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu> RS/6000 AIX modifications, HPUX modifications

<li class="inline">Dave Katz <dkatz@cisco.com> RS/6000 AIX port

<li class="inline">Craig Leres <leres@ee.lbl.gov> 4.4BSD port,

ppsclock, Magnavox GPS clock driver

<li class="inline">George Lindholm <lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca>

SunOS 5.1 port

<li class="inline">Louis A. Mamakos <louie@ni.umd.edu> MD5-based authentication

<li class="inline">Lars H. Mathiesen <thorinn@diku.dk> adaptation of foundation code for Version 3 as specified in RFC-1305

<li class="inline">Danny Mayer <mayer@ntp.org> Network I/O,

Windows Port, Code Maintenance

<li class="inline">David L. Mills <mills@udel.edu> Version 4 foundation: clock discipline, authentication, precision kernel; clock drivers: Spectracom, Austron, Arbiter, Heath, ATOM, ACTS, KSI/Odetics; audio clock drivers: CHU, WWV/H, IRIG

<li class="inline">Wolfgang Moeller

<moeller@gwdgv1.dnet.gwdg.de> VMS port

<li class="inline">Jeffrey Mogul <mogul@pa.dec.com> ntptrace utility

<li class="inline">Tom Moore

<tmoore@fivel.daytonoh.ncr.com> i386 svr4 port

<li class="inline">Kamal A Mostafa <kamal@whence.com> SCO

OpenServer port

<li class="inline">Derek Mulcahy

<derek@toybox.demon.co.uk> and Damon Hart-Davis <d@hd.org>

ARCron MSF clock driver

<li class="inline">Rob Neal <neal@ntp.org> Bancomm refclock and config/parse code maintenance

<li class="inline">Rainer Pruy

<Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> monitoring/trap scripts, statistics file handling

<li class="inline">Dirce Richards <dirce@zk3.dec.com> Digital

UNIX V4.0 port

<li class="inline">Wilfredo Sánchez


```

<wsanchez@apple.com></a> added support for NetInfo
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20mrapple@quack.kfu.com">Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com></a>
SunOS streams modules
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20jack@innovativeinternet.com">Jack Sasportas
<jack@innovativeinternet.com></a> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20schnitz@unipress.com">Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com></a>
Unixware1 port
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20shields@tembel.org">Michael Shields <shields@tembel.org></a> USNO
clock driver
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov">Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov></a>
Datum PTS clock driver
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20harlan@pfcs.com">Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com></a> GNU
automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20ken@sdd.hp.com">Kenneth Stone <ken@sdd.hp.com></a> HP-UX port
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20ajit@ee.udel.edu">Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu></a> IP
multicast/anycast support
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp">Tomoaki TSURUOKA
<tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp></a> TRAK clock driver
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20vixie@vix.com">Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com></a> TrueTime GPS
driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
  <li class="inline"><a href="mailto:%20Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de">Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-
regensburg.de></a> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD
</ol>
<hr>
<script type="text/javascript" language="javascript" src="scripts/footer.txt"></script>
</body>

</html>
/* -*- Mode: Text -*- */

copyright = {
  date = "1970-2011";
  owner = "David L. Mills and/or others";
  eaddr = "http://bugs.ntp.org, bugs@ntp.org";
  type = note;
  text = <<<- _EndOfDoc_
see html/copyright.html

_EndOfDoc_;
};

long-opts;
config-header = config.h;
environrc;
no-misuse-usage;

version      = `
eval VERSION=\`sed -e 's/.*,\\[//' -e 's/\\[.*/' < ../version.m4`

```

```
[ -z "${VERSION}" ] && echo "Cannot determine VERSION" && kill -TERM $AG_pid
echo $VERSION`;
```

```
version-value = "; /* Don't use -v as a shortcut for --version */
```

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jpg "Clone me," says Dolly sheepishly.

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1. [1]Takao Abe <takao_abe@xurb.jp> Clock driver for JJY receivers
2. [2]Mark Andrews <mark_andrews@isc.org> Leitch atomic clock controller
3. [3]Bernd Altmeier <altmeier@atsoft.de> hopf Elektronik serial line and PCI-bus devices
4. [4]Viraj Bais <vbais@mailman1.intel.com> and [5]Clayton Kirkwood <kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com> port to WindowsNT 3.5
5. [6]Michael Barone <michael,barone@lmco.com> GPSVME fixes
6. [7]Karl Berry <karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com> syslog to file option
7. [8]Greg Brackley <greg.brackley@bigfoot.com> Major rework of WINNT

- port. Clean up recvbuf and iosignal code into separate modules.
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 9. [10]Piete Brooks <Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk> MSF clock driver, Trimble PARSE support
 10. [11]Nelson B Bolyard <nelson@bolyard.me> update and complete broadcast and crypto features in snpt
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 13. [14]Steve Clift <clift@ml.csiro.au> OMEGA clock driver
 14. [15]Casey Crellin <casey@csc.co.za> vxWorks (Tornado) port and help with target configuration
 15. [16]Sven Dietrich <sven_dietrich@trimble.com> Palisade reference clock driver, NT adj. residuals, integrated Greg's Winnt port.
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 24. [25]Jim Jagielski <jim@jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov> A/UX port
 25. [26]Jeff Johnson <jbj@chatham.usdesign.com> massive prototyping overhaul
 26. [27]Hans Lambermont <Hans.Lambermont@nl.origin-it.com> or [28]<H.Lambermont@chello.nl> ntpsweep
 27. [29]Poul-Henning Kamp <phk@FreeBSD.ORG> Oncore driver (Original author)
 28. [30]Frank Kardel [31]<kardel (at) ntp (dot) org> PARSE <GENERIC> driver (>14 reference clocks), STREAMS modules for PARSE, support scripts, syslog cleanup, dynamic interface handling
 29. [32]William L. Jones <jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu> RS/6000 AIX modifications, HPUX modifications
 30. [33]Dave Katz <dkatz@cisco.com> RS/6000 AIX port
 31. [34]Craig Leres <leres@ee.lbl.gov> 4.4BSD port, ppsclock, Magnavox GPS clock driver
 32. [35]George Lindholm <lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca> SunOS 5.1 port
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audio clock drivers: CHU, WWV/H, IRIG
37. [40]Wolfgang Moeller <moeller@gwdgv1.dnet.gwdg.de> VMS port
 38. [41]Jeffrey Mogul <mogul@pa.dec.com> ntptrace utility
 39. [42]Tom Moore <tmooore@fieval.daytonoh.ncr.com> i386 svr4 port
 40. [43]Kamal A Mostafa <kamal@whence.com> SCO OpenServer port
 41. [44]Derek Mulcahy <derek@toybox.demon.co.uk> and [45]Damon Hart-Davis <d@hd.org> ARCRON MSF clock driver
 42. [46]Rob Neal <neal@ntp.org> Bancomm refclock and config/parse code maintenance
 43. [47]Rainer Pruy <Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> monitoring/trap scripts, statistics file handling
 44. [48]Dirce Richards <dirce@zk3.dec.com> Digital UNIX V4.0 port
 45. [49]Wilfredo Snchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for NetInfo
 46. [50]Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
 47. [51]Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
 48. [52]Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
 49. [53]Michael Shields <shields@tembel.org> USNO clock driver
 50. [54]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
 51. [55]Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
 52. [56]Kenneth Stone <ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
 53. [57]Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu>IP multicast/anycast support
 54. [58]Tomoaki TSURUOKA <tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp>TRAK clock driver
 55. [59]Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
 56. [60]Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD
-

References

1. mailto:%20takao_abe@xurb.jp
2. mailto:%20mark_andrews@isc.org
3. mailto:%20altmeier@atlsoft.de
4. mailto:%20vbais@mailman1.intel.co
5. mailto:%20kirkwood@striderfm.intel.com
6. mailto:%20michael.barone@lmco.com
7. mailto:%20karl@owl.HQ.ileaf.com
8. mailto:%20greg.brackley@bigfoot.com
9. mailto:%20Marc.Brett@westgeo.com
10. mailto:%20Piete.Brooks@cl.cam.ac.uk
11. mailto:%20nelson@bolyard.me

12. mailto:%20Jean-Francois.Boudreault@viagenie.qc.ca
13. mailto:%20reg@dwf.com
14. mailto:%20clift@ml.csiro.au
15. mailto:casey@csc.co.za
16. mailto:%20Sven_Dietrich@trimble.COM
17. mailto:%20dundas@salt.jpl.nasa.gov
18. mailto:%20duwe@immd4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de
19. mailto:%20dennis@mrbill.canet.ca
20. mailto:%20jhay@icomtek.csiro.co.za
21. mailto:%20davehart@davehart.com
22. mailto:%20neoclock4x@linum.com
23. mailto:%20glenn@herald.usask.ca
24. mailto:%20iglesias@uci.edu
25. mailto:%20jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov
26. mailto:%20jbj@chatham.usdesign.com
27. mailto:Hans.Lambermont@nl.origin-it.com
28. mailto:H.Lambermont@chello.nl
29. mailto:%20phk@FreeBSD.ORG
30. http://www4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de/%7ekardel
31. mailto:%20kardel(at)ntp(dot)org
32. mailto:%20jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu
33. mailto:%20dkatz@cisco.com
34. mailto:%20leres@ee.lbl.gov
35. mailto:%20lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca
36. mailto:%20louie@ni.umd.edu
37. mailto:%20thorinn@diku.dk
38. mailto:%20mayer@ntp.org
39. mailto:%20mills@udel.edu
40. mailto:%20moeller@gwdgv1.dnet.gwdg.de
41. mailto:%20mogul@pa.dec.com
42. mailto:%20tmoore@fivel.daytonoh.ncr.com
43. mailto:%20kamal@whence.com
44. mailto:%20derek@toybox.demon.co.uk
45. mailto:%20d@hd.org
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47. mailto:%20Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de
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49. mailto:%20wsanchez@apple.com
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56. mailto:%20ken@sdd.hp.com
57. mailto:%20ajit@ee.udel.edu
58. mailto:%20tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp
59. mailto:%20vixie@vix.com

60. <mailto:%20Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de>

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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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>>> freebsd-1.72
>>> freebsd-base64-4.8
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>>> freebsd-base64-4.8

base64.c -- routines to encode/decode base64 data

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>>> icu4c-4.4.1

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1.190 openldap 2.4.44 :5.e17

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1.191 openssh 7.4p1 :16.el7

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*/
```

```
#ifndef HAVE_SETRESGID
int setresgid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);
#endif
#ifndef HAVE_SETRESUID
int setresuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);
#endif
/* $OpenBSD: poll.h,v 1.11 2003/12/10 23:10:08 millert Exp $ */
```

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*/

```

```

/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

```

```

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)

```

```

#ifdef _COMPAT_POLL_H_

```

```

#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_

```

```

typedef struct pollfd {

```

```

    int fd;

```

```

    short events;

```

```

    short revents;

```

```

} pollfd_t;

```

```

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

```

```

#define POLLIN 0x0001

```

```

#define POLLOUT 0x0004

```

```

#define POLLERR 0x0008

```

```

#define POLLHUP 0x0010

```

```

#define POLLNVAL 0x0020

```

```

#if 0

```

```

/* the following are currently not implemented */

```

```

#define POLLPRI 0x0002

```

```

#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040

```

```

#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM

```

```

#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT

```

```

#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080

```

```

#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100

```

```

#endif

```

```

#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */

```

```

int poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);

```

```

#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */

```

```

#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
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```

```

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

```

```

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

```

```

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

```

```

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

```

```
#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */
```

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[Tatu continues]

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```
$OpenBSD: LICENCE,v 1.19 2004/08/30 09:18:08 markus Exp $
diff -up openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8
--- openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode 2016-12-19 05:59:41.000000000 +0100
+++ openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8 2017-02-09 10:35:41.926475399 +0100
@@ -38,6 +38,7 @@
.Op Fl P Ar blacklisted_requests
.Op Fl p Ar whitelisted_requests
.Op Fl u Ar umask
+.Op Fl m Ar force_file_perms
.Ek
.Nm
.Fl Q Ar protocol_feature
@@ -138,6 +139,10 @@ Sets an explicit
.Xr umask 2
to be applied to newly-created files and directories, instead of the
user's default mask.
+.It Fl m Ar force_file_perms
+Sets explicit file permissions to be applied to newly-created files instead
+of the default or client requested mode. Numeric values include:
+777, 755, 750, 666, 644, 640, etc. Option -u is ineffective if -m is set.
.El
.Pp
On some systems,
diff -up openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c
--- openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode 2017-02-09 10:22:36.498019921 +0100
+++ openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c 2017-02-09 10:35:07.190520959 +0100
@@ -65,6 +65,10 @@ struct sshbuf *oqueue;
/* Version of client */
static u_int version;

+/* Force file permissions */
+int permforce = 0;
+long permforcemode;
+
/* SSH2_FXP_INIT received */
static int init_done;

@@ -679,6 +683,7 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
Attrib a;
char *name;
int r, handle, fd, flags, mode, status = SSH2_FX_FAILURE;
+ mode_t old_umask = 0;
```

```

if ((r = sshbuf_get_cstring(iqueue, &name, NULL)) != 0 ||
    (r = sshbuf_get_u32(iqueue, &pflags)) != 0 || /* portable flags */
@@ -688,6 +693,10 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
debug3("request %u: open flags %d", id, pflags);
flags = flags_from_portable(pflags);
mode = (a.flags & SSH2_FILEXFER_ATTR_PERMISSIONS) ? a.perm : 0666;
+ if (permforce == 1) { /* Force perm if -m is set */
+ mode = permforcemode;
+ old_umask = umask(0); /* so umask does not interfere */
+ }
logit("open \"%s\" flags %s mode 0%o",
    name, string_from_portable(pflags), mode);
if (readonly &&
@@ -709,6 +718,8 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
}
}
}
+ if (permforce == 1)
+ (void) umask(old_umask); /* restore umask to something sane */
if (status != SSH2_FX_OK)
    send_status(id, status);
free(name);
@@ -1490,7 +1501,7 @@ sftp_server_usage(void)
fprintf(stderr,
    "usage: %s [-ehR] [-d start_directory] [-f log_facility] "
    "[-l log_level]\n\t[-P blacklisted_requests] "
-   "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask]\n"
+   "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask] [-m force_file_perms]\n"
    "    %s -Q protocol_feature\n",
    __progname, __progname);
exit(1);
@@ -1516,7 +1527,7 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
pw = pwcopy(user_pw);

while (!skipargs && (ch = getopt(argc, argv,
-   "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:cehR")) != -1) {
+   "d:f:l:P:p:Q:u:m:cehR")) != -1) {
    switch (ch) {
    case 'Q':
        if (strcasecmp(optarg, "requests") != 0) {
@@ -1576,6 +1587,15 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
        fatal("Invalid umask \"%s\"", optarg);
        (void)umask((mode_t)mask);
        break;
+ case 'm':
+ /* Force permissions on file received via sftp */
+ permforce = 1;
+ permforcemode = strtol(optarg, &cp, 8);

```

```
+ if (permforcemode < 0 || permforcemode > 0777 ||
+  *cp != '\0' || (permforcemode == 0 &&
+   errno != 0))
+  fatal("Invalid file mode \"%s\"", optarg);
+  break;
+  case 'h':
+  default:
+    sftp_server_usage();
```

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*/
```

```
/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */
```

```
#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
```

```
#ifndef _COMPAT_POLL_H_
```

```
#define _COMPAT_POLL_H_
```

```
typedef struct pollfd {
```

```
int fd;
```

```
short events;
```

```
short revents;
```

```
} pollfd_t;
```

```
typedef unsigned int nfds_t;
```

```
#define POLLIN 0x0001
```

```
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
```

```
#define POLLERR 0x0008
```

```
#if 0
```

```
/* the following are currently not implemented */
```

```
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
```

```
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
```

```
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
```

```
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
```

```

#define POLLNORM POLLRDNORM
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif

#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */

int poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
/* $Id: bsd-waitpid.h,v 1.5 2003/08/29 16:59:52 mouring Exp $ */

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 */

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */

```

```

#define _W_INT(w) (*(int*)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!((_W_INT(w)) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w)) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) ((_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */

```

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[Tatu continues]

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1.194 p11-kit 0.23.5 :3.el7

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1.195 pam 1.1.8 :18.e17

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1.197 passwd 0.79 :4.eI7

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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1.199 pcre 8.32 :17.el7

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Written by: Philip Hazel
Email local part: ph10
Email domain: cam.ac.uk

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1.200 perl 5.16.3 :292.e17

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From f5488561bdaab57380bf07e8e66778503a41aca3 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001

From: Father Chrysostomos <sprout@cpan.org>

Date: Sun, 23 Sep 2012 12:42:15 -0700

Subject: [PATCH] =?UTF-8?q?Don=E2=80=99t=20leak=20if=20hh=20copying=20dies?=>

MIME-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=UTF-8

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit

When %^H is copied on entering a new scope, if it happens to have been tied it can die. This was resulting in leaks, because no protections were added to handle that case.

The two things that were leaking were the new hash in hv_copy_hints_hv and the new value (for an element) in newSVsv.

By fixing newSVsv itself, this also fixes any potential leaks when

other pieces of code call newSVsv on explosive values.

Petr Pizar: Ported to 5.16.3

hv.c | 6++++++

sv.c | 7++++---

t/op/svleak.t | 22+++++

3 files changed, 31 insertions(+), 4 deletions(-)

diff --git a/hv.c b/hv.c

index 3c35341..29d6352 100644

--- a/hv.c

+++ b/hv.c

@@ -1440,6 +1440,9 @@ Perl_hv_copy_hints_hv(pTHX_ HV *const ohv)

const I32 riter = HvRITER_get(ohv);

HE * const eiter = HvEITER_get(ohv);

+ ENTER;

+ SAVEFREESV(hv);

+

while (hv_max && hv_max + 1 >= hv_fill * 2)

 hv_max = hv_max / 2;

HvMAX(hv) = hv_max;

@@ -1461,6 +1464,9 @@ Perl_hv_copy_hints_hv(pTHX_ HV *const ohv)

}

HvRITER_set(ohv, riter);

HvEITER_set(ohv, eiter);

+

+ SvREFCNT_inc_simple_void_NN(hv);

+ LEAVE;

}

 hv_magic(hv, NULL, PERL_MAGIC_hints);

 return hv;

diff --git a/sv.c b/sv.c

index a43feac..597d71b 100644

--- a/sv.c

+++ b/sv.c

@@ -8764,11 +8764,12 @@ Perl_newSVsv(pTHX_ register SV *const old)

Perl_ck_warner_d(aTHX_ packWARN(WARN_INTERNAL), "semi-panic: attempt to dup freed string");

return NULL;

}

+ /* Do this here, otherwise we leak the new SV if this croaks. */

+ SvGETMAGIC(old);

 new_SV(sv);

- /* SV_GMAGIC is the default for sv_setv()

- SV_NOSTEAL prevents TEMP buffers being, well, stolen, and saves games

+ /* SV_NOSTEAL prevents TEMP buffers being, well, stolen, and saves games

 with SvTEMP_off and SvTEMP_on round a call to sv_setsv. */

```

- sv_setsv_flags(sv, old, SV_GMAGIC | SV_NOSTEAL);
+ sv_setsv_flags(sv, old, SV_NOSTEAL);
  return sv;
}

```

```

diff --git a/t/op/svleak.t b/t/op/svleak.t
index 2f09af3..011c184 100644
--- a/t/op/svleak.t
+++ b/t/op/svleak.t
@@ -13,7 +13,7 @@ BEGIN {
  or skip_all("XS::APItest not available");
}

```

```

-plan tests => 23;
+plan tests => 24;

```

```

# run some code N times. If the number of SVs at the end of loop N is
# greater than (N-1)*delta at the end of loop 1, we've got a leak
@@ -176,3 +176,23 @@ leak(2, 0, sub {
  each %$h;
  undef $h;
}, 'tied hash iteration does not leak');
+
+# [perl #107000]
+package hhtie {
+  sub TIEHASH { bless [] }
+  sub STORE { $_[0][0]{$_[1]} = $_[2] }
+  sub FETCH { die if $explosive; $_[0][0]{$_[1]} }
+  sub FIRSTKEY { keys %$_[0][0]; each %$_[0][0] }
+  sub NEXTKEY { each %$_[0][0] }
+}
+leak(2,!!$Config{mad}, sub {
+  eval q`
+  BEGIN {
+  $hhtie::explosive = 0;
+  tie %^H, hhtie;
+  $^H{foo} = bar;
+  $hhtie::explosive = 1;
+  }
+ { 1; }
+ `;
+}, 'hint-hash copying does not leak');
--
1.8.1.4

```

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Version 1, February 1989

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```

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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```
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```

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```
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program `Gnomovision' (a program to direct compilers to make passes
at assemblers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

```
-----  
use strict;  
use lib 't/lib';  
use MBTest;  
use DistGen;  
  
plan 'no_plan';  
  
# Ensure any Module::Build modules are loaded from correct directory  
blib_load('Module::Build');  
  
#-----#  
# Create test distribution  
#-----#  
  
{  
  my $dist = DistGen->new(  
    name => 'Simple::Name',  
    version => '0.01',
```

```

    license => 'perl'
);

$dist->regen;
$dist->chdir_in;

my $mb = $dist->new_from_context();
isa_ok( $mb, "Module::Build" );
is( $mb->license, 'perl',
    "license 'perl' is valid"
);

my $meta = $mb->get_metadata( fatal => 0 );

is( $meta->{license} => 'perl', "META license will be 'perl'" );
is( $meta->{resources}{license}, "http://dev.perl.org/licenses/",
    "META license URL is correct"
);

}

{
my $dist = DistGen->new(
    name => 'Simple::Name',
    version => '0.01',
    license => 'VaporWare'
);

$dist->regen;
$dist->chdir_in;

my $mb = $dist->new_from_context();
isa_ok( $mb, "Module::Build" );
is( $mb->license, 'VaporWare',
    "license 'VaporWare' is valid"
);

my $meta = $mb->get_metadata( fatal => 0 );

is( $meta->{license} => 'unrestricted', "META license will be 'unrestricted'" );
is( $meta->{resources}{license}, "http://example.com/vaporware/",
    "META license URL is correct"
);

}

# Test with alpha number
# vim:ts=2:sw=2:et:sta:sts=2

```

This module is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the same terms as Perl itself.

abstract: 'Build and install Perl modules'

author:

- 'Ken Williams <kwilliams@cpan.org>'

- "Development questions, bug reports, and patches should be sent to the\nModule-Build mailing list at <module-build@perl.org>."

build_requires:

File::Temp: 0.15

Test::Harness: 3.16

Test::More: 0.49

generated_by: 'Module::Build version 0.3608'

license: gpl

meta-spec:

url: <http://module-build.sourceforge.net/META-spec-v1.4.html>

version: 1.4

name: Module-Build

resources:

MailingList: <mailto:module-build@perl.org>

license: <http://dev.perl.org/licenses/>

repository: <http://github.com/dagolden/module-build/>

version: 3

1.201 perl-Compress-Raw-Bzip2 2.061 :3.e17

1.201.1 Available under license :

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

1.202 pinentry 0.8.1 :17.el7

1.202.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and

therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the

user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so

that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
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```
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<p>  
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</div>  
<div class="footer">  
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```

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1.208 popt 1.13 :16.el7

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1.209 postfix 2.10.1 :6.el7

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Included for the use of the fix_strcasecmp.c module which works around a Solaris problem.

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1.213 pth 2.0.7 :23.el7

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```
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Name: Puppet

Maintainer:

Michael Stahnke <stahnma@puppetlabs.com>,

Andrew Pollock <apollock@debian.org>,

Micah Anderson <micah@debian.org>,

Nigel Kersten <nigel@explanatorygap.net>,

Stig Sandbeck Mathisen <ssm@debian.org>

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Matthew Palmer <mpalmer@debian.org>,
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1.217 pyliblzma 0.5.3 :11.el7

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1.218 python 2.7.5 :34.e17

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no

2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.4	2.3.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.3.5	2.3.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4	2.3	2004	PSF	yes
2.4.1	2.4	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.2	2.4.1	2005	PSF	yes
2.4.3	2.4.2	2006	PSF	yes
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2.5.1	2.5	2007	PSF	yes
2.5.2	2.5.1	2008	PSF	yes
2.5.3	2.5.2	2008	PSF	yes
2.6	2.5	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.1	2.6	2008	PSF	yes
2.6.2	2.6.1	2009	PSF	yes
2.6.3	2.6.2	2009	PSF	yes
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1.219 python-backports 1.0 :8.el7

1.219.1 Available under license :

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1.220 python-backports-ssl_match_hostname

3.4.0.2 :4.el7

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1.222 python-decorator 3.4.0 :3.el7

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1.223 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.el7

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A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release from	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.2	2.1.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.1	2.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.2	2.2.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.2.3	2.2.2	2003	PSF	yes
2.3	2.2.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.1	2.3	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.2	2.3.1	2002-2003	PSF	yes
2.3.3	2.3.2	2002-2003	PSF	yes

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(2) According to Richard Stallman, 1.6.1 is not GPL-compatible, because its license has a choice of law clause. According to CNRI, however, Stallman's lawyer has told CNRI's lawyer that 1.6.1

is "not incompatible" with the GPL.

Thanks to the many outside volunteers who have worked under Guido's direction to make these releases possible.

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1.224 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :17.e17

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That's all there is to it!

1.225 python-pyudev 0.15 :7.e17

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1.226 python-setuptools 0.9.8 :4.e17

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- * Alice Bevan-McGregor
- * Arfrever Frehtes Taifersar Arahesis
- * Christophe Combelles
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- * Martin von Lwis
- * Noufal Ibrahim
- * Pete Hollobon
- * Phillip J. Eby
- * Philip Jenvey
- * Philip Thiem
- * Reinout van Rees
- * Robert Myers
- * Stefan H. Holek
- * Tarek Ziad
- * Toshio Kuratomi

If you think your name is missing, please add it (alpha order by first name)

1.227 python-slip 0.4.0 :2.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

```
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```

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```
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.228 python-urlgrabber 3.10 :7.e17

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work

during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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1.232 quota-nls 4.01 :14.el7

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* LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY
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* SUCH DAMAGE.
*/
/*
* QUOTA  An implementation of the diskquota system for the LINUX operating
*        system. QUOTA is implemented using the BSD syscall interface
*        as the means of communication with the user level. Should work for
*        all filesystems because of integration into the VFS layer of the
*        operating system. This is based on the Melbourne quota system wich
*        uses both user and group quota files.
*
*        Program to mail to users that they are over there quota.
*
* Author: Marco van Wieringen <mvw@planets.elm.net>
*
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* modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as
* published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of
* the License, or (at your option) any later version.
*/

```

1.233 rdma 7.3_4.7_rc2 :6.el7_3

1.234 readline 6.2 :10.el7

1.234.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest

possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,  
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of  
MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the  
GNU General Public License for more details.
```

```
You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License  
along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software  
Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program  
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
```

Ty Coon, President of Vice

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General Public License instead of this License.

GNU LIBRARY GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

Version 2, June 1991

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675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA

Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source

code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while

preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does

and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based

on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and

therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the

user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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generous contributions to the wide range of software distributed through that system in reliance on consistent application of that system; it is up to the author/donor to decide if he or she is willing to distribute software through any other system and a licensee cannot impose that choice.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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You should have received a copy of the GNU Library General Public License along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.238 rsync 3.0.9 :18.el7

1.238.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.

For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Developers that use the GNU GPL protect your rights with two steps: (1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.

For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

"The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this

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To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A

"Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

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You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.
- b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to "keep intact all notices".
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regenc.[ch]:

regerror.c:

regexec.c:

regint.h:

regparse.[ch]:

enc/ascii.c

enc/big5.c

enc/cp949.c

enc/emacs_mule.c

enc/encdb.c

enc/euc_jp.c

enc/euc_kr.c

enc/euc_tw.c

enc/gb18030.c

enc/gb2312.c

enc/gbk.c

enc/iso_8859_1.c

enc/iso_8859_10.c

enc/iso_8859_11.c

enc/iso_8859_13.c

enc/iso_8859_14.c

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enc/iso_8859_2.c

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enc/iso_8859_7.c

enc/iso_8859_8.c

enc/iso_8859_9.c

enc/koi8_r.c

enc/koi8_u.c

enc/shift_jis.c
enc/unicode.c
enc/us_ascii.c
enc/utf_16be.c
enc/utf_16le.c
enc/utf_32be.c
enc/utf_32le.c
enc/utf_8.c
enc/windows_1251.c

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random.c

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A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/2/10.

Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

This is a faster version by taking Shawn Cokus's optimization,

Matthe Bellew's simplification, Isaku Wada's real version.

Before using, initialize the state by using `init_genrand(seed)`

or `init_by_array(init_key, key_length)`.

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Any feedback is very welcome.

<http://www.math.keio.ac.jp/matsumoto/emt.html>

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missing/finite.c:
missing/hypot.c:
missing/isinf.c:
missing/isnan.c:
missing/lgamma_r.c:

missing/memcmp.c:
missing/memmove.c:
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ext/digest/sha1/sha1.[ch]:

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1.245 shared-mime-info 1.1 :9.el7

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1.247 smartmontools 6.2 :8.e17

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1.248 snappy 1.1.0 :3.el7

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1.249 sqlite 3.7.17 :8.el7

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1.250 sudo 1.8.19p2 :11.el7_4

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Allbery, Russ
Anderson, Jamie
Andrew, Nick
Andric, Dimitry
Barron, Danny
Bates, Tom
Behan, Zdenk
Bellis, Ray
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Bowes, Keith
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Burton, Ross
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Hayman, Randy M.
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Hutchings, Ben
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Jackson, Brian
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Uzel, Petr
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de Vries, Maarten
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Walsh, Dan
Warburton, John
Webb, Kirk
Wetzel, Timm
Wieringen, Marco van
Wilk, Jakub
Winiger, Gary
Wood, David
Zacarias, Gustavo
Zolnowsky, John

The following people have worked to translate sudo into other languages:

Blttermann, Mario
Bogusz, Jakub
Casagrande, Milo
Castro, Felipe
Cho, Seong-ho
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Diguez, Francisco
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Garca-Fontes, Walter
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Hamming, Peter
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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
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1.252 system-config-firewall 1.2.29 :10.el7

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1.253 systemd 219 :19.e17

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1.254 sysvinit 2.88 :14.dsf.el7

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The of the start-stop-daemon

* A rewrite of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script

- * in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
- *
- * Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl>.
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1.255 tar 1.26 :32.e17

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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@page

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```

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```

@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:

```

1.256 tcp_wrappers 7.6 :77.e17

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```

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1.257 tcpdump 4.9.0 :5.e17

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1.258 time 1.7 :45.e17

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.259 traceroute 2.0.22 :2.e17

1.259.1 Available under license :

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1.262 tzdata 2017c :1.el7

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1.263 unzip 6.0 :16.el7

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FIRST NOTE:

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There are currently two explicit copyrights on portions of UnZip code (at least, of which Info-ZIP is aware):

Jim Luther's Mac OS File Manager interface code; and Christopher Evans' MacBinaryIII coding code (for the MacOS port).. These copyrights are discussed in more detail below.

All remaining code is now (starting with UnZip version 5.41) covered by the new Info-ZIP license. For details, please read the accompanying file LICENSE. The terms and conditions in this license supersede the copyright conditions of the contributions by Igor Mandrichenko (vms/vms.c), Greg Roelofs (zipinfo.c, new version of unshrink.c), Mike White (Windows DLL code in "windll/*"), Steve P. Miller (Pocket UnZip GUI "wince/*"), and Mark Adler (inflate/explode decompression core routines, previously put into the public domain). All these Info-ZIP contributors (or "primary" authors) have permitted us to replace their copyright notes by the Info-ZIP License.

Frequently Asked Questions regarding (re)distribution of Zip and UnZip are near the end of this file.

There are no known patents on any of the code in UnZip. Unisys claims a patent on LZW encoding and on LZW decoding _in an apparatus that performs LZW encoding_, but the patent appears to exempt a stand-alone decoder (as in UnZip's unshrink.c). Unisys has publicly claimed otherwise, but the issue has never been tested in court. Since this point is unclear, unshrinking is not enabled by default. It is the responsibility of the user to make his or her peace with Unisys and its licensing requirements. (unshrink.c may be removed from future releases altogether.)

The original unzip source code has been extensively modified and almost entirely rewritten (changes include random zipfile access rather than sequential; replacement of unimplode() with explode(); replacement of old unshrink() with new (unrelated) unshrink(); replacement of output routines; addition of inflate(), wildcards, filename-mapping, text translation, ...; etc.). As far as we can tell, only the core code of the unreduce method remained substantially similar to Mr. Smith's original source. As of UnZip 5.42, the complete core code is now covered by the Info-ZIP License. Therefore, support for the reduce method has been removed.

The drop of the reduce method should only affect some test archives, reducing was never used in any publically distributed Zip program. For pathologic cases where support for reduced archive entries is needed, the unreduce code copyrighted by Samuel H. Smith is available as a separate distribution (the restricted copyright of this code is cited below in the "historical" section).

The following copyright applies to the Mac OS File Manager interface code (macos/source/macstuff.[ch]), distributed with UnZip 5.4 and later:

* MoreFiles
 *
 * A collection of File Manager and related routines
 *
 * by Jim Luther (Apple Macintosh Developer Technical Support Emeritus)
 * with significant code contributions by Nitin Ganatra
 * (Apple Macintosh Developer Technical Support Emeritus)
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The following copyright applies to the Mac OS "macbin3" decoding code
 (extra field compatibility with ZipIt):

* MacBinaryIII.h
 *
 * Copyright 1997 Christopher Evans (cevens@poppybank.com)
 *
 * Basic encoding and decoding of Macintosh files to the
 * MacBinary III spec.
 * -----
 * This source is copyrighted by Christopher Evans (cevens@poppybank.com)
 * (available at ftp://ftp.lazerware.com/MacBinaryIII_src_C.sit
 * homepage of Leonard Rosenthol leonardr@netcom.com)

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Regarding the first stipulation, Mr. Smith was tracked down in southern California some years back [Samuel H. Smith, The Tool Shop; as of mid-May 1994, (213) 851-9969 (voice), (213) 887-2127(?) (subscription BBS), 71150.2731@compuserve.com]:

"He says that he thought that whoever contacted him understood that he has no objection to the Info-ZIP group's inclusion of his code. His primary concern is that it remain freely distributable, he said."

Despite the fact that our "normal" code has been entirely rewritten and by default no longer contains any of Mr. Smith's code, Info-ZIP remains indebted and grateful to him. We hope he finds our contributions as useful as we have his.

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The remaining code was written by many people associated with the Info-ZIP group, with large contributions from (but not limited to): Greg Roelofs (overall program logic, ZipInfo, unshrink, filename mapping/portability, etc.), Mark Adler (inflate, explode, funzip), Kai Uwe Rommel (OS/2), John Bush and Paul Kienitz (Amiga), Antoine Verheijen (Macintosh), Hunter Goatley (more VMS), Mike White (Windows DLLs), Christian Spieler (overall logic, optimization, VMS, etc.) and others. See the file CONTRIBS in the source distribution for a much more complete list of contributors.

The decompression core code for the deflate method (inflate.[ch], explode.c) was originally written by Mark Adler who submitted it as public domain code.

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1.264 ustr 1.0.4 :16.e17

1.264.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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```
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```

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Initialize empty image

f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img

Create new DOS partition table

57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-----

__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
--------	------	-------	-----	--------	----	--------

Create 1st primary partition

ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-----

__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors

Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk label type: dos

Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux

Create 2st primary partition

1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img

Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout-----

__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device	Boot	Start	End	Blocks	Id	System
__ts_dev__1		2048	4095	1024	83	Linux
__ts_dev__2		4096	20479	8192	a5	FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

#	start	end	size	fstype	[fsize	bsize	cpg]
c:	4096	20479	16384	unused	0	0	
d:	0	16064	16065	unused	0	0	

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout-----

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

4 partitions:

```
# start end size fstype [fsize bsize cpg]
a: 4096 6144 2049 4.2BSD 0 0 0
c: 4096 20479 16384 unused 0 0
d: 0 16064 16065 unused 0 0
```

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.

Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

```
0 unused 5 4.1BSD 9 4.4LFS d boot
1 swap 6 Eighth Edition a unknown e ADOS
2 Version 6 7 4.2BSD b HPFS f HFS
3 Version 7 8 MS-DOS c ISO-9660 10 AdvFS
4 System V
```

BSD disklabel command (m for help):

size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446, id=0x8f8378c0

```
#1: 32 7648 0x83
#2: 7680 8704 0xa5
#5: 7936 4864 0x7 (freebsd)
#6: 12544 3584 0x7 (freebsd)
#!/bin/bash
#
# Copyright (C) 2008 Cai Qian <qcai@redhat.com>
#
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```

1.266 vim 7.4.160 :2.el7

1.266.1 Available under license :

```
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Arnaud LE HORS BULL Research FRANCE -- Koala Project
(XPM - X PixMap format version 2 & 3)

Internet: lehors@sophia.inria.fr

Surface Mail: Arnaud LE HORS, INRIA - Sophia Antipolis,
2004, route des Lucioles, 06565 Valbonne Cedex -- FRANCE

Voice phone: (33) 93.65.77.71, Fax: (33) 93 65 77 66, Telex: 97 00 50 F

" Vim syntax file

" Language: Software Distributor product specification file

" (POSIX 1387.2-1995).

" Maintainer: Rex Barzee <rex_barzee@hp.com>

" Last change: 25 Apr 2001

if version < 600

" Remove any old syntax stuff hanging around

syn clear

elseif exists("b:current_syntax")

finish

endif

" Product specification files are case sensitive

syn case match

syn keyword psfObject bundle category control_file depot distribution

syn keyword psfObject end file fileset host installed_software media

syn keyword psfObject product root subproduct vendor

syn match psfUnquotString +[^\#][^#]*+ contained

syn region psfQuotString start="+ " skip="+\\"+ end="+ " contained

syn match psfObjTag "\<[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\(\.[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\)*" contained

syn match psfAttAbbrev ",\<(\(fa\|fr\|[aclqrv])\)(\<|\>|\<=|\>=|\<=|\>=)[^,]\+" contained

syn match psfObjTags "\<[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\(\.[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\)*\(\s\+\<[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\(\.[-_+A-Z0-9a-z]\+\)*\)*" contained

syn match psfNumber "\<\d\+\>" contained

syn match psfFloat "\<\d\+\>\(\.\<\d\+\>\)*" contained

syn match psfLongDate "\<\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\d\>" contained

syn keyword psfState available configured corrupt installed transient contained

syn keyword psfPState applied committed superseded contained

syn keyword psfBoolean false true contained

"Some of the attributes covered by attUnquotString and attQuotString:

```

" architecture category_tag control_directory copyright
" create_date description directory file_permissions install_source
" install_type location machine_type mod_date number os_name os_release
" os_version pose_as_os_name pose_as_os_release readme revision
" share_link title vendor_tag
syn region psfAttUnquotString matchgroup=psfAttrib start=~^\s*[\^# ]+\s\+[\^#" ]~rs=e-1
contains=psfUnquotString,psfComment end=~$~ keepend oneline

syn region psfAttQuotString matchgroup=psfAttrib start=~^\s*[\^# ]+\s\+"~rs=e-1
contains=psfQuotString,psfComment skip=~\|~ matchgroup=psfQuotString end=~"~ keepend

" These regions are defined in attempt to do syntax checking for some
" of the attributes.
syn region psfAttTag matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*tag\s\+" contains=psfObjTag,psfComment end="$" keepend
oneline

syn region psfAttSpec matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*\(ancestor\|applied_patches\|applied_to\|contents\|corequisites\|exquisites\|prerequisites\|software_spec\|
supersedes\|superseded_by\)\s\+" contains=psfObjTag,psfAttAbbrev,psfComment end="$" keepend

syn region psfAttTags matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*all_filesets\s\+" contains=psfObjTags,psfComment end="$"
keepend

syn region psfAttNumber matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*\(compressed_size\|instance_id\|media_sequence_number\|sequence_number\|size\)\s\+"
contains=psfNumber,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttTime matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*\(create_time\|ctime\|mod_time\|mtime\|timestamp\)\s\+"
contains=psfNumber,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttFloat matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*\(data_model_revision\|layout_version\)\s\+"
contains=psfFloat,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttLongDate matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*install_date\s\+" contains=psfLongDate,psfComment
end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttState matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*\(state\)\s\+" contains=psfState,psfComment end="$"
keepend oneline

syn region psfAttPState matchgroup=psfAttrib start="^\s*\(patch_state\)\s\+" contains=psfPState,psfComment
end="$" keepend oneline

syn region psfAttBoolean matchgroup=psfAttrib
start="^\s*\(is_kernel\|is_locatable\|is_patch\|is_protected\|is_reboot\|is_reference\|is_secure\|is_sparse\)\s\+"
contains=psfBoolean,psfComment end="$" keepend oneline

syn match psfComment "#.*$"

```

```

" Define the default highlighting.
" For version 5.7 and earlier: only when not done already
" For version 5.8 and later: only when an item doesn't have highlighting yet
if version >= 508 || !exists("did_psf_syntax_inits")
if version < 508
  let did_psf_syntax_inits = 1
  command -nargs=+ HiLink hi link <args>
else
  command -nargs=+ HiLink hi def link <args>
endif

HiLink psfObject    Statement
HiLink psfAttrib    Type
HiLink psfQuotString String
HiLink psfObjTag    Identifier
HiLink psfAttAbbrev PreProc
HiLink psfObjTags   Identifier

HiLink psfComment   Comment

delcommand HiLink
endif

" Long descriptions and copyrights confuse the syntax highlighting, so
" force vim to backup at least 100 lines before the top visible line
" looking for a sync location.
syn sync lines=100

let b:current_syntax = "psf"
*uganda.txt* For Vim version 7.4. Last change: 2013 Jul 06

```

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL by Bram Moolenaar

uganda *Uganda* *copying* *copyright* *license*

SUMMARY

iccf *ICCF*

Vim is Charityware. You can use and copy it as much as you like, but you are encouraged to make a donation for needy children in Uganda. Please see [|kcc|](#) below or visit the ICCF web site, available at these URLs:

<http://iccf-holland.org/>

<http://www.vim.org/iccf/>

<http://www.iccf.nl/>

You can also sponsor the development of Vim. Vim sponsors can vote for features. See [\[sponsor\]](#). The money goes to Uganda anyway.

The Open Publication License applies to the Vim documentation, see [\[manual-copyright\]](#).

=== begin of license ===

VIM LICENSE

D) There are no restrictions on distributing unmodified copies of Vim except that they must include this license text. You can also distribute unmodified parts of Vim, likewise unrestricted except that they must include this license text. You are also allowed to include executables that you made from the unmodified Vim sources, plus your own usage examples and Vim scripts.

II) It is allowed to distribute a modified (or extended) version of Vim, including executables and/or source code, when the following four conditions are met:

1) This license text must be included unmodified.
2) The modified Vim must be distributed in one of the following five ways:

a) If you make changes to Vim yourself, you must clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. When the maintainer asks you (in any way) for a copy of the modified Vim you distributed, you must make your changes, including source code, available to the maintainer without fee. The maintainer reserves the right to include your changes in the official version of Vim. What the maintainer will do with your changes and under what license they will be distributed is negotiable. If there has been no negotiation then this license, or a later version, also applies to your changes. The current maintainer is Bram Moolenaar <Bram@vim.org>. If this changes it will be announced in appropriate places (most likely vim.sf.net, www.vim.org and/or comp.editors). When it is completely impossible to contact the maintainer, the obligation to send him your changes ceases. Once the maintainer has confirmed that he has received your changes they will not have to be sent again.

b) If you have received a modified Vim that was distributed as mentioned under a) you are allowed to further distribute it unmodified, as mentioned at I). If you make additional changes the text under a) applies to those changes.

c) Provide all the changes, including source code, with every copy of the modified Vim you distribute. This may be done in the form of a context diff. You can choose what license to use for new code you add. The changes and their license must not restrict others from making their own changes to the official version of Vim.

d) When you have a modified Vim which includes changes as mentioned under c), you can distribute it without the source code for the

changes if the following three conditions are met:

- The license that applies to the changes permits you to distribute the changes to the Vim maintainer without fee or restriction, and permits the Vim maintainer to include the changes in the official version of Vim without fee or restriction.
 - You keep the changes for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim. When the maintainer or someone who you distributed the modified Vim to asks you (in any way) for the changes within this period, you must make them available to him.
 - You clearly describe in the distribution how to contact you. This contact information must remain valid for at least three years after last distributing the corresponding modified Vim, or as long as possible.
 - e) When the GNU General Public License (GPL) applies to the changes, you can distribute the modified Vim under the GNU GPL version 2 or any later version.
- 3) A message must be added, at least in the output of the ":version" command and in the intro screen, such that the user of the modified Vim is able to see that it was modified. When distributing as mentioned under 2)e) adding the message is only required for as far as this does not conflict with the license used for the changes.
- 4) The contact information as required under 2)a) and 2)d) must not be removed or changed, except that the person himself can make corrections.

III) If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you are encouraged to use the Vim license for your changes and make them available to the maintainer, including the source code. The preferred way to do this is by e-mail or by uploading the files to a server and e-mailing the URL. If the number of changes is small (e.g., a modified Makefile) e-mailing a context diff will do. The e-mail address to be used is
<maintainer@vim.org>

IV) It is not allowed to remove this license from the distribution of the Vim sources, parts of it or from a modified version. You may use this license for previous Vim releases instead of the license that they came with, at your option.

=== end of license ===

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.
- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

- According to Richard Stallman the Vim license is GNU GPL compatible. A few minor changes have been made since he checked it, but that should not make a difference.
- If you link Vim with a library that goes under the GNU GPL, this limits further distribution to the GNU GPL. Also when you didn't actually change anything in Vim.
- Once a change is included that goes under the GNU GPL, this forces all further changes to also be made under the GNU GPL or a compatible license.
- If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you can include your name and contact information with the "--with-modified-by" configure argument or the MODIFIED_BY define.

Kibaale Children's Centre *kcc* *Kibaale* *charity*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that

needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

donate

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre
p.o. box 1658
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: *iccf-donations*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [iccf] for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.

For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in

Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly.

Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.

Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy

10238-168 Street

Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4

Canada

Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.

This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.

Postbank, nr. 4548774

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:

<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number.

Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:

https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:

Bram@iccf-holland.org

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774

Swift code: INGB NL 2A

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

Bram Moolenaar

Finsterruetihof 1

8134 Adliswil

Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:

1.267 virt-what 1.13 :10.el7

1.267.1 Available under license :

From e70023e026f0abd820e9702f7a3c745e03c2846d Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001

From: "Richard W.M. Jones" <rjones@redhat.com>

Date: Mon, 3 Aug 2015 12:23:05 +0100

Subject: [PATCH 18/27] Update copyright years.

virt-what.in | 2 +-
virt-what.pod | 2 +-
2 files changed, 2 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)

diff --git a/virt-what.in b/virt-what.in

index a5ed33e..6daba34 100644

```
--- a/virt-what.in
+++ b/virt-what.in
@@ -1,6 +1,6 @@
#!/bin/sh -
# @configure_input@
-# Copyright (C) 2008-2011 Red Hat Inc.
+# Copyright (C) 2008-2015 Red Hat Inc.
#
# This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
diff --git a/virt-what.pod b/virt-what.pod
index 0e2e8a5..d936e4a 100644
--- a/virt-what.pod
+++ b/virt-what.pod
@@ -286,7 +286,7 @@ Richard W.M. Jones <rjones @ redhat . com>
```

=head1 COPYRIGHT

```
-(C) Copyright 2008-2011 Red Hat Inc.,
+(C) Copyright 2008-2015 Red Hat Inc.,
L<http://people.redhat.com/~rjones/virt-what/>
```

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify

--

2.10.2

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands ``show w'` and ``show c'` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than ``show w'` and ``show c'`; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```

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```
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```

```
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```

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```

```
/* Getopt for GNU.
```

```
NOTE: getopt is now part of the C library, so if you don't know what  
"Keep this file name-space clean" means, talk to drepper@gnu.org  
before changing it!
```

```
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```
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1.272 xz-libs 5.2.2 :1.e17

1.272.1 Available under license :

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=====

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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
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```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
diff --git a/yum/update_md.py b/yum/update_md.py
--- a/yum/update_md.py 2015-01-19 07:44:35.567107008 -0500
+++ b/yum/update_md.py 2015-01-19 08:57:31.576489424 -0500
@@ -398,6 +399,9 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
```

```

except Errors.RepoMDError:
    continue # No metadata found for this repo

+ self.arch_storage = ArchStorage()
+ self.archlist = self.arch_storage.archlist
+
def get_notices(self, name=None):
    """ Return all notices. """
    if name is None:
@@ -434,16 +438,29 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
    name = oldpkg tup[0]
    arch = oldpkg tup[1]
    ret = []
+ other_arch_list = []
+ notices = set()
for notice in self.get_notices(name):
    for upkg in notice['pkglist']:
        for pkg in upkg['packages']:
+ other_arch = False
        if pkg['name'] != name or pkg['arch'] != arch:
- continue
+ if (notice not in notices and pkg['name'] == name and pkg['arch'] in self.archlist):
+ other_arch = True
+ else:
+ continue
        pkg tup = (pkg['name'], pkg['arch'], pkg['epoch'] or '0',
                    pkg['version'], pkg['release'])
        if _rpm_tup_vercmp(pkg tup, oldpkg tup) <= 0:
            continue
- ret.append((pkg tup, notice))
+ if other_arch:
+ other_arch_list.append((pkg tup, notice))
+ else:
+ ret.append((pkg tup, notice))
+ notices.add(notice)
+ for pkg tup, notice in other_arch_list:
+ if notice not in notices:
+ ret.append((pkg tup, notice))
ret.sort(cmp=_rpm_tup_vercmp, key=lambda x: x[0], reverse=True)
return ret

```

```

diff -up yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.old yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py
--- yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.old 2015-05-28 19:23:35.589691937 +0200
+++ yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py 2015-05-28 19:24:05.971806965 +0200
@@ -33,6 +33,7 @@ import Errors
import logginglevels

```

```

import rpmUtils.miscutils

```

```

+from rpmUtils.arch import ArchStorage

def safe_iterparse(filename, logger=None):
diff -up yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.org yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py
--- yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py.org 2017-01-24 18:55:03.529842775 +0100
+++ yum-3.4.3/yum/update_md.py 2017-01-24 18:55:57.213511475 +0100
@@ -58,7 +58,7 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
    A single update notice (for instance, a security fix).
    """

- def __init__(self, elem=None):
+ def __init__(self, elem=None, repoid=None, vlogger=None):
    self._md = {
        'from'      : "",
        'type'      : "",
@@ -83,6 +83,9 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
    if elem:
        self._parse(elem)

+ self._repoid = repoid
+ self._vlogger = vlogger
+
    def __getitem__(self, item):
        """ Allows scriptable metadata access (ie: un['update_id']). """
        if type(item) is int:
@@ -103,6 +106,24 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
        # Tests to see if it's "the same data", which means that the
        # packages can be different (see add_notice).

+ def _rid(un):
+     if hasattr(un, '_repoid') and un._repoid is not None:
+         return un._repoid
+     else:
+         return '<unknown>'
+
+ def _log_failure(data):
+     """Log the mismatched data similarly to conflict markers in git."""
+     if self._vlogger is None:
+         return
+     msg = _('Duplicate of %s differs in some fields:\n')
+     msg %= other._md['update_id']
+     msg += '<<<<<<< %s:%s\n' % (_rid(other), data)
+     msg += '%r\n=====\\n%r\n' % (other._md[data], self._md[data])
+     msg += '>>>>>>> %s:%s' % (_rid(self), data)
+     # --verbose mode enables this
+     self._vlogger.log(logginglevels.DEBUG_3, msg)
+

```

```

if not other or not hasattr(other, '_md'):
    return False

@@ -113,6 +134,7 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
    if data == 'status': # FIXME: See below...
        continue
    if self._md[data] != other._md[data]:
+     _log_failure(data)
        return False

    # FIXME: Massive hack, Fedora is really broken and gives status=stable
    # and status=testing for updateinfo notices, just depending on which
@@ -120,8 +142,10 @@ class UpdateNotice(object):
    data = 'status'
    if self._md[data] != other._md[data]:
        if self._md[data] not in ('stable', 'testing'):
+         _log_failure(data)
            return False

        if other._md[data] not in ('stable', 'testing'):
+         _log_failure(data)
            return False

        # They are both really "stable" ...
        self._md[data] = 'stable'

@@ -574,7 +598,7 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
    for event, elem in safe_iterparse(infile, logger=self._logger):
        if elem.tag == 'update':
            try:
-             un = UpdateNotice(elem)
+             un = UpdateNotice(elem, repoid, self._vlogger)
            except UpdateNoticeException, e:
                msg = _("An update notice%s is broken, skipping.") % _rid(repoid)
                if self._vlogger:
@@ -587,6 +611,8 @@ class UpdateMetadata(object):
                msg = _("Update notice %s%s is broken, or a bad duplicate, skipping.") % (un['update_id'],
                _rid(repoid))
                if not have_dup:
                    msg += _("\nYou should report this problem to the owner of the %srepository.") % _rid(repoid, "%s ")
+                 msg += _("\nIf you are the owner, consider re-running the same command with --verbose to see the "
+                 'exact data that caused the conflict.')
                have_dup = True
                if self._vlogger:
                    self._vlogger.warn("%s", msg)

```

1.274 yum-metadata-parser 1.1.4 :10.el7

1.274.1 Available under license :

From RPM File Metadata:GPLv2

1.275 zip 3.0 :11.el7

1.275.1 Available under license :

RECORD

Carriage_Control carriage_return

Format stream_lf

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1.276 zlib 1.2.7 :15.e17

1.276.1 Available under license :

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